APPENDIX-A

Sl. No.	Name of The Expert	Designation	Place Of Working
1	Dr.P. Adum Paul	Professor of Education	Moulana Abul Kalam Azad National Urdu University College Of Teacher Education (CTE) Srinagar-190005.
2	Dr. S. C. Panigrahi	Professor & Head	Department Of Education (CASE) Faculty of Education and Psychology The M.S University Of Baroda, Vadodara
3	Prof. D.R Goel	Professor Emeritus	Department Of Education (CASE) Faculty of Education and Psychology The M.S University Of Baroda, Vadodara
4	Dr. Puspanadam Karanam	Professor of Education	Department of Educational Administration Faculty of Education and Psychology The M.S University Of Baroda, Vadodara
5	Dr. Sujata Srivastsava	Professor of Education	Department Of Education (CSAE) Faculty of Education and Psychology The M.S University Of Baroda, Vadodara.
6	Dr. Milind Sahashtrabuddhe	Associate Professor	Department Of Educational Administration Faculty of Education and Psychology The M.S University Of Baroda, Vadodara
7	Dr. Prerana shehlet	Teaching assistant	Department Of Education (CSAE) Faculty of Education and Psychology The M.S University Of Baroda, Vadodara.

LIST OF EXPERTS FOR THE TOOLS VALIDATION

8	Dr. R. N. L. Madhavi	Teaching assistant	Department Of Education (CSAE) Faculty of Education and Psychology The M.S University Of Baroda, Vadodara.
9	P.Vani	Headmistress	M.P.U.P.School Yanamadal (post) Yaddanapudi (Mandalm)Prakasam dist. Andhra Pradesh
10	T. Vinayaka	Headmaster	M.P.U.P.School, Purimetla (post),Mundlamur(mandal),Prakasam dist. Andhra Pradesh
11	B. Bikshalu Babu	Headmaster	M.P.U.P.School, Gvinivari palem (post), Chirala (Mandal),Prakasam dist,523616 Andhra Pradesh

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DISTRICT EDUCATIONAL OFFICER (FAC), PRAKASAM DISTRICT, ONGOLE.

PRESENT: Sri B.Vijaya Bhaskar, M.A., B.Ed.,

Rc.No. 17 / A6 / 2015,

Dated: 05-01-2015.

Sub:-Permission for data collection for Doctoral study to J.Sardarpaparayudu, U.G.C – J.R.F, M.S.U – Requested – Regarding.

Ref:-Representation of J.Sardarpaparayudu, U.G. E-J.R.F, M.S.U Dated: 02-01-2015.

&&&

Permission is hereby accorded to J.Sardarpaparayudu, Junior Research Fellow, M.S.

University to collect the Data of the teachers opinion on implementation of CCE at Upper Primary level only research purpose.

> Sd/-B.Vijaya Bhaskar, District Educational Officer (FAC), Prakasam District, Ongole.

To

-Sri J.Sardarpaparayudu, Junior Research Fellow, M.S.University.

//t.c.f.b.o.//

SUPERINTENDENT.

6/1/15



Centre of Advanced Study in Education The Faculty of Education and Psychology The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda Vadodara -390 002

To

Date: 05-12-14.

The Project Director Sarva Shikshaa Abhiyaan, Prakasam District, Ongole.

Respected Sir/Madam

Subject: Permission for the data collection for Doctoral Research

I am pursuing my doctoral study titled "A Study of Implementation of Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation at Upper primary schools in Andhra Pradesh" under the guidance of Prof. R. S. Mani, Department of Education, Faculty of Education and Psychology, The M.S. University of Baroda, Vadodara. In this regard kindly allow me to administer research tools on the Teachers, Head masters, S.M.C members, Parents & Students at Upper Primary level, and M.E.Os, Dy. E.Os at district level. The data collected will be used only for my research purpose. I assure that the identity of the schools, and persons will be kept confidential.

Thanking you

Sincerely

JSP-Ra J. Sardar Paparavudu

J. Sardar Paparàyudu Junior Research fellow (JRF)

R-S. Mani 5/12

Prof. R.S. Mani S Research Guide

Through

Prof. S.C.Panigrahi Head, CASE

Dean Faculty of Education & Psychology

FACULTY OF EDUCATION & PSYCHOLOGY M. S. UNIVERSITY OF BARODA BARODA.

Prok R.G. Kothari

PROTEGROBERCEROSSIAE A.P. CARONESHIKSHA ABHIYAN Prakasam Dist. ONGOLE:

PROCEEDINGS OF THE DISTRICT EDUCATIONAL OFFICER, PRAKASAM DISTRICT, ONGOLE.

PRESENT: Sri MUVVA RAMALINGAM

Rc.No.17/(A6)C1/2016,

To

Dated: 20-01-2016.

- Sub:- Education- Permission for to conduct of class room observation in some schools and also to take interviews some of the MEO's in the District to know the problems of implementations of Continuous of Comprehensive Evaluation(CCE) at upper primary schools- Requested- Regarding.
- Ref:- Representation of Sri J Sardar Paparayudu, UGC-J.R.F., M.S.U., Dated 05-12-2015.

In the reference cited, Sri J Sardar Paparayudu, UGC-J.R.F., M.S.U of Baroda, Vadodara has requested the permission for Data collection for Doctorate Research to conduct of class room observation in some of the Upper Primary schools and to take interviews some of the MEO's to know the problems of implementations of Continuous of Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) at upper primary schools.

In view of the above, as per the request of the individual permission is hereby accorded to conduct of class room observation in some of the Upper Primary schools and to take interviews some MEO's to know the problems of implementations of Continuous of Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) at upper primary schools only research.

> Sd/-Muvva Ramalingam, District Educational officer, Prakasam District, Ongole.

Sri J Sardar Paparayudu, UGC-J.R.F., M.S.U of Baroda, Vadodara.

//t.c.f.b.o.// apeswand. UPERINTENDENT 208 1/16

APPENDIX-E

Centre of Advanced Study in Education Faculty of Education and Psychology The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda Vadodara-390002

J. Sardar Paparayudu UGC - JRF Department of Education, CASE The M.S. University of Baroda, j.s.paparavudu@gmail.com

Title of the research study: A STUDY OF IMPLEMENTATION OF CONTINUOUS AND COMPREHENSIVE EVALUATION AT UPPER PRIMARY SCHOOLS IN ANDHRA PRADESH.

Respected sir/madam

I am a pursing Ph.D. student of Centre of Advanced Study in Education (CASE), faculty of Education and Psychology the Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda, Vadodara .Title of my research topic is A STUDY OF IMPLEMENTATION OF CONTINUOUS AND COMPRAHENSIVE EVALUATION AT UPPER PRIMARY SCHOOLS IN ANDHRA PRADESH. For which I am collecting data from various Upper Primary schools in Prakasam district, Andhra Pradesh. The purpose of this CHECK LIST is to know facilities and resources in schools for implementation of CCE. I would request you to provide necessary information regarding to facilities and resources in your school for implementation of CCE

Let me assure you that, information given by you about your school will be kept strictly confidential and it will be used for research purpose only.

Thanking you,

Yours sincerely,

(Sardar Paparayudu. J)

CHECK LIST

1 SCHOOL PROFILE

Location of the school	: Rural 📃 Urba	n 🗌
Total teachers in the school	: Male	Female
Teacher student ratio	:	
Strength of the school	:	
Classes	: from	to

2. AVAILABILITY OF INFRASTRUCTURAL FACILITIES IN SCHOOL

	YES	NO
(a) Proper play ground		
(b) Number of class rooms $2 \boxed{3} \boxed{4}$	5	6
(c) Head master room		
(d) Staff room		
(e) Library room		
(f) Drinking water facilities		
(g) Toilet facilities for boys and girls separately		
(H) Toilet facilities for staff		
(I)Adequate furniture in all class rooms		
(j) Science laboratory		
(k) Language laboratory		
3. SCHOLASTIC ASPECTS	YES	NO
(a) Whether school prepared annual plan for implementation	on 🗌	
Of CCE according to SCERT guide lines		
(b) Teachers lesson plans prepared		
(c) Maintenance of individual profile of the every student		

	YES	NO
(d) Consolidated marks register maintained for every class in CCE pattern		
(e) Maintenance of progress records		
(f) Head master monitoring register		
(g) Teachers dairy		

3.1 TOOLS FOR FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT

	YES	NO
(a)Oral questions		
(b) Class notes		
(c) Assignments		
(d) Project work		
(f) Classroom observations		
(g) Portfolios		
(h) Students dairies		
(i) Paper pencil tests		
(j) Anecdotal records		
(k) Documentations		
(n) Quizzes		
(o) Group discussions		

3.2 SCHOOL PROVIDING FEEDBACK REGARDING FORMATIVE ASSESSMENT

	YES	NO
(a) Feed back to individual		
(b)Group feedback (c)Total class feedback		

(d) Any other		
3.3 CONDUCT OF SUMMATIVE ASSESSMENT		
	YES	NO
(a) Oral assessment		
(b) Written assessment		
(c) Any other		
3.4 INSTRUCTIONS FOR BELOW AVARAGE STU	UDENTS IN	SCHOOL
(a) Remedial classes conducted		
(b) Special assignments		
(c) Separate work for slow learners		
3.5 INSTRUCTIONS FOR GIFTED STUDENTS IN	SCHOOL	
(a) Special classes		
(b) Special assignments		
(c) Providing opportunity to lead the group		
(d) Any other		
4 .CO-SCHOLASTIC ASPECTS FOLLOWED IN T	THE SCHOO	L
	YES	NO
(a)Art& Cultural education		
(b)Health and physical education		
(c)Work & Computer education		
(d)Value based education& life skills		
4.1 RESOURCES FOR HEALTH AND PHYSICAL	EDUCATIO	N
AVAILABILITY OF FACILITIES IN THE SCHOO	OL YES	NO
(a) Availability of physical education teacher		
(b) N.S.S programme(c) N.C.C unit		

(d) First aid kit	
(e) Yoga	
(f) Meditation	
(g) Health check up to students with specialist doctor	

4.2 INFRASTRUCTURE FOR THE HEALTH AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION

	YES	NO
(a) Adequate play ground		
(b) Tennis court		
(c) Ball badminton court		
(d) Valley ball court		
(e) Kabbadi		
(f) Kho-kho court		
(g) Foot ball court		
(i) Availability of adequate playing material for sports and games		

4.3 MAINTENENCE OF RECORDS FOR HEALTH AND PHYSICAL EDUCATION

	YES		NO
(a)Teacher diary			
(b)Student's individual health profile			
(c)Student's participation register			
(d)Photographs regarding sports and games			
(e)Anecdotal records			
(f) Student's achievements register for sports and games			
(g)Physical disability student's records			
5. COMPUTER EDUCATION			
YES		NO	
(a)Availability of computer teacher			

(b) Proper computer room		
(c) Adequate computers in lab		
(d) Electricity facility		
(e) Computer books for students		
(f) Internet facilities		
(g) Generator facilities		
5.1 RECORDS MAINTANENCE		
(a)Teachers dairy	YES	
(b) Students class notes		
(c) Anecdotal records		
(d) Student's progress register		
(e) Students dairy		
6. WORK EDUCATION	YES	NO
6. WORK EDUCATION(a) Availability of teacher for work education	YES	NO
	YES	NO
(a) Availability of teacher for work education	YES	NO
(a) Availability of teacher for work education(b) Work education room	YES	NO
 (a) Availability of teacher for work education (b) Work education room (c) Adequate raw material 6.1 ACTIVITIES IN WORK EDUCATION 	YES VES	
 (a) Availability of teacher for work education (b) Work education room (c) Adequate raw material 6.1 ACTIVITIES IN WORK EDUCATION (a)Preparation of stationary items 		
 (a) Availability of teacher for work education (b) Work education room (c) Adequate raw material 6.1 ACTIVITIES IN WORK EDUCATION (a)Preparation of stationary items (b)Hand embroidery 		
 (a) Availability of teacher for work education (b) Work education room (c) Adequate raw material 6.1 ACTIVITIES IN WORK EDUCATION (a)Preparation of stationary items 		
 (a) Availability of teacher for work education (b) Work education room (c) Adequate raw material 6.1 ACTIVITIES IN WORK EDUCATION (a)Preparation of stationary items (b)Hand embroidery 		
 (a) Availability of teacher for work education (b) Work education room (c) Adequate raw material 6.1 ACTIVITIES IN WORK EDUCATION (a)Preparation of stationary items (b)Hand embroidery (c)Photography 		
 (a) Availability of teacher for work education (b) Work education room (c) Adequate raw material 6.1 ACTIVITIES IN WORK EDUCATION (a)Preparation of stationary items (b)Hand embroidery (c)Photography (d)Stitching work 		
 (a) Availability of teacher for work education (b) Work education room (c) Adequate raw material 6.1 ACTIVITIES IN WORK EDUCATION (a)Preparation of stationary items (b)Hand embroidery (c)Photography (d)Stitching work (e)Carpentry work 		

6.2 MAINTENENCE OF RECORDS	YES	NO
(a)Teacher dairy		
(b)Student's achievement register		
(c)Student's attendance register		
(d) N.G.C record		

7. VALUES EDUCATION & LIFE SKILLS

	YES	NO
(a)Availability of teacher		
(b)Periods allotted in class time table		
(c)Availability of certain books on moral education		
7.1 MAINTENENCE OF RECORDS	YES	NO
(a) Teachers dairy		
(b) Student's achievement record		
(c)Albums		
ART &CULTURAL EDUCATION	YES	NO
(a)Availability of teacher		
(b)Art and cultural education room		
(c)Adequate raw material		
ACTIVITIES FOR ART& CULTURAL EDUCATION	YES	NO
(a)Preparing models and drawing pictures		
(b)Tyan grami,origami		
(c)Songs competitions and using of musical instruments		
(d)Demonstrations of local arts		

APPENDIX-F

Centre of Advanced Study in Education Faculty of Education and Psychology The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda Vadodara-390002

SARDAR PAPARAYUDU. J Research Scholar

Department of Education, CASE

\overline{CCE} based class room observation schedule

PERSONAL INFORMATION

Name of the Teacher	:
Name of the Mandal	:
Location	: Urban 🗌 Rural 🗌
Educational Qualification	:
Sex	: Male Female
Age	:
Experience	: 0-5 Years 6-10 11-15 16-20
	20 and above
Chek list	
Whether teacher prepared lesson plan:	
Whether teacher prepared teacher dairy	·:

Sr. No	Observation Items		To some Extent	Not at All
А	Introduction of the lesson			
1	Teacher develop interest among the students			
2	Teacher asks topic related questions			
3	Teacher asked the questions in easy to difficult way in motivation			
4	Topic declared by the students			
В	Teaching learning process			
5	Teacher creates learning environment among the students			
6	Students asks questions to teacher			
7	Teacher using relevant example while teaching			
8	Teacher teaching in interactive way			
9	Teacher use the text book while teaching			
10	Teacher used black board in good manner			
11	Teacher using different type of strategies while teaching			
12	Teacher teaching style attracted to students			
13	Teacher concentrating subject competencies while teaching			
14	Teacher asking application type questions while teaching			
С	Interaction with students			
15	Teacher maintaining good rapport with students			
16	Teacher frequently asking questions while teaching			
17	Teacher listening students answer carefully			
18	Teacher encourages to students to ask questions			

Teacher asking thinking based questions			
Teacher clarify the students doubts with patience			
Teacher giving reinforcement of the students answer			
Teaching learning material			
Teacher prepared teaching learning material like charts /maps/pictures etc			
Teacher uses teaching learning material while teaching			
Conclusion of the lesson			
Teacher asks the questions after completion of the lesson			
Teacher summarize the lesson			
Teacher gives the project/assignment work to students			
Teacher discussed the lesson with present situations			
Teacher do the group activity based on the lesson			
Teacher given instruction to do the textbook based activities			
Teacher develop positive attitude based on the lesson			
	Teacher clarify the students doubts with patienceTeacher giving reinforcement of the students answerTeacher giving reinforcement of the studentsTeacher giving reinforcement of the students answerTeacher prepared teaching learning material like charts /maps/pictures etcTeacher uses teaching learning material while teachingConclusion of the lessonTeacher asks the questions after completion of the lessonTeacher summarize the lessonTeacher gives the project/assignment work to studentsTeacher discussed the lesson with present situationsTeacher do the group activity based on the lessonTeacher given instruction to do the textbook based activitiesTeacher develop positive attitude based on the	Teacher clarify the students doubts with patienceTeacher giving reinforcement of the students answerTeaching learning materialTeacher prepared teaching learning material like charts /maps/pictures etcTeacher uses teaching learning material while teachingConclusion of the lessonTeacher asks the questions after completion of the lessonTeacher gives the project/assignment work to studentsTeacher discussed the lesson with present situationsTeacher do the group activity based on the lessonTeacher given instruction to do the textbook based activitiesTeacher develop positive attitude based on the	Teacher clarify the students doubts with patienceTeacher giving reinforcement of the students answerTeacher giving reinforcement of the students answerTeaching learning materialTeacher prepared teaching learning material like charts /maps/pictures etcTeacher uses teaching learning material while teachingTeacher uses teaching learning material while teachingTeacher uses teaching learning material while teachingTeacher asks the questions after completion of the lessonTeacher summarize the lessonTeacher gives the project/assignment work to studentsTeacher discussed the lesson with present situationsTeacher do the group activity based on the lessonTeacher given instruction to do the textbook based activitiesTeacher develop positive attitude based on the

APPENDIX-G

Centre of Advanced Study in Education Faculty of Education and Psychology The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda Vadodara-390002

J. Sardar Paparayudu UGC - JRF Department of Education, CASE The M.S. University of Baroda, Vadodara.

TITLE OF THE STUDY: A STUDY OF IMPLEMENTATION OF CONTINUIOUS AND COMPRAHENSIVE EVALUATION AT UPPER PRIMARY SCHOOLS IN ANDHRA PRADESH.

QUESTIONNAIRE FOR TEACHERS PROBLEMS ON IMPLEMENTATION OF CCE

I am a pursing Ph.D. student of Centre of Advanced Study in Education (CASE), faculty of education and psychology The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda, Vadodara .Title of my research topic is A STUDY OF IMPLEMENTATION OF CONTINUIOUS AND COMPRAHENSIVE EVALUATION AT UPPER PRIMARY SCHOOLS IN ANDHRA PRADESH. For which i am collecting data from various upper primary schools in Prakasam district, Andhra Pradesh. The purpose of this questionnaire is to know the problems and difficulties while implementing CCE in schools. I would request you to share your knowledge and experience how the CCE implemented in your schools.

Name of the teacher Name of the school :	:
Sex Age :	: Male 🗆 Female 🗆
Marital status	: Married \Box Unmarried \Box
Stream	: arts \Box science \Box commerce \Box
Locale of school	: Urban 🗆 Rural 🗆
Professional qualification	: inter D.Ed. 🗆 B.A B.Ed. 🗆 B.Sc. B.Ed. 🗆
	M.A., B.Ed., \Box M.A., M.Ed. \Box M.Sc. B.Ed.
	\Box M.Sc M,Ed., \Box M.Phil., \Box Other \Box
Experience of the teaching in years	: 1 to 2 \Box , 3 to 5 \Box , 6 to 10 \Box , 11 to 15 \Box
16 to 25 🗆	

CONCEPT AND AWARENESS OF	CCE
1. Is there any need to implement CCE in schools?	YES NO
2. Is CCE really helpful to the students at school level?	YES NO
3. Is CCE is really applicable in all subjects?	YES NO
4. Do you feel any difficulty while implementing CCE?	YES NO
5. Do you understand the concept of CCE?	YES NO
6. Do you know about grading system in CCE?	YES 🗌 NO 🗌
7. According to you are there any difficulties in grading system	a? YES 🗌 NO 🗌
a) it is very difficult to allot the grades	
b) It is very difficult to calculate the grades	
c) It is very difficult to make the students to understand the gr	ading system.
d) Grades are not calculating student's ability	
e) It is very difficult to maintains registers according to grades	3
INFRASTRUCTURAL FACILITIES	
8 . Are you facing any problem regarding classrooms in your so	chool? YES NO
a) Lack of sufficient classrooms	
b) Lack of rooms for non scholastic subjects	
c) Lack of computer room	
d) Lack of laboratories in school	
9. Do you have sufficient laboratories to do experiment in your	school?
YES NO	
TEACHING LEARNING PROCESS	
10. Do you motivate the students in the beginning of the lesson	? YES NO
11. Do you give the chance to the students to participate in you	r teaching?
YES NO	
12. Do you feel any difficulty to teach in CCE pattern? YES If yes specify	NO

a) More time is needed i	n CCE pattern			
b) Lack of teaching learn	ning material			
c) Large number of stud	ents in class roon	n		
d) Difficult to evaluate t	he students while	teaching		
e) Lessons are the very	difficult in the te	xt book		
f) It is very late becaus	e of activity base	d teaching		
13. Do you think syllabu	s is very vast in y	our subject?	YES 🗌 NO [
14. Has the CCE system	made the teachin	g-learning proce	ess more interesting?)
15. Do you face any diffi	iculty to assess al	l the students in	your class.?	
YES NO				
(a) Large number of stu	udents in class			
(b) More syllabuses				
(c) Less time				
(d) More record work				
	TOOLS A	AND EVALUA	TION	
16. Which tools and tech during formative assessm	-	by you to assess	students in your subj	ject
(a) Oral questions			(e) Slip tests	
(b) Class notes		((f) Project work	
(c) Observations		((g) Assignments	
(d) Students dairies				
17. Do you use paper-per	ncil test for forma	ative assessment	t? YES 🗌 N	0
18. Did you face any dif aspects?	ficulty in the pro	cess of assessing	g students in co-scho	lastic
 (a)Lack of facilities (c) lack of fund (e) lack of training (g) Lack of tools (I) lack of material 		(b) lack of awa(d) Lack of tea(f) lack of time(h) periods not	achers	 e

19. How many times do you carry out formative assessment in	a year?	
2 3 4 5		6
20. Do you give diagnostic tests and remedial measures for stu YES NO	dents to impr	ove?
PROBLEMS RELATED TO TRAININ	NG	
21. Have you undergone any training programme related to CC	CE? YES	NO 🗌
22. Have you attended any workshop on CCE?	YES	NO 🗌
23. Did you receive the teacher's manual related to CCE?	YES	NO 🗌
24. In CCE training have you received complete information re-	egarding the C	CCE?
YES NO		
25. Do you have subject manual?	YES 🗌 N	NO 🗌
26. Did you satisfy the CCE training?	YES	NO 🗌
If NO		
a) Unable to get complete information in training		
b) Lack of manuals		
c) Even resource persons also not having comprehensive idea	a 🗌	
d) Training period is very less		
e) Giving training is formality because they are conducting		
f) Un availability of expert resource persons		
27. How many days you have taken CCE training?		
a) 0 to3 days b) 4 to 6 days c) 7 to 10) days 🗌	d) 11
days above Training not taken		
28. Do you think Training material provided by govt is effection objective of CCE? YES NO	ve in expressi	ing the
29. Did you taken any training about co-scholastic aspect?	YES N	0

TEACHERS PROBLEMS

30. Do you feel it is extra burden to the teacher when it comes to maintaining records? YES NO if yes mentioned some difficulties
a) Lack of time
b) Taking more time for record work
c) Un availability of sufficient records on CCE
d) Lack of awareness of writing records
e) Record work is more than class work
f) Lack of training on maintenance of CCE based records
31. Do you get time to implement CCE during specific year plan? YES NO
32. Do you think that the syllabus prescribed is suitable for CCE implementation?
YES NO
33. Do you feel the syllabus is very vast and very difficult to complete in a year?
YES NO
34. Does CCE scheme demands extra efforts on your part? YES NO
FEEDBACK
35. Is specific feedback given to students at regular intervals? YES NO
36. Did you find any impact on learner's progress due to this regular feedback?
YES NO
37. Are you giving any remedial measures to students in your school?
YES NO
a) Conducting separate classes
b) Separate work for backward students
c) Rectify the mistakes done by the students by time to time
38. Did you face any difficulty to give the feedback to students? YES NO
If yes
a) Lack of time to give the feed back

b) Large numbers of students in classroom

c) Time is enough only for teaching

d) Not having the interest to give feed back

TEACHERS SUGGESITIONS FOR FURTHER DEVELOPEMENT OF CCE

39. According to you what type of modification do you expect in training programme?

40. What type of suggestions are you thinking about grading system in CCE scheme?

41. What type of suggestions are you thinking for better implementation of co scholastic aspects in schools?

42. What type of changes are you expecting in school facilities for better implementation of CCE?

43. What are your suggestions for teachers work load like maintenance of records etc?

44. Do you have any suggestions about better implementation of CCE in schools?

ది మహారాజా నయాజిరావ్ యూనివర్నిటీ అఫ్ ఐరోదా సెంటర్ అఫ్ అద్వాన్ఫ్**డ్ న్టడీ ఇన్ ఎద్యుకేషన్ (కే**స్) వదోదర

(పాధమికోన్నత పాఠశాలలో నిరంతర నమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనం అమలుపై అధ్యయవాంశము 'పేరు: అధ్యయవం

గౌరవనీయులైన ఉపాధ్యాయిని / ఉపాధ్యాయులకు,

నేను సెంటర్ ఆఫ్ అద్వాన్స్ఓ్ స్టఓ్ ఇన్ ఎద్యుకేషన్లో పి.హెచ్.డి చేస్తున్నాను. నా యొక్క పరిశోధన అంశం ప్రాధమికోన్నత పాఠశాలల్లో నిరంతర సమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనం అమలుపై అధ్యయసం. ఇందులో భాగంగా నేను ట్రహాశం జిల్లాను ఎంచుకున్నాను. ఈ ట్రశ్నావళి యొక్క ట్రధాన ఉద్దేశ్యం నిరంతర సమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనం అమలులో సమస్యలు తెలుసుకోవదం. కనుక ఉపాధ్యాయ మిత్రులారా నా యందు దయ ఉంచి ఈ (పళ్ళాపత్రాన్ని జాగ్రత్తగా చదివి తగిన సమాచారాన్ని అందించవలసినదిగా కోరుచున్నాను. ఈ సమాచారమును నేను నా యొక్క పి.హెచ్.ది. అద్యయనమునకు మాత్రమే వినియోగించెదను. మీ పేరుగాని, స్మూలు పేరు గాని ఎక్కడా వెల్లది చేయక గోష్యంగా ఉంచుతానని (ప్రమాణం చేస్తున్నాను.

කුද්ගා

జె.సర్దార్ పాపారాయుడు

యు.జి.సి.జె.ఆర్.ఎఫ్

	6	- φωσιοω			
Gender	:	Male	Femal	e 📃	
Marital Status	:	Married	Unma	rried	
Stream		Arts	Commerce [Scienc	e
Educational Qualificatio	n :	D.Ed	B.A.B.Ed.	B.Sc.F	3.Ed.
M.Sc., B.Ed., M./ MPhil Ph.	A., M.Ed., D	M.Sc.,	M.Ēd.,	M.Com.B.Ed	
Experience of Teaching	:	1-5	6-10	11-15 👔	16-20
		21 to 25	26 to above		

(ప్రాదమిక వమానాగము

1.	పారశాలభ	్టీ నిరంతర సమగ్ర మూల్యాంకసం అమలు చేయాల్సిన అవసరం ఉందా?	అవుసు కాదు
2,	పాఠశాల స	్ధాయిలో నిరంతర సమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనం నిజంగా ఉపయోగపడుతుందా?	అవును రాదు
3,	అన్ని సద్దిక	్టలకు నిరంతర సమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనం అమలు చేయవచ్చా?	అవుసు 🔄 కాదు
4.	నిరంతర శ	సమగ్ర మూల్యాంకాన్ని అమలు చేయదంలో (ప్రాధమికోన్నత పాఠశాలలో మీ	రేమైనా సమస్యను
	ఎదుర్కొంట	బన్నారా?	అవుసు కాదు
5.		వమ్మగ మూల్యాంకనం అనే భావనను మీరు అర్ధం చేసుకున్నారా?	అవును 🔄 కాదు
6.	నిరంతర శ	సమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనలో గ్రోదింగ్ విధానం గురించి మీకు తెలుసా?	అవును రాదు
7.	ඛ් මේල්ට	యంలో (గేదింగ్ విధాసంలో ఏమైనా ఇబ్బందులు ఉన్నాయా?	అపుసు 🔄 కాదు
	అవును అ	యినట్లయితే స్పష్టం చేయంది?	
	(ä)	(గేదులు కేటాయించదం చాలా కష్టం	
	(@)	(గేదులు లెక్కించదం కష్టం	
	(fb)	విద్యార్చలకు (గేదులు గురించి అవగాహన కలిగించదం కష్టం	
	(۵)	గ్రోడులు అనేవి విద్యార్యల సామర్భ్రాలు ఖచ్చితంగా చెప్పలేవు	
	(2)	(గేడులు అనుగుణంగా రిజిస్టర్స్ నిర్వహించడం కష్టం	
8.	మీ పాఠశా	లలో తరగతి గదులకు సంబంధించి మీరు ఏమైనా సమస్యలు ఎదుర్కొంట	న్నారా?అవును కాదు
	అవును అ	పృట్లయితే స్పష్టం చేయంది?	
	(۵)	అన్ని తరగతుల గదులు లేకపోవదం	
	(۵)	బోధినేతర సబ్జెక్టులకు సరైన గదులు లేకపోవదం	
	(කි)	కంప్యూటర్కు గది లేకపోవడం	
	(ۿ)	ప్రయోగశాలలకు సరైన గదులు లేకపోవదం	
9.	మీ పాఠశా	లలో (పయోగాలు చేయదానికి అవసరమైన (పయోగళాలలు ఉన్నాయా?	అవును 🔄 కాదు
10.	పాఠ్యాంశ	ప్రారంభంలో మీరు విద్యార్భలకు (పేరణ కలుగజేస్తారా?	అవును కాదు
11.	మీ బోధన	లో మీరు విద్యార్తులు పాల్గొనదానికి అవకాశం ఇస్తారా?	అవును కాదు
12.	నిరంతర శ	కమగ్ర మూలాంక్రకనం బోధించదానికి మీకు కష్టంగా ఉన్నదా?	అవుసు కాదు
	అవును అ	యినట్లయితే స్పష్టం చేయంది.	
	(J)	సి.సి.ఇలో బోధన ఎక్కువ సమయం అవసరం	
	(5)	బోధనా సామాగ్రి లేకపోవడం	
	(D)	- +	

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	(කි)	తరగతిలో పిల్లలు ఎక్కువ ఉందటం
	(گ)	బోధన చేసేటప్పుడే మూల్యాంకనం చేయడం కష్టంగా ఉందటం
	(m)	పుస్తకంలో పాఠ్యాంశాలు కష్టతరంగా ఉందటం
	(ఎఫ్)	కృత్యలద్వారా బోధన కాబట్టి ఆలస్యం కావడం
13.	మీరు బోధి	ంచే సబ్జెక్టులో సిలబస్ సిసిఇ విధానంలో ఎక్కువగా ఉన్నదని మీరు అనుకుంటున్నారా?
		అపుసు కాదు
14.	ನಿನಿಇ ವಿಧ್	సం బోధనా విధానంలో ఎక్కువ ఆసక్తి కలిగే విధంగా చేస్తుందని భావిస్తున్నారా?అవును 📃 కాడు
15.	మీ తరగతి	లో అందరి విద్యార్భలను మూల్యాంకనం చేయదం కష్టంగా భావిస్తున్నారా? అవును 📃 కాదు
	అవును అం	యినట్లయితే
	(ఎ)	ఎక్కువమంతి పిల్లలు ఉందటం వలన
	(۵)	సిలబస్ ఎక్కువగా ఉందటం వలన
	(సి)	సమయం సరిపోనందు వలన
	(Δ)	రికార్డ్ వర్కు ఎక్కువగా ఉన్నందువలన
16.	ఫార్మటివ్ : ఉపయోగిస్త	మూల్యాంకనం సమయంలో విద్యార్ధి సామర్త్యాలను తెలుసుకోవదానికి ఎలాంది పరికరాలు(టూల్స్) స్తున్నారు
	(ఎ) మేభిక	్ ప్రశ్నలు స్టిప్టెప్టెప్టెస్ట్ నిర్వహణ
	(బి) శ్రాసు	నోద్చు (పాజెక్టువర్క్ ఇవ్వదం
	(సి) పరిశీ	లాచదం అసైన్మెంట్సు
	(ది) విద్యా	ద్ధల జైరీ
17.	మీరు ఫార్మె	్రటివ్ మూల్యాంకనం చేయదానికి (వాతపూర్వక పరీక్షలు ఏమైనా నిర్వహిస్తున్నారా? అవును కాదు
18,	థోధనేతర	సబ్జెష్టలు (కో–స్కాలాస్టిక్) విషయంలో మీరు ఎలాంటి సమస్యలు ఎదుర్కొంటున్నారు?
	(ఎ) వసత	ులు లేకపోవదం
	(ಖ) ಅವಗ	ాహన లేకపోవదం
	(సి) నిధుల	బ లేకపోవదం
	(ධ්) යටාද	ర్యాయులు లేకపోవడం
	(ఇ) శిక్షణ	లేకపోవడం
	(ఎఫ్) సవ	ుయం లేకపోపదం
	(జి) పరిక	రాలు(టూల్స్) లేకపోవడ
	(హెచ్) టై	మ్ష్ మిలియద్స్ కేటాయించకపోపదం
	(ఐ) బోధ:	ా సామాగ్రి లేకపోవడం

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19.	మీరు సంగరానికి ఎన్నిసార్లు నిర్మాణాత్మక మూల్యాంకనాన్ని చేస్తారు.	
	(a) 2 (b) 3 (b) 4 (b) 5 (a) 6]
20.	మీకు పిల్లల ప్రగతికొరకు రెమిడియల్ తరగతులు మరియు నిర్మారణ పరీక్షలు నిర్వహిస్తు	న్నారా;అవుసు కాదు
21.	సి.సి.ఇ.కి సంబంధించి మీరు ఏమైనా శిక్షణ పొందియున్నారా?	అపుసు 🚺 రాదు
22.	సి.సి.ఇ.కి సంబంధించి మీరేమైనా వర్మేషాపకు హాజరైనారా?	అపుసు 🔄 కాదు
23.	సి.సి.ఇ.కి సంబంధించిన ఉపాధ్యాయుల కరదీపిక మీరు తీసుకున్నారా?	అవును 🔄 కాదు
24.	సి.సి.ఇ.కి సంబంధించిన శిక్షణలో మీరు సిసిఇ యొక్క సమగ్ర అవగాహన పొందారా?	అవును 📃 కాదు
25.	సి.సి.ఇ.కి సంబంధించి మీరు చెప్పే సబ్జక్టు మాన్యువల్ పొందారా?	అవును 🔄 కాదు
26.	సి.సి.ఇ.కి సంబంధించిన శిక్షణ వలన మీరు సంతృష్టిగా ఉన్నారా?	అపును 📃 కాదు
	కాడు అయినట్లయితే కారణాలు	
	(ఎ) సిసిఇకి సంబంధించిన సమగ్ర సమాచారము పొందలేకపోవటం	
	(బి) శిక్షణకు సంబంధించిన మాన్యువల్స్ లేకపోవటం	
	(సి) రిసోర్స్ పర్పన్లకు కూడా సరైన అవగాపాన లేకపోవటం	
	(ది) శిక్షణ సమయం తమ్మవగా ఉందటం	
	(ఇ) శిక్షణ ఇవ్వాలి కాబట్టి ఇస్తున్నారు అనే విధంగా ఉందటం	
	(ఎఫ్) సరైనా రిసోర్పు పర్పన్న అందుబాటులో లేకపోవటం	
27.	మీరు సిసిఇకి సంబంధించి శిక్షణ ఎన్నిరోజులకు తీసుకున్నారు?	
	(ఎ)3రోజులు (బి)4-6రోజులు (సి)10రోజులు (ది)11 మరియ	టు అంతకంటే ఎక్కువ
28.	సిసిఇకి సంబంధించి శిక్షణలో ఇచ్చిన మెబీరియల్ సిసిఇ లక్ష్యాన్ని సాధించటానికి అనుగుణం	గాను ఉందని భావిస్తున్నారా?
		అపుసు 🔄 కాదు
29.	నాన్స్మాలాస్టిక్ సబ్జెక్టులకు సంబంధించి ప్రత్యేకంగా మీరు ఏమైనా శిక్షణ పొందారా?	అపుసు 🔄 కాదు
30.	సిసిఇకి సంబంధించిన రికార్డును నిర్వహించదానికి మీరేమైనా ఇబ్బందిగా భావిస్తున్నారా	? అవుసు 🔄 కాదు
	అవును అయినట్లయితే కారాణాలు	
	(ఎ) సమయం లేకపోవటం	
	(బి) ఎక్కువ సమయం రికార్ను వర్ముకే సరిపోవటం	
	(సి) సిసిఇ అనుగుణమైన రికార్ను అందుబాటులో లేకపోవటం	
	(ది) రికార్తు (వాసే విధానంపై అవగాపాన లేకపోవటం	

ι.

.

	(ఇ) ఖ్లాస్ వర్కు కంటే రికార్ను వర్కే ఎక్కువగా ఉందటం.		
	(ఎఫ్) సిసిఇ రికార్డు నిర్వహణకు సంబంధించి సరైన శిక్షణ లేకపో	పటం	
81.	సిసిఇకి అనుగుణంగా మీరు చెప్పే సబ్జక్షును ఒక సంగరములో బోధిం	ంచదానికి సరిపో	తుందని మీరు భావిస్తున్నారా?
		4	అవును 🔄 కాదు
32.	ప్రస్తుతం ఉన్న సిలబస్ సిసిఇ లక్ష్యాలకు అనుగుణంగా అమలు చేద	పదానికి వీలుగా	ఉందని మీరు భావిస్తున్నారా?
			లపును 📃 కాదు 🦲
33.	ప్రస్తుతం ఉన్న సిలబస్ చాలా ఎక్కువగా ఉందని మీరు అనుకుంటు	නතූපං? ම	అవును 🔄 కాదు
34.	సిసిఇ విధానం వలన ఉపాధ్యాయులు ఎక్కువ కష్టపదాలి అని మీర	ు భావిస్తున్నారా?	? అవును కాదు
35.	మీరు విద్యార్భలకు నిరంతరం ఫీద్బ్యాక్ ఇస్తుంటారా?		అవును కాదు
36.	మీరు రోజూ ఫీద్బ్యాక్ ఇవ్వదం వలన విద్యార్తుల (పగతిలో మార్పు	లు వచ్చినట్లగా	మీరు గమనించారా?
			అవును 🔄 కాదు
37.	మీరు బోధించే సబ్జెక్టులో ఎలాంటి రెమిడియల్ మెజిల్స్ (పరిహారజి	ీధన) చేస్తున్నార	ΰ.
	(ఎ) (పత్యేక తరగతులు నిర్వహించడం		
	(బి) వెనుకఐదిన విద్యార్తులకు (పత్యేకమైన వర్మ్ ఇవ్వదం		
	(సి) ఎప్పటికప్పుడు తప్పులు సరిదిద్దడం		
38,	మీరు విద్యార్యలకు ఫీద్బ్యాక్ ఇవ్వదానికి ఏమైనా ఇబ్బందిగా అనుక అవుసు అయినట్లయితే	కొంటున్నారా? శ	ంపుసు 📄 కాదు
	(ఎ) ఫీద్బ్యాక్ ఇవ్వదానికి సమయం లేకపోపదం		
	(బి) ఎక్కువమంది పిల్లలు తరగతిలో ఉందటం		
	(సి) పాఠం చెప్పడానికే సమయం సరిపోవడం		
	(ది) అసక్తి లేకపోవడం		
39.	సిసిఇకి సంబంధించిన శిక్షణలో ఎలాంటి మార్పులు చేస్తే బాగుంట	ందని మీరు భ	ివిస్తున్నారు?

40. సిసిఇకి సంబంధించిన (గేదింగ్ విధానం సమర్ధవంతంగా చేయదానికి మీరిచ్చే సూచనలు ఏమి?
41. కోస్మాలాస్టిక్ సజ్జెక్ట్ర్ సమర్ధవంతంగా అమలు చేయాలి అంటే ఏమి చేస్తే బాగుంటుందో తగిన సూచనలు చేయంది?
/
42. సిసిఇని అమలు చేయదంలో పాఠశాల వసతులలో ఎలాంటి మార్పులు అవసరమో సూచించంది?
43. సిసిఇ అమలు చేయదంలో ఉపాధ్యాయులు నిర్వహించే రికార్స్, రిజిష్టర్లకు సంబంధించి మీరిచ్చే సూచనలు ఏవి?
44. సిసిఇని ఇంకా సమర్ధవంతంగా అమలు చేయదానికి ఇంకేమైనా సూచనలు ఇవ్వదలిస్లే ఇక్కద ద్రాయాలి.

APPENDIX-H



Centre of Advanced Study in Education (CASE) Faculty of Education and Psychology The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda Vadodara -390 002

TEACHERS PERCEPTION SCALE TOWARDS CCE

Sir/Madam

I have taken up a research study titled "A Study of Implementation of Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation at Upper Primary Schools in Andhra Pradesh". as a student of the Ph.D. program at the Centre of Advanced Study in Education (CASE), Faculty of Education and Psychology, The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda, Vadodara. This 'Attitude Scale on the implementation of Continuous Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) has been developed to know the perception of teachers towards the implementation of CCE

While responding to this scale, feel free and be assured that this would be totally confidential and will be used only for research purpose. Your cooperation will be highly appreciated.

Thanking you

Sincerely

Prof. R.S Mani Research Guide Department of Education Sardar Paparayudu J. UGC, JRF Research Scholar

TEACHERS PERCEPTION SCALE TOWARDS CCE

Name of the Teacher	:
Name of the School	:
Sex	: Male Female
Age	:
Marital status	: Married 🗌 UN married 🗌
Stream of Education	: Arts Science Commerce
Locale of school	: Rural Urban
Professional qualification	: D.Ed 🗌 B.A B.Ed. 📄 B.Sc. B.Ed. 📄 M.Sc., B.Ed., 📄 M.A., M.Ed., 📄 M.Sc., M.Ed., 📄 M.Com. B.Ed., 📄 M.Phil 📄 Ph.D.
Experience of the teaching in years:	1 to 2 3 to 5 6 to 10 11 to 15 16 to 25

The following statements pertain to Continuous and comprehensive Evaluation. Hundred items are given below, on which your views are invited. These statements are put under a 5 point scale, ranking from **Strongly Agree**, **Agree**, **Undecided**, **Disagree**, **Strongly disagree**. Please give your response by putting a tick mark against the appropriate level of satisfaction as you perceive.

Sl. No	Statement	SA	A	UD	D	SD
1	Teaching and learning is very difficult in CCE pattern.					
2	CCE based examinations not helpful for assessing full knowledge of the students					
3	I do not bother to complete entire syllabus with in prescribed time.					

			1 1	1	_
4	I fell in CCE system teacher need more effort				
5	CCE does not helps teacher to concentrate on every individual				
6	In CCE system students are constantly under pressure of exams and submissions				
7	It is very difficult for me to enter CCE data into records.				
8	Learning through CCE creates stress on students				
9	Present CCE based syllabus difficulty level is very high to the students.				
10	I feel Giving feedback is very difficult in formative assessment.				
11	CCE enables the teacher to improve the teaching schedule as per needs of the students				
12	Continuous evaluation includes healthy study habits				
13	It is very difficult to conduct formative type tests under CCE pattern in classroom.				
14	I feel that reduction in syllabus will facilitate better CCE implementation				
15	CCE improves the quality of my teaching.				
16	CCE promotes superficial study since students have very little time for in depth study				
17	CCE scheme made teaching learning process more interesting.				
18	Implementing CCE is stressful for me				
19	I feel very difficult to allot the grades to students in CCE pattern.				
20	Too many tests and assignments projects spoil the interest of the students in CCE pattern.				
21	CCE gives opportunity to improve one self.				
22.	Entering the CCE data takes more time than class hours				

23 CCE improves the teaching learning process. 24 In CCE system students try to please teachers for favours. 25 In CCE system teaching learning is student centred 26 CCE provides opportunity to child to participate in all the activities in the class 27 CCE is the true measure of the student's personality. 28 CCE helps students to diagnose and remediate their learning difficulties. 29 Teaching learning process is very slow in CCE type teaching 30 CCE based tests, and examinations create fear among the students. 31 CCE improves interest among children.	
24 favours. 25 In CCE system teaching learning is student centred 26 CCE provides opportunity to child to participate in all the activities in the class 27 CCE is the true measure of the student's personality. 28 CCE helps students to diagnose and remediate their learning difficulties. 29 Teaching learning process is very slow in CCE type teaching 30 CCE based tests, and examinations create fear among the students.	
26 CCE provides opportunity to child to participate in all the activities in the class 1 27 CCE is the true measure of the student's personality. 1 28 CCE helps students to diagnose and remediate their learning difficulties. 1 29 Teaching learning process is very slow in CCE type teaching 1 30 CCE based tests, and examinations create fear among the students. 1	
26 the activities in the class 27 CCE is the true measure of the student's personality. 28 CCE helps students to diagnose and remediate their learning difficulties. 29 Teaching learning process is very slow in CCE type teaching 30 CCE based tests, and examinations create fear among the students.	
28 CCE helps students to diagnose and remediate their learning difficulties. 29 Teaching learning process is very slow in CCE type teaching 30 CCE based tests, and examinations create fear among the students.	
28 learning difficulties. 29 Teaching learning process is very slow in CCE type teaching 30 CCE based tests, and examinations create fear among the students.	
29 teaching 30 CCE based tests, and examinations create fear among the students.	
30 the students.	
31 CCE improves interest among children	
31 CEL improves interest among emildren.	
32 I am enjoying teaching in CCE pattern.	
33 CCE creates anxiety and fear in students	
34 CCE based activity teaching helps students all round development	
35 Present syllabus is suitable for comprehensive development of children.	
36 CCE enhances my teaching effectiveness.	
37 I feel Students getting knowledge through CCE is become permanent	
38Time is not enough to give remedial measure to students.	
39 CCE is the true measure of student's progress.	
40 Implementation of CCE require more time	
41 Learning through CCE is joyful for all students	
42 I feel CCE pattern makes students relatively lazy	

<u>ది మహారాజా నయాజిరావ్ యూనివర్నిటీ అఫ్ ఐరోదా</u> సెంటర్ అఫ్ అద్వాన్ఫ్**డ్ న్జ**డీ ఇన్ ఎద్యుకేషన్ (కేస్) వదోదర

అధ్యయనాంశము పేరు: (పాధమికోన్నత పాఠశాలలో నిరంతర నమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనం అమలుపై అధ్యయనం

గౌరవనీయులైన ఉపాధ్యాయిని / ఉపాధ్యాయులకు,

నేసు సెంటర్ ఆఫ్ అద్వాన్స్ స్ట్ షర్ ఇన్ ఎద్యుకేషన్లో పి.హెచ్.ది చేస్తున్నాను. ఈ డ్రింది ఇవ్వబడిన స్ట్రేటిమెంట్ల నిరంతర సమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనానికి సంబంధించినవి. మొత్తం 42 స్ట్రేటిమెంట్ల (కింద ఇవ్వబడినవి. వాటిపై మీ యొక్క అలోచనలను ఆహ్వానిస్తున్నాము. ఈ స్టేటుమెంట్లన్నీ 5 పాయింట్ రేటింగ్ స్యేల్పై ఉంచాము. వీటిని (ఎ) పూర్తిగా అంగీకరిస్తాను, (బి) అంగీకరిస్తాను, (సి) నిర్ణయించుకోలేను, (డి)అంగీకరించను, (ఇ) గట్టిగా అంగీకరించను అని పర్గీకరించడం జరిగింది. ఈ స్టేటిమెంట్లన్నీ జాగ్రత్తగా చదవి మీ యొక్క సమాధానాన్ని టిక్(∨) రూపంలో కేటాయించిన గడిలో ఉంచాళ్ళినదిగా కోరుచున్నాను.ఈ సమాచారమును నేను నా యొక్క పి.హెచ్.ది. అద్యయనమునకు మాత్రమే వినియోగించెదను. మీ పేరుగాని, స్యూలు పేరు గాని ఎక్కదా వెల్లడి చేయక గోప్యంగా ఉంచుతానని (ప్రమాణం చేస్తున్నాను.

2,432 జె.సర్మార్ పాపారాయుదు యు.టి.సి.జె.ఆర్.ఎఫ్ (పాధమిక నమాచారము Male Female Gender : Marital Status Married Unmarried 1 Stream Commerce Science Arts B.A.B.Ed. Educational Qualification : D.Ed B.Sc.B.Ed. M.A., M.Ed., M.Sc.,M.Ed., M.Com.B.Ed., M.Sc., B.Ed., Ph.D MPhil 11-15 16 - 20Experience of Teaching 1-5 6-10 21 to 25 26 to above

చ. నెం	్టేటిమెంట్లు	గద్దిగా అంగీకరిస్తాను	అంగీకరిస్తాను	నిర్ణయించు కోలేసు	అంగీ కరించను	గట్టిగా అంగీకరించను
1	సిసిష విధానంలో బోధన అభ్యసన విధానం చాలా కష్టంగా ఉంటుంది.					
2	విద్యార్తుల యొక్క సంపూర్ణ జ్ఞానం మదింపుచేయదానికి సిసిఇ విధానం పరీక్షలు అంతగా ఉపయోగపడవు.					
3	సిసిఇ విధానంలో ఉన్న సిలబస్ అనుకున్న సమయంలో పూర్తి చేయదంలో నేను ఎలాంటి ఇబ్బంది పదను.					
4	సిసిఇ విధానంలో ఉపాధ్యాయులకు ఎక్కువ సామర్భాలు అవసరం.					
5	ప్రతి విద్యార్రిమీద ఉపాధ్యాయుడు దృష్టి, కేంద్రీకరించడానికి సిసిఇ విధానం అంతగా ఉపయోగపదదు.					
6	సిసిజ విధానంలో విద్యార్తులు పరీక్షలు (వాయదం, ఖ్లాస్ వర్కులు సకాలంలో చూపించడంలో వత్తిడిలో ఉంటారు.					
7	సిసిఇకి సంబంధించిన సమాచారాన్ని రికార్డ్లో నమోదు చేయడం చాలా కష్టమైన పని.					
8	సిసిజ విధానం విద్యార్యలలో వళ్తిదిని పెంచుతుంది.					
9	సిసిఇ విధానంలో రూపొందించబడిన సిలబస్ విద్యార్తుల స్రాయి కంటే ఎక్కువగా ఉంటుంది.					
10	ఫార్మెటివ్ విధానంలో విద్యార్తులకు ఫీద్బ్యాక్ ఇవ్వడం అనేది చాలా కష్టం.					
11	సిసిఇ విధానం అనేది విద్యార్యల అవసరాలకు అనుగుణంగా బోధన సామర్త్రములను మెరుగుపరచుకోవడానికి దోహదపడుతుంది.					
12	నిరంతర మూల్యాంకనం అనేది విద్యార్శులలో మంది ఆరోగ్య అధ్యయన అలవాట్లును పెంపొందిస్తుంది.					
13	సిసిఇ విధానంలో ఫార్మిటివ్ మూల్యాంకనంకు సంబంధించిన అంశాలను తరగతి గదిలో నిర్వహించడం చాలా కష్టం.					
14	సెలబస్ తగ్గినట్లయితే సిసిజ విధానం జాగా అమలుచేయదానికి అవకాశం ఉంటుంది.					
15	సిసిఇ విధానం ద్వారా నా బోధనలో నాణ్యతను పెంచింది.					
16	సిసిఇ విధానంలో విద్యార్యలకు సమయం తక్కువ ఉందటంచలన పైపైనే అంశాలు చదుపుతారు? దెప్తే స్టెదీకి అవకాశం ఉండదు.			t		
17	సిసిఇ విదానంలో బోధన అభ్యసన విదానం దాలా ఆపకిళనంగా ఉంటాంగి					

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18	సిసిజని అమలుచేయడం అనేది నాకు ఒత్తిడితో కూడుకున్నదిగా			
10	40Ê			
19	సిసిఇ విదానంలో విద్యార్యలకు గ్రోడ్లు కేటాయించదం చాలా కష్టం.			
201	సిసిఐ విధానంలో ఉండే పరిక్షలు. (పొతెక్కులు, అసైన్మెంట్లు ఎక్కువగా ఉండటం విద్యార్తుల ఆసక్తిని తగ్గిస్తుంది.			
21	సిసిఇ అనేది ఒక వ్యక్తి తనకు తాను అభివృద్ధి పరచుకోవడానికి సహాయపదుతుంది.			
221	సిసిఇకి సంబంధించిన సమాచారాన్ని రికార్పలో నమోదు చేయడం క్లాస్ సమయం కంటే ఎక్కువగా ఉంది.	, j		
23	సిసిఇ అనేది బోధన అభ్యసన బ్రఁథియను అభివృద్ధి చేస్తుంది.			
241	సిసిఇ విదానంలో విద్యార్యలు ఉపాధ్యాయులకు అనుకూలంగా ఉండటానికి (ప్రయత్నిస్తారు.			
201	సిసిఇ విదానంలో బోధన అభ్యసన విద్యార్ధి కేంద్రంగా ఉంటుంది.			
281	సిసిఇ అనేది విద్యార్తులకు తరగతి గదిలో అన్ని కార్యక్రమములో పాల్గొనే అవకాశాన్ని కల్పిస్తుంది.			
271	సిసిజ అనేది విద్యార్తుల మూర్తిమత్వాన్ని మందింపు చేయదానికి ఖచ్చితంగా ఉపయోగపడుతుంది.			
281	సిసిఇ అనేది విద్యార్యల అధ్యయనానికి సంబంధించిన బలాలు, బలహీనతలు తెలిపి వాటిని సరిచేయదానికి ఉపకరిస్తుంది.			
29	సిసిఇ విదానంలో బోధన అభ్యసన (పథ్రియ నిధానంలాగా సాగుతుంది.			
301	సిసిఇ విధానంలో నిర్వహించే తెస్ట్రేలు, ఎగ్నామ్లు విద్యార్యల మధ్య భయాన్ని పెంపొందిస్తాయి.			
31	సిసిఇ అనేది విద్యార్భులలో ఆసక్తిని పెంపొందిన్నంది.			
321	సిసిఇ విధానంలో బోధన చేయదాన్ని నేను ఎంజాయ్చేస్తున్నాను.			
nn	సిసిఇ అనేది విద్యార్యలలో యాన్నోటిని మరియు ఒత్తిదిని పెంపొందిస్తుంది.			
341	సిసిఇ విధానంలో యాక్రివిటీ బేసెడ్ టీటింగ్ అనేది విద్యార్యల సమగ్ర అభివృద్ధికి నహాయం చేస్తుంది.			
10.1	ట్రస్నుతం ఉన్న సిసిజ సిలబస్ విద్యార్ధి యొక్క సామాగ్ర అభివృద్ధికి దోపాదం చేస్తుంది.			
36	సిసిఇ అనేది నా బోధన యొక్క సమర్చ్రాన్ని పెంచింది.			

37	సిసిఇ విదానంలోవిద్యార్తులు పొందేజ్జానం శాళ్వతంగా ఉంటుందని అనుకుంటున్నాను.			
24.04	విద్యార్యులకు రెమెడియల్ మేజర్స్ (వెనుకబడినవారికి ఇచ్చే సూచనలు) ఇవ్వదానికి సరిపదనత సమయం లేదు.			
39	సిసిఇ అనేది విద్యార్ధి ప్రగతిని మూల్యాకన చేయదానికి చాలా ఉత్తమమైనది.			
40	సిసిఇని సమర్ధవంతంగా అమలు చేయాలంటే ఎక్కువ సమయం అవసరం.			
41	సిసిఇ విధానంలో నేర్చుకొనుట విద్యార్తులకు ఎంతో	3		
42	సిసిఇ విదానం అనేది విద్యార్ధలను సోమరులుగా చేస్తుంది.	1		

APPENDIX-I

STUDENTS REACTION SCALE TOWARDS LEARNING OF CCE AT UPPER PRIMARY SCHOOLS

PERSONAL INFORMATION

Name of the student	:
Name of the School	:
Class	:
Section :-	
Gender	: Boy Girl
Location of the school	: Rural Urban
Caste	S.C S.T O.B.C O.C
Parental educational qualification	ation : 1 to 5^{th} $\bigcirc 6^{\text{th}}$ to 7^{th} $\bigcirc 8 \text{ to } 10^{\text{th}}$ \bigcirc Inter \bigcirc
	Degree P.G Others
Parent occupation	:

INSTRUCTIONS

This reaction scale consists of different items based on CCE .The participants are requesting to select your degree of response from the given choice. SA=Strongly Agree, A=Agree, UD= UN decided, DA=Disagree, SD=Strongly Disagree.

The purpose of this Reaction scale is to know the students learning through implementing CCE in schools. Please read carefully all statements given below and tick the appropriate choice of yours. There is no right or wrong answers. So feel free and respond whatever you are learning in school through CCE.

S.NO	ITEM	SA	Α	UD	DA	SD
1.	I easily understand teaching in class room due to CCE					
2.	I participate more in teaching due to CCE					
3.	My teacher not asks questions while he is teaching					
4.	I feel difficulty to do more activities in class room in CCE pattern					
5	CCE helps me to interact with my teachers.					
6	students always in stress to write exam and complete their class work in CCE pattern					
7	cce pattern increase the stress among the students					
8	CCE provides me to pay attention and concentration in class					
9	CCE increases my understanding level in all subjects.					
10	CCE helps me to think innovatively					
11.	I am not having confidence to get good rank in CCE pattern					
12.	CCE is burden to me to learn more					
13	CCE is very helpful to me to think newly					
14	I don't have time to play because of the class work					
15	Assignments, projects, slip tests have helped me to write summative examinations well					
16	I am having fear to write examinations in CCE pattern.					
17.	Project work ,assignments and writing notes are hard to me accomplish in time					
18.	I feel very stress to write examinations in CCE pattern					

19 CCE is very helpful to get permanent knowledge Image: CCE is very helpful to get permanent knowledge 20. One can easily understand the lessons in CCE pattern Image: CCE pattern 21 I am enjoying to read my class text books in CCE pattern Image: CCE pattern 22 I feel difficulty to do activities given in textbook Image: CCE pattern 23. I feel difficulty to do activities given in textbook Image: CCE pattern 24. I feel is good to introduce CCE based text books in higher classes also Image: CCE pattern 25. Teachers give feedback of my class work like projects, assignmentsregularly Image: CCE pattern 26 Teachers encourage me to get new knowledge Image: CCE pattern 27. Teacher encourages use guides to write class work Image: CCE type system is very useful getting sound knowledge 29 CCE type system is very useful getting sound knowledge Image: CCE system is useful only for weak students. 31 I feel written work is very vast in CCE system Image: CCE system is useful only for weak students. 32 I feel much stressed for regular class work due to CCE. Image: CCE system is useful only teachers 33. I am always very busy because of class work due to CCE. Ima always very busy because of class work given by teac			1	1	1	
20. pattern	19					
21 CCE pattern 22 I feel difficulty to do activities given in textbook 23. I feel it is good to introduce CCE based text books in higher classes also 24. I feel lessons are not related to regular life in CCE pattern 25. Teachers give feedback of my class work like projects, assignmentsregularly 26 Teachers encourage me to get new knowledge 27. Teacher encourages use guides to write class work 28. My class teachers always helping us to complete my class work 29 CCE type system is very useful getting sound knowledge 30 CCE system is useful only for weak students. 31 I feel written work is very vast in CCE system 32 I feel much stressed for regular class work due to CCE. 33. I am always very busy because of class work given by teachers	20.					
22 textbook Image: state in text in text. 32 If the text is term in the text in text. 33 I am always very busy because of text in text.	21					
23. books in higher classes also 24. I feel lessons are not related to regular life in CCE pattern 25. Teachers give feedback of my class work like projects, assignmentsregularly 26 Teachers encourage me to get new knowledge 27. Teacher encourages use guides to write class work 28. My class teachers always helping us to complete my class work 29 CCE type system is very useful getting sound knowledge 30 CCE system is useful only for weak students. 31 I feel written work is very vast in CCE system 32 I feel much stressed for regular class work due to CCE. 33. I am always very busy because of class work given by teachers	22					
24. CCE pattern 25. Teachers give feedback of my class work like projects, assignmentsregularly 26 Teachers encourage me to get new knowledge 27. Teacher encourages use guides to write class work 28. My class teachers always helping us to complete my class work 29 CCE type system is very useful getting sound knowledge 30 CCE system is useful only for weak students. 31 I feel written work is very vast in CCE system 32 I feel much stressed for regular class work due to CCE. 33. I am always very busy because of class work given by teachers	23.	-				
23. projects, assignmentsregularly 26 Teachers encourage me to get new knowledge 27. Teacher encourages use guides to write class work 28. My class teachers always helping us to complete my class work 29 CCE type system is very useful getting sound knowledge 30 CCE system is useful only for weak students. 31 I feel written work is very vast in CCE system 32 I feel much stressed for regular class work due to CCE. 33. I am always very busy because of class work given by teachers	24.	-				
27. Teacher encourages use guides to write class work Image: Constraint of the system of the sy	25.					
27. work 28. My class teachers always helping us to complete my class work 29 CCE type system is very useful getting sound knowledge 30 CCE system is useful only for weak students. 31 I feel written work is very vast in CCE system 32 I feel much stressed for regular class work due to CCE. 33. I am always very busy because of class work given by teachers	26	Teachers encourage me to get new knowledge				
Any class teachers always helping us to complete my class work Image: Complete my class work 29 CCE type system is very useful getting sound knowledge Image: CCE system is useful only for weak students. 30 CCE system is useful only for weak students. Image: CCE system is useful only for weak students. 31 I feel written work is very vast in CCE system Image: CCE system is useful only for weak students. 32 I feel much stressed for regular class work due to CCE. Image: CCE system is useful only because of class work given by teachers	27.					
29 knowledge 30 CCE system is useful only for weak students. 31 I feel written work is very vast in CCE system 32 I feel much stressed for regular class work due to CCE. 33. I am always very busy because of class work given by teachers	28.	• • • • •				
31 I feel written work is very vast in CCE system 32 I feel much stressed for regular class work due to CCE. 33. I am always very busy because of class work given by teachers	29					
32 I feel much stressed for regular class work due to CCE. 33. I am always very busy because of class work given by teachers	30	CCE system is useful only for weak students.				
32 to CCE. 33. I am always very busy because of class work given by teachers	31	I feel written work is very vast in CCE system				
33. given by teachers	32					
34. I am very interested to learn in CCE pattern	33.					
	34.	I am very interested to learn in CCE pattern				

ది మహారాజా నయాజిరావ్ యూనివర్ఫిటీ ఆఫ్ బరోదా సెంటర్ అఫ్ అద్వాన్ఫ్**డ్ న్ట**డీ ఇన్ ఎద్యుకేషన్ (కేస్) వడోదర

అధ్యయనాంశము పేరు: (పాధమికోన్నత పాఠశాలలో నిరంతర నమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనం అమలుపై అధ్యయనం

STUDENTS REACTION SCALE TOWARDS LEARNING OF CCE AT UPPER PRI-MARY SCHOOLS.

	(2)	ంధమిక నమాచారము	
Gender	:	Male Fen	nale
Location of the school	:	Rural Urt	ban 📃
Caste	5	SC ST	овс 🔄 ос 📄
Parental Educational Qu	alificatio	on: 1 to 5 th 6 ^t	^h to 7 th 8 th to 10 th
Inter Degree		P.G Others	
Caste Parental Educational Qu	•	SC ST 500	овс ос

Parent Occupation :

1

	్టేటిమెంట్ల	గల్లిగా అంగకరిస్రామ	అంగీకరిస్తాను	నిర్ణయించు కోలేను	అంగీ కరించను	గద్దిగా అంగీకరించను
	సిఇ విధానంలో బోధనను నేను సులభంగా అర్ధం సుకోగలను.					
2 3	సిఇ వలన బోధనలో నేను ఎక్కువగా పాల్గొంటున్నాను.					
Q .	సిసిఐ విధానం వలన మా ఉపాధ్యాయులు పారం చెప్పేటప్పుడు సమ్మల్ని ప్రశ్నలు అదగరు.					
4	సం విధానంలో తరగతిలో కృత్యాలు ఎక్కువగా చేయడం వలన మ ఇబ్బందిగా భావిస్తున్నాను.	į.				
5	హ ఉపాధ్యాయులతో నేను ఎక్కువగా మాట్లాదటానికి సిసిఇ గాకు సహాయంగా ఉంది.	1				
0	ుసిఇ విధానంలో విద్యార్తులు పరీక్షలు వ్రాయదం, క్లాస్ వర్యులు సకాలంలో చూపించదంలో వక్తిడిలో ఉంటారు.					
7 :	సిసిఇ విధానం విద్యార్శులలో చత్రిడిని పెంచుతుంది.					
Q	కరగతిలో నేను (శద్ధగా ఉండటానికి, దృష్టి కేంద్రీకరించదానికి సిసిచ నాకు అవకాశం కల్పిస్తుంది.					
91	సిసిజ అనేది అన్ని సజ్జెక్కలలో నా అవగాహన స్ఫాయిని పెంచింది.					
10	సిసిఇ అనేది నన్ను నూతనంగా ఆలోచించేలా చేసింది.					_
111	సిసిఇ విధానం వలన నాకు కా్రసులో నుంచి ర్యాంకు వస్తుందన్న సమ్మకం లేదు.					
12	నేను బాగా నేర్చుకోవదానికి సిసిఇ విధానం ఇబ్బందిగా ఉంది.					
13	నేను కొత్తగా అలోచించదానికి సిసిఐ విధానం నాకు ఎంతో సహాయం పడుతుంది.					
	నాకు క్లాస్లో ఉపాధ్యాయులు ఇచ్చిన వర్మ్ ఎక్కువగా ఉందటం వలన నాకు అదుకోవదానికి సమయం లేదు.					
15	సమ్మేటివ్ (యస్.1) పరీక్ష ద్రాయదానికి నాకు అపైన్మెంట్ల, ప్రాజెక్టువర్కు క్లాస్లో నిర్వహించిన పరీక్షలు ఎంతగానో ఉపయోగపడుతున్నాయి.					
16	అనిపిసుంది.					
	ఉపాధ్యాయులు ఇచ్చే (పాజెక్కులు, అసైన్మెంట్ల పూర్తి చేయదం నాకు చాలా ఇబ్బందిగా ఉంది.			21		
18	సిసిఐ విధానంలో పరీక్షలు ద్రాయదానికి నేను చాలా వత్తిదికి గురవుతున్నాను.					

191	శాశ్వతమైన జ్ఞానాన్ని సంపాదించదానికి సిసిఇ ఎంతో దోహదకారిగా ఉంటుంది.				
201	సిసిఇ విధానంలో ఉన్న పార్యాంశాలను సులభంగా అర్ధం చేసుకోవచ్చు.		1		
21	నేను సిసిఇ విధానంలో ఉన్న మా తరగతి పుస్తకాలు చదవదాన్ని ఎంజాయ్ చేస్తున్నాను.				1
ZZ	టెక్స్ట్రీమిక్లలో ఇచ్చిన కృత్యాలు చేయదం నాకు చాలా ఇబ్బందిగా ఉంది.				
231	సిసిఇ విధానంలో ఉన్న పాఠ్య పుస్తకాలు పై తరగతులలో కూడా ఉంటే మంచిది అని నా భావన.	i Z			
24	సిసిఇ విధానంలో పార్యాంశాలు మా నిజ జీవితంతో సంబంధం లేకుందా ఉన్నాయి.				
25	మేము చేసిన (పాజెక్కు వర్క్, ఎసైన్ట్మ్రెమెంట్ను మా ఉపాధ్యాయులు క్రమం తప్పకుండా చూసి సలహాలిస్తారు.				
26	మా ఉపాధ్యాయులు ఎప్పురూ మమ్మల్ని ఎక్కువ నేర్చుకోమని ప్రోత్సహిస్తుంటారు.				
27	మా ఉపాధ్యాయులు మమ్మల్ని క్లాస్వర్కు ప్రాజెక్తులు పూర్తిచేయదానికి గైద్ద ఉపయోగించమంటారు.				
28	మా క్లాస్లో ఇచ్చిన వర్మును పూర్తిచేయదంలో మా ఉపాధ్యాయులు సహాయంగా ఉంటారు.				
29	ఎక్కువ జ్వానాన్ని సంపాదించదానికి సిసిఇ విధానం ఎంతగానో ఉపయోగపడుతుంది.				
30	సిసిఇ విధానం అనేది కేవలం వెనుకబడిన విద్యార్భలకే ఉపయోగంగా ఉంటుంది.				
31	సిసిఇ విధానంలో డ్రాతపూర్పకమైన పని ఎక్కువగా ఉంటుంది.				
32	సిసిఇ విధానం వలన క్రమం తప్పకుందా చేసే క్లాస్ వర్యును పూర్తిచేయడంలో నేను ఒత్తిడికి గురవుతున్నాను.				
33	మా ఉపాధ్యాయులు ఇచ్చే వర్కు పూర్తి చేయదంలో నేను నిరంతరం బిజీగా ఉంటాను.				
34	సిసిఇ విధానంలో నేర్పుకోవడం నాకు చాలా అసక్తిగా ఉంటుంది.				

APPENDIX-J

Centre of Advanced Study in Education Faculty of Education and Psychology The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda Vadodara-390002

SARDAR PAPARAYUDU.J

Research Scholar Department of Education, CASE

Title of the Study: A STUDY OF IMPLEMENTATION OF CONTINUOUS AND COMPRAHENSIVE EVALUATION AT UPPER PRIMARY SCHOOLS IN ANDHRA PRADESH.

QUESTIONNAIRE FOR HEAD MASTERS ON PROBLEMS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF CCE

Respected sir/madam

I am a pursing Ph.D. student at Centre of Advanced Study in Education (CASE), Faculty of Education and Psychology, The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda, Vadodara. I am collecting data from upper primary schools head masters in Prakasam district, Andhra Pradesh. The main aim of this questionnaire is to know the problems of the Head Masters while implementing CCE in schools. I would request you to share your knowledge and experience. Your valuable suggestions are very important for this study.

Let me assure you that, your responses will be kept strictly confidential and at will be used for research purposes.

Thanking you,

Yours sincerely,

(Sardar Paparayudu. J)

PART-A

PERSONAL INFORMATION

Name of the Head Master Name of the School	:	
Sex	: Male Female	
Age	:	
Locale Bachelors Degree	: Urban Rural : B.A B.Sc. B.Co	m 🔲
Master Degree	: M.A M.Sc. M.Co	m.
Professional qualification	: B.Ed. M.Ed.,. M. Ph	nil. 🗌 Ph.D 🗌
Experience as a Head Master	r :	
	PART-B	
	I. Awareness about CCE	
1. Are you familiar about CC	YE? YES	NO
2. Do you implementing CCE in your school? YES NO		
3. How many years onward a	re you implementing CCE in th	e school?
A) From 2 ye	ars B) From 4 years	C) From 4 years
D) From 6 yea	E) from 7 years and a	bove
Р	roblems related to Training	
4. Did the government provid YES	led CCE based training to all tea	achers in your school?
5. Did the teachers attend any	work shop related to CC?	YES NO
6. Are you satisfied CCE bas	ed training?	YES NO
if no specify the reasons		
A) Very few days of training		
b) Lack of facilities in trainin	g	

c) Name sake of training
d) Recourse persons not having the sufficient knowledge regarding CCE
E) Lack of separate training for each subject
7. How many days government conducted CCE training for school teachers?
A) 1-4 Days B) 5-7 Days C) 8-10 days C
D) 10-15 Days E) 16 and above F) not conducted
8. Is the government conducted any training for co-scholastic aspects like art education, computer education, values and life skills etc YES NO
9. Do you think increases the training days in needed? YES NO
10. Did you get all type of material like all CCE subjects manuals from the government? YES NO
If yes please tick mark under given
a)Telugu manual D) Hindi CCE manual C) English manual
 d) Mathematics manual e) General science manual f) Social studies manual g) Health& Physical Education manual h) Work & Computer Education manual
i) Value and life skills manual 📋 j) Art& Cultural Education manual 🗌
Problems related to Resources
11. Do you have sufficient teachers for all subjects in your school? YES NO
If no please specify required staff
a)Telugu D) Hindi C) English D
d) Mathematics e) General science f) Social studies
g) Health& Physical Education h) Work and Computer Education
i) Values and life skills j) Art& Cultural Education

12. Do you have all physical resources in your school for implementation of CCE? YES NO if no please specify
a) Lack of sufficient classrooms b) lack of laboratory facility
c) Lack of library facility
13. Do you getting sufficient funds from the government for better implementation of CCE in your school?YES NO
14. Did the government give any grant for teaching learning material for every subjectfor implementation of CCE?YESNO
IV.TOOLS AND ASSESSMENT
15. Are you facing any problem for conducting of formative assessment?
Yes NO
If yes please mention
a)more students in classroom
b) not availability of certain tools for assessment
c) It is very difficult to maintain the CCE based records
d) Lack of the time for teachers
e) More syllabuses in the subjects
16. Are you taking any measures for low achievers? YES NO
If yes please tick
a) Remedial classes b) Study hours c) Counseling
17) Are you feeling any difficulty to prepare the question paper by own?
YES NO
If yes please specify
a) Lack of sufficient time for teachers
b) Government not given any amount for question papers
Lack of proper training for preparation of the question paper

V. Problems

18. Are you facing any problem	ns related to impl	ementation of	scholastic asp	bects
(school subjects) in your schoo	1? YES 🗌	NO 🗌	If yes mentio	n
Lack of sufficient teachers	b) lack of s	ufficient class	rooms	
c) More record work	d) it is very dif	ficult to evalua	ate the all stud	lents
f) Lack of proper laboratories	g) more sylla	bus in the text	books	
19. Are you facing any problemyour school?Y	n for implementa ES 🗌 NO [_	k physical edu please specif	
a) Lack of physical education to	eacher			
b) Lack of separate room lack of	of playing materia	al in the schoo	1	
c) Lack of proper play ground				
d) It is very difficult to maintai	n health profile fo	or each studen	t 🗌	
e) Lack of sufficient books				
20. Are you facing any problem school?	n for implementat YES 🗌 NC		ork education please specif	-
If yes please specify				
a).Lack of work education teac	her b) Lack of sep	oarate room	
c) Lack of sufficient raw mater	ial 🗌 🛛	d) Lack of pro	oper training	
e) Lack of related books				
21. Are you facing any problem your school?	_	_	ducation & lif	
a) Lack of sufficient teachers	b) Lack of re	lated books		
c) Lack of proper training				
22. Are you facing any problem school?	n for implementat		ter education i es please speci	-

a) Lack of separate teachers b) Lack of sufficient computers
c) Lack of certain books for computers d) Lack of electricity facility
e) Lack of internet facility f) Lack of proper training
23. Are you facing any problems related to maintenance of records due to CCE in your school? YES NO If YES Specify
a) Teachers felt that written work is more
b) Teachers felt that this is unnecessary record work
c) Not availability of CCE based records
d) Lack of training to maintain the CCE records
24. Did you face any problem for implementation of CCE according to time table?
YES NO
25. Are you feeling burden to record the student's competencies up to date
YES NO
VI. H.M initiatives in school
26. Did conduct P.T.A (Parent teacher association) meeting for every month?
YES NO
27. Are you facing any problem for conducting of PTA in your school?
YES NO
if yes specify reasons
a) Parents not attending the meetings regularly
b) Lack of co operation from the teachers
c) Lack of sufficient time to conduct parent meeting
d) No use if we conduct the parents meeting
28. Did you facing any problem to conduct school management committee meetings in your school for every two months?
YES NO if yes please specify the reasons
a) SMC members not attending the meetings regularly

b)SMC members not co operating in good manner

c) Lack of sufficient training for SMC members for their roles and responsibilities

29. Did you conducting staff meetings for discussion of the student's progress monthly?

YES NO
VII. Opinions and suggestions
30. Do you think one year is enough to implementation of CCE effectively? YES NO
If no specify reasons
31. As a head master what is your view on CCE? Is it useful to students in present days? Give reasons support your answer
32. Are you thinking that CCE reduce the academic standards of students? YES NO Give reasons support your answer
33. What type of suggestions would you give for better implementation of CCE in scholastic subjects?
34. What type of suggestions would you give for better implementation of CCE in co- scholastic aspects?

35. Are you thinking any changes need in CCE based training for better implementation of CCE?

36. What are the suggestions to effective implementation CCE related to text books?
37).Did you thinking is it good for implementation of CCE higher classes also? YES NO
38. What are your suggestions to the government for implementation of CCE in upper primary schools in effective way?
39) Students feels stress because of CCE" are you accepting this statement? YES NO
40) Teachers feel burden in CCE pattern: are you accepting this statement YES NO

ది మహారాజా నయాజిరావ్ యూనివర్సిటీ ఆఫ్ బరోదా సెంటర్ ఆఫ్ అద్వాన్స్ట్ న్జడీ ఇన్ ఎద్యుకేషన్ (కేస్) వదోదర

అధ్యయనాంశము పేరు: (పాధమికోన్నత పాఠశాలలో నిరంతర నమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనం అమలుపై అధ్యయనం

గౌరవనీయులైన ప్రధానోపాధ్యాయిని / ప్రధానోపాధ్యాయులకు,

నేను సెంటర్ అఫ్ అద్వాన్స్ ద్ స్టరీ ఇన్ ఎద్యుకేషన్లో ఏ. హెచ్.ది చేస్తున్నాను. నా యొక్క పరిశోధన అంశం (పాధమికోన్నత పాఠశాలల్లో నిరంతర సమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనం అమలుపై అధ్యయనం. ఇందులో భాగంగా నేను (పకాశం జిల్లాను ఎంచుకున్నాను. ఈ ప్రశ్నావళి యొక్క ప్రధాన ఉద్దేశ్యం నిరంతర సమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనం అమలులో సమస్యలు తెలుసుకోవదం. కనుక తమరు నా యందు దయ ఉంచి ఈ ప్రశ్నాపతాన్ని జాగ్రత్తగా చదివి తగిన సమాచారాన్ని అందించవలసినదిగా కోరుచున్నాను. ఈ సమాచారమును నేను నా యొక్క ఏ. హెచ్.ది. అద్యయనమునకు మాత్రమే వినియోగించెదను. మీ పేరుగాని, స్యూలు పేరు గాని ఎక్కడా వెల్లడి చేయక గోప్యంగా ఉంచుతానని ప్రమాణం చేస్తున్నాను.

عفي

జె.సర్దార్ పాపారాయుడు

యు.జి.సి.జె.ఆర్.ఎఫ్

ప్రాధమిక నమాచారము

Gender	:	Mate Female
Marital Status	:	Married Unmarried
Stream		Arts Commerce Science
Educational Qualification	:	D.Ed B.A.B.Ed. B.Sc.B.Ed.
M.Sc., B.Ed., M.A., MPhil Ph.D	M.Ed.,	M.Sc.,M.Ed., M.Com.B.Ed.,
Experience as a Head-Mast	ter:	1-5 6-10 11-15 16-20
		21 to 25 26 to above

సిసిఇ అమలుచేయడంలో (వదానోపాధ్యాయుల

నమన్యలకు నంబంధించిన (వశ్నావ(తం

1.	నిరంతర సమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనం అనే భావనను మీరు అవగాహన కలిగిఉన్నారా? అవును 📃 కాడు
2.	నిరంతర సమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనం మీ పాఠశాలలో అమలు చేస్తున్నారా? అవును 🔄 కాదు
3.	నిరంతర సమగ్ర మూల్యాంకనం ఎన్ని సంగరాల నుండి అమలు చేస్తున్నారు?
	(ఎ) 2 సంగలనుండి (బి) 4 సంగల నుండి (సి) 6 సంగల నుండి (డి) 3 సంగల నుండి (ఇ) 6 అంతకంటే ఎక్కువ
4.	మీ పాఠశాలలోని ఉపాధ్యాయులందరు సిసిఇకి సంబంధించిన శిక్షణ పొందారా? అవును 🔤 కాదు
5.	మీ పాఠశాలలో ఉపాద్యాయులెవరైనా సిసిఇకి సంబంధించిన వర్ముషాపుకు హాజరైనారా?అవును 🔤 కాదు
6.	సిసిఇకి సంబంధించిన శిక్షణ వలన మీరు సంతృష్తిగా ఉన్నారా? అవును 🔄 కాదు
	కాదు అయినట్లయితే కారణాలు
	(ఎ) శిక్షణ తక్కువరోజులు ఉండటం
	(బి) శిక్షణలో సరైన వసతులు లేకపోవదం
	(సి) శిక్షణ నామమాత్రంగా ఉండటం
	(ది) రిసోర్పు పర్పన్లకు సరైన అవగాహన లేకపోవడం
	(ఇ) సబ్జెక్నుకు వేరువేరుగా శిక్షణ లేకపోవదం
7.	సిసిఇకి సంబంధించిన శిక్షణ ప్రభుత్వం ఎన్నిరోజులు నిర్వహించింది.
	(ఎ) 3 రోజులు
	(బి) 4-6రోజులు
	(సి) 7-10రోజులు
	(డి) 11 మరియు అంతకంటే ఎక్కువ
8.	సిసిఇకి సంబంధించిన శిక్షణలో భాగంగా నాన్స్రోలాస్టిక్ సబ్జెక్ట్రే అయిన విలువల విద్య, కంప్యూటర్ విద్య, కళలు మరియు పని విద్యకు సంబంధించిన శిక్షణ ఏమైనా ఇచ్చినారా? అవును కాదు
9.	సిసిఇకి సంబంధించిన శిక్షణ పెంచితే బాగుండు అని అనుకుంటున్నారా? అవును 🔤 కాదు

10.	మీరు అన్ని సబ్జెక్టుల సిసిఇ మాన్యువల్స్ పొం	ది ఉన్నారా?	అవును 🔄 కాదు
	అవును అయినట్లయితే బిక్ చేయంది.		
	(ఎ) తెలుగు మామ్యవల్	(ఇ) సోషల్స్ట్రదీస్ మాన్యువల్	
	(బి) హిందీ మాన్యువల్	(ఎఫ్) ఆరోగ్యం మరియు వ్యాయామ విద	్య చూన్యువల్
	(సి) ఇంగ్లీష్ మాన్యువల్	(జి) పని, కంప్యూటర్ విద్య మాన్యువల్	
	(ది) లెక్కలు మాన్యువల్	(హెచ్) విలువలు మరియు జీవన నైపుణా	్యల చూన్యువల్
11.	మీ పాఠశాలలో అన్ని సబ్జెక్నులు బోధించదాని	కి ఉపాధ్యాయులు సరిపద ఉన్నారా?	అవును 🔄 కాదు
	కాదు అయినట్లయితే అవసరమైన ఉపాధ్యాయ		
	(ఎ) రెలుగు	(జి) కళావిద్య	
	(బి) హింది	(హెచ్) పని విద్య	
	(సి) ఇంగ్లీష్	(ఖ) కంప్యూటర్ విద్య	
	(ది) లెక్కలు	(జె) ఆరోగ్య మరియు వ్యాయావ	, ವಿದ್ಯ
	(ఇ) సైన్ను		
	(ఎఫ్) సోషల్ స్టరీస్		
12.	మీ పాఠశాలలో సిసిఇకి అమలు చేయదానికి	అవసరమైన వసతులు ఉన్నాయా? అవున	ల కాదు 🗌
	కాదు అయినట్లయితే		
	(ఎ) సరిపదినన్ని తరగతి గదులు లేకపోవటం		
	(బి) ప్రయోగశాలలు లేకపోవటం		
	(సి) గ్రంధాలయం లేకపోవటం		
13.	సిసిఇని సమర్ధవంతంగా అమలుచేయదానికిగ	గాను ప్రభుత్వం నుంచి సరిపదనంత నిధుల	ను పొందుతున్నారా?
		అవున	ు 🔄 కాదు
14.	సిసి విధానంలో బోధించదానికిగాను, బోధనా		
	(గాంటు ఇస్తుందా?	అపున	
15.	ఫార్మటివ్ ఎనాల్యయేషన్ నిర్వహించడానికి కీ		
		అవున	ు కాదు
	అవును అయినట్లయితే		
	(ఎ) తరగతిలో విద్యార్ధులు ఎక్కువగా ఉండకి		
	(బి) సరైన పరికరాలు (టూల్స్) అందుబాటు		
	(సి) రికార్నలు నిర్వహించదం కష్టంగా ఉంద	too	
	(ది) తగిన సమయం ఉపాధ్యాయులకు లేకవి	శ్వదం	
	(ఇ) సిలబస్ ఎక్కువగా ఉందటం		1

16	విద్యాస్థాయి తక్కువగలవారికి మీరు ఎలాంటి విధాన్నానైనా పాటిస్తున్నారా? అవుసు 🚺 కాదు 🧾	
	అవుసు అయినట్లయితే	
	(ఎ) రెమిడియల్ తరగతుల నిర్వహణ	
	(బి) స్టైడీ అవర్లు నిర్వహించడం	
	(సి) కౌన్ఫిలింగ్ చేయదం	
	(డి) వారి గురించి అలోచించానికి సమయం లేకపోవడం	
17	సిసిఇ విధానంలో ఉపాధ్యాయులే ప్రశ్నాపత్రాలు తయారు చేసుకోవదం అనే నిబంధన మీకు కష్టంగా అనిపిస్తుందా?	
	అవును 🗾 కాదు	
	అవును అయినట్లయితే	
	(ఎ) ఉపాధ్యాయులకు సరైన సమయం లేకపోవడం	
	(బి) ప్రభుత్వం ప్రత్నాపత్రాలకు తగిన దబ్బులు ఇవ్వకపోవదం	
	(సి) ప్రత్నాప్తతం తయారీకి తగిన శిక్షణ లేకపోవడం	
18	వివిధ సబ్జెక్టును (స్కాలాస్టిక్ సబ్జెక్టు)ను సమర్ధవంతంగా అమలు చేయదంలో మీరు ఏమైనా సమస్యలు ఎదుర్కొంటున్నారా?	
	అవును 🔄 కాదు	
	అవును అయినట్లయితే	
	(ఎ) సరిపద ఉపాధ్యాయులు లేకపోవదం	
	(బి) సరిపద తరగతి గదులు లేకపోవదం	
	(సి) రికార్డు వర్శులు ఎక్కువగా ఉండటం	
	(ది) అందరి విద్యార్ధులను మూల్యాంకనం చేయదం కష్టంగా ఉందటం	
	(ఇ) ప్రయోగశాలలు లేకపోవదం	
	(ఎఫ్) సిలజస్ ఎక్కువగా ఉందటం	
19	ఆరోగ్య మరియు వ్యాయామ విద్య అమలు చేయదంలో మీ పాఠశాలలో మీరు ఏమైనా సమస్యలు ఎదుర్కొంటున్నారా?	
	అవును 🗾 కాదు	
	అవును అయినట్లయితే	
	(ఎ) ఉపాధ్యాయుడు లేకపోవడం	
	(బి) ప్రత్యేక గది లేకపోవడం	
	(సి) సరిపదనన్ని ఆటవస్తువులు లేకపోవదం	
	(డి) గ్రౌండ్ లేకపోవడం	
	(ఇ) ప్రతి విద్యార్ధి హెల్త్ కార్డు మెయిన్ట్రెష్ట్ కష్టంగా ఉందటం	

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20. కళలు మరియు పనివిధ్యను అమలు చేయదంలో మీ పాఠశాలలో మీరు ఏమైనా సమస్యలు ఎదుర్కొంటున్నారా?

	(ఎ) ఉపాధ్యాయుడు లేకపోవదం	అవును 🔄 కాదు 🦳
	(బి) ప్రత్యేకగది లేకపోవదం	
	(సి) సరిపడినన్నియ ముడి వస్తువులు లేకపోవడం	
	(ది) సరైన శిక్షణ లేకపోవదం	
	(ఇ) నరైన పుస్తకాలు లేకపోవడం	
21.	. విలువల విద్య జీవననైపుణ్యాలు అమలుచేయదంలో మీరేమైనా సం	టన్యలు ఎదుర్కొంటున్నారా? అవును కాదు
	అవును అయినట్లయితే	
	(ఎ) ఉపాధ్యాయలు లేకపోవడం	
	(బి) సరైన పుస్తకాలు లేకపోవడం	
	(సి) శిక్షణ లేకపోవడం	
22.	కంప్యూటర్ ఎద్యుకేషన్ను అమలుచేయదంలో మీ పాఠశాలలో మీర	పైనా సమస్యలను ఎదుర్కొంటున్నారా?
		అవును 🔤 కాదు
	అవును అయినట్లయితే	
	(ఎ) ప్రత్యేక ఉపాధ్యాయులు లేకపోవడం	
	(బి) తగినన్ని కంప్యూలర్లు లేకపోవడం	
	(సి) కంప్యూటర్కు సంబంధించిన బుక్స్ లేకపోవదం	
	(ఇ) కరెంటు వసతి లేకపోవదం	
	(ఎఫ్) ఇంటర్నెట్ వసతి తేకపోవడం	
	(జి) సరైన శిక్షణ లేకపోవడం	
23,	సిసిఇ విధానం అమలు చేయదం వలన మీ పాఠశాలలో రికార్డుల ని	గ్వహణలో ఏమైనా సమస్యలు ఎదుర్కొంటున్నారా?
		అవును కాదు
	అవును అయినట్లయితే	
	(ఎ) ద్రాతపూర్వకమైన పని ఎక్కువగా ఉందని ఉపాధ్యాయులు ఖావి	ంచదం
	(బి) అనవసమైన రికార్న వర్క్ అని ఉపాధ్యాయులు భావించదం.	
	(సి) సరైన రికార్డలు అందుబాటులో లేకపోవదం.	
	(ఇ) రికార్డులు నిర్వహణపై శిక్షణ లేకపోవడం	
24.	సిసిఇ విధానాన్ని టైంటేబుల్ ప్రకారం అమలు చేయదాన్ని మీరు ఇక	్బందిగా భావిస్తన్నారా?అవును కాదు

25.	విద్యార్తుల సామర్యాలను ఎప్పటికప్పుడు తెలుసుకొని రికార్డులను పొందుపరచడంలో మీరు ఇబ్బందిగా భావిస్తున్నారా?
	అవును 📃 కాదు
96	ట్రతినెల మీ పాఠశాలలో ఉపాధ్యాయ - తల్లదండ్రుల సమావేశాలు నిర్వహిస్తున్నారా? అవును 👘 కాదు
27.	మీ పాఠశాలలో ఉపాధ్యాయ – తల్లిదంద్రుల సమావేశాలు నిర్వహించడంలో ఏమైనా సమస్యలు ఎదుర్కొంటున్నారా? అవును 🦳 కాదు
	అవును అయినట్లయితే
	(ఎ) తల్లిదండ్రుల సమావేశానికి సరిగ్గా హాజరుకాకపోవడం
	(బి) ఉపాధ్యాయుల నుండి సరైన ట్రోత్సాహం లేకపోవడం
	(సి) తగిన సమయం తేకపోవడం
	(డి) సమావేశం ఏర్పాటుచేసినా ప్రయోజనం లేకపోవడం.
28.	మీ పాఠశాలలో పాఠశాల యాజమాన్యం సమావేశాలు (యస్.యం.సి.) నిర్వహించుటలో ఎలాంటి సమస్యలు
	ఎదుర్కొంటున్నారు.
	(ఎ) యస్.యం.సి. సభ్యులు సరిగా హాజరుకాకపోవటం
	(బి) యస్.యం.సి. సభ్యులు తగిన (పోత్సాహం ఇవ్వకపోవదం
	(సి) యస్.యం.సి. సభ్యులకు తగిన శిక్షణ లేకపోవదం
29.	మీ పాఠశాలలో ఉపాధ్యాయ సమావేశాలలో విద్యార్ధుల (పగతి గురించి చర్చిస్తున్నారా? అవును 🔛 కాడు 🦲
30.	సిసిఇని సమర్ధవంతంగా నిర్వహించాలంటే ఒక సంగము సరిపోతుందని మీరు భావిస్తున్నారా? అవుసు కాదు
	కాదు అయినట్లయితే కారణాలు ద్రాయంది.
31.	ట్రస్తుత పోటీ ట్రపంచంలో సిసిఇ అనే నూతన విధానం విద్యార్థులకు ఉపయోగపడుతుందా? అవును కారు
	మీ సమాధానానికి సరైన కారణాలు స్పష్టం చేయంది?

32. సిసిఇ అనేది పిల్లల అకడమిక్ స్టాండర్స్ తగ్గిస్తాయని మీరు భావిస్తున్నారా? అవుసు 🗌 కాదు
స్పష్టం చేయంది
33. స్మాలాస్టిక్ (తరగతిలో బోధించేవి) మీరు మీ పాఠశాలలో సమర్ధవంతంగా అమలుచేయదానికి తగిన సూచనలు ఇవ్వంది?
34. నాన్స్హోలాస్ట్రిక్ సబ్జైక్నులను సమర్ధవంతంగా అమలుచేయదానికి తగిన సూచనలు ఇవ్వంది?
35. సిసిఇ సంబంధించిన శిక్షణా కార్యక్రమములో ఎలాంటి మార్పులు అవసరమని మీరు భావిస్తున్నారు?
36. సిసిఇని సమర్ధవంతంగా అమలుచేయదానికి పార్యపుస్తకాలకు సంబంధించి మీరిచ్చే సూచనలు ఏమి?
••••••

37.	సిసిఇ అనే దానిని పై తరగతులలో గూదా అమలుచేస్తే బాగుంటుందని మీరు భావిస్తున్నారా?అవును కాదు
	సిసిఇ అమలు సమర్ధవంతంగా చేయదానికి ప్రభుత్వం ఇంకా ఏమి చేస్తే బాగుంటుందో తగిన సూచనలు ఇవ్వంది?
39 .	సిసిఇ వలన విద్యార్ధలు ఒత్తిడికి గురవుతున్నారు అనే విషయంలో మీరు ఏకిభవిస్తారా? అవును 📃 కాదు 📄
	సిసిఇ అనేది ఉపాధ్యాయులకు చాలా భారం అనే దాంట్లో మీరు ఏకీళవిస్తారా? అవును 🚺 కాదు

APPENDIX-K

Centre of Advanced Study in Education Faculty of Education and Psychology The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda Vadodara-390002

J. Sardar Paparayudu UGC - JRF Department of Education, CASE The M.S. University of Baroda, Vadodara.

TITLE OF THE STUDY: A STUDY OF IMPLEMENTATION OF CONTINUIOUS AND COMPRAHENSIVE EVALUATION AT UPPER PRIMARY SCHOOLS IN ANDHRA PRADESH.

SEMI-STRUCTURE INTERVIEW FOR ADMINISTRATORS (M.E.O.s) ON PROBLEMS OF IMPLEMENTATION OF CCE AT UPPER PRIMARY SCHOOLS Respected sir/madam

I am a pursing Ph.D. at Centre of Advanced Study in Education (CASE), Faculty of Education and Psychology, The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda, Vadodara .Title of my research topic is A STUDY OF IMPLEMENTATION OF CONTINUOUS AND COMPRAHENSIVE EVALUATION AT UPPER PRIMARY SCHOOLS IN ANDHRA PRADESH. For which I am collecting data from Mandal Educational Officers in Prakasam district, Andhra Pradesh. The purpose of this structured Interview is to know the problems and difficulties of administrators while implementing CCE in schools. I would request you to share your knowledge and experience that how the CCE is being implementing at upper primary level in your Mandal.

PERSONAL INFORMATION

Name of the administrator	:
Name of the Mandal	:
Location	: Urban 🗌 Rural 🗌
Educational qualification	:
Sex	: Male Female
Age	:
Experience as M.E.O : 0-5 Years	6-10 11-15 16-20

STRUCTURED INTERVIEW FOR MANDAL EDUCATIONAL OFFICERS

1. What are the problems are you facing for conducting CCE training in your Mandal?

2. Do observe any difficulty implementation of CCE grading system from teacher's side in your Mandal.

3. What type of problems you identified related to infrastructural facilities in upper primary schools?

4. What type of problems you identified in upper primary schools for conducting formative and summative assessment?

5. What type of problems you identified from the teachers side regarding maintenance of records in CCE pattern?

6. What are the problems are you facing in your Mandal related to implementation of co-scholastic aspects?

7. What do you feel about CCE is it useful to students for all round development?

8. Please give some suggestions for better implementation CCE in upper primary school?

APPENDIX-L

Focused Group Discussion

The Focused Group Discussion with teachers was conducted to upper primary school teachers to discuss on the different problems of implementation of CCE. Further it probed to in depth discussion in various aspects of problems in implementation of CCE. Teachers actively participated and discussed their ideas on CCE, these are namely Problems related to examinations Problems related to text books, and syllabus Problems related to formative assessment Problems related to grading system Problems related to students on completion of given work Problems related to maintenance of record work Problems related to non scholastic aspects Final suggestions for improvement

APPENDIX-M



THE MAHARAJA SAYAJIRAO UNIVERSITY OF BARODA CERTIFICATE

[As per O.Ph.D. 2 under UGC (Minimum Standards and Procedure for Awards of M.Phil./Ph.D. Degree) Regulation, 2009 for 15 Credits to be earned by Ph.D. Scholars]

This is to certify that Sardar Paparayudu J., Research Scholar, registered under UGC (*Minimum Standards and Procedure for Awards of M.Phil./Ph.D. Degree) Regulation, 2009*, vide Registration Certificate Number 194 dated 11/07/2013, for pursuing Ph.D. on has undertaken and completed the course work with the Grade B.

STATEMENT OF CREDITS EARNED

Name of Research Scholar: Sardar Paparayudu J.

Faculty/Institution: Faculty of Education And Psychology

Department: Department of Education

Paper Number	Course Title	Course Credits	Grade Earned
Core Cou	urses – 09 Credits [Offered At University Level]		
١.	Introduction To Research & Research Writings	3	В
П.	Introduction To Basic Computer Functions & Application For Research Purposes	3	В
III.	Quantitative Research Techniques & Data Analysis	3	D
Departm	ental Courses – 06 Credits [Offered at Departmental Le	vel]	
IV.	Review of Related Literature	3	A
V.	Conceptual Framework	3	В
	Ove	rall Grade	В

ACA3/38 Date of Issue: 02-06-2015 Place: Vadodara

Registrar (

Grade	Grade Points	Range
0	10	Above 9.01
A	9	8.01 - 9.00
В	-8	7.01 - 8.00
С	7	6.01 - 7.00
D	6	5.01 - 6.00
E	5	4.01 - 5.00
F	4	Below 4.00

Grade Conversion Table and Grade Calculation Formula

1

 $Overall \ Grade = \frac{\sum (Grade \ Po \ int \ s \times Credits)}{\sum Credits}$

APPENDIX-N

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JOURNAL OF EDUCATION AND DEVELOPMENT Multi-disciplinary, Peer Reviewed Journal

JAKIR HOSSAIN B. ED. COLLEGE

P. O.– Miapur, Ghorsala, Dist. – Murshidabad, West Bengal, India, Pin – 742225

CONTINUOUS AND COMPREHENSIVE EVALUATION IN CBSE SCHOOLS AND SCHOOLS OF ANDHRA PRADESH

Dr. R.S.Mani (R.Subramani Mudaliar)

Professor in Education and J.Sardar Paparayudu, UGC Research Fellow CASE, Department of Education, Faculty of Education and Psychology, The Maharaja Sayajirao University of Baroda, Vadodara-390 002

Abstract

The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act (RTE) being implemented since 2010 gives an opportunity for creating schools that are more 'child-centered' where the child is feeling that he/she is valued and included, happy and confident, and enjoy learning without fear. Learning should be linked to children's lives, through activities that help them to observe, question, discuss, think and discover new things for themselves. In order to bring about the holistic development in the child the Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation is being suggested for implemented in all CBSE schools of India. In this paper an attempt is made to clarify the concept of Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation in the context of Résumé of the problems of continuous and comprehensive evaluation in schools of Andhra Pradesh is discussed for the implementation.

Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation in CBSE schools: Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation(CCE) is an system newly introduced by Central Board of Secondary Education in India for students of sixth to tenth grades to ensure that the students study continuously and tested frequently followed by feedback for the appropriate targeting of achievements in different areas of knowledge. The main aim of the CCE is to evaluate every aspect of the child during their presence at the school. This will ensure that the student will have reduced pressure of examination for he/she has been tested throughout the year with multiple tests and most of the syllabus is covered in different tests and examination without any repetition occurring resulting in a continuum of learning. This method of evaluation will bring more consciousness in teachers and students.

The Right of Children to Free and Compulsory Education Act (RTE) being implemented since 2010 gives an opportunity for creating schools that are more 'child-centered' where the child is feeling that he/she is valued and included, happy and confident, and enjoy learning without fear. Learning should be linked to children's lives, through activities that help them to observe, question, discuss, think and discover new things for themselves. In order to bring about the holistic development in the child of this kind the marking system is abolished and grading system of 9 point grade is being implemented. For this purpose, RTE also requires that all schools should implement an evaluation system called Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE). It is believed that CCE has been found to be better way of ensuring every child's holistic learning in a happy and stress-free environment.

The continuous and comprehensive evaluation entails that the teachers observe children's progress as they teach and assess children's progress every day by observing, asking questions.

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facilitating activities, giving small assignments, projects, or tests. This will enable the teacher to find early the problems of the children to diagnose and provide the remedial instruction needed for the specific children. The teacher could change the teaching method considering the needs of the students and use multi-modal instruction to facilitate better learning. The continuous comprehensive evaluation tries to focus on the understanding of the child and providing feedback to the child continuously for developing self confidence and better ability to achieve. The CCE tries to relate the experiences to the real life for children realizing the problems and issues in the context of learning for example, the need for cleaning water and ensure the potable water is clean to drink. The involvement of the student in the activities help the child to observe the reality outside the school and ask a question concerning the contrast seen in reality. The values that are taught in the school and the values being practiced in the society differs that creates the gap in understanding to the child. The scheme of the Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation of CBSE schools is shown in Table No.1.

Table No.1 Showing Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation in CBSE schools

	of Education CBSE Examinations
Formative Tests in a year	: 4
Summative Tests in a year	: 2
Scale of Grading	: 9 points
Grades being implemented	$: 6^{th} to 10^{th}$
	Course
Main Subjects	 English, Mathematics, Physics, Chemistry, Biology, History, Civics, Geography and Economics.
Additional Subjects (Optional	al): Assamese, Bengali, Gujarati, Kashmiri, Kannada, Marati,
	Malayalam, Manipuri, Oriya, Punjabi, Sindhi, Tamil.
	Telugu, Urdu, Sanskrit, Arabic, Persian, French, Tibetan,
	German, Portuguese, Russian, Spanish, Nepali, Limbo,
	Lepcha, Bhutia and Mizo.

Source: http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Continuous_and_comprehensive_evaluation.

The Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation also tries to assess the other aspects of a child's all-round development such as their values, confidence, leadership skills, their talent in sports, music, dance, arts and drama, their participation in schools activities and events. Children need to interact with each other to know their abilities, compare, contrast, and view in a healthy co-operative ways to progress. The individual differences are unique in character and it needs to be properly observed, nurtured and promoted for being more prominent in growth and development of the child. Children learn many things from their peers, discussion with others. It needs to be captured in the evaluation properly for the growth of the child. The environment must provide opportunity for the child to interact more with the peers. It must facilitate interaction with others in more academic ways to enhance their learning. An example may be development of the skills exhibited outside the school is equally important and the child may be allowed to observe and learn a few in simulation in the school in the able guidance of a teacher or a skilled person called for that purpose to the school. The Table No.2 provides the comparison between the traditional examination system and the Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation.

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Traditional Examination System	Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation
Examinations are terminal in character and term end examination gives no time for the child to improve further in learning.	Evaluation is continuous that allows the teacher and student to make the corrections needed and change their method of interaction. It helps in identifying the levels of learners and teacher could give support to make sure that the children will learn better.
Children constantly feel anxious by the fear of the examinations.	Children are not anxious for they are better prepared. Continuous assessment gives them confidence to do better.
Children are blamed for their poor performance and due their failure in achievement they may drop out of the school.	The school takes the responsibility for the achievement of the children. The teacher provides the required help at the right time and makes it sure that every child will learn according to ones capacity. Failures are considerably reduced. They get opportunity to pass the test in the next attempt.
It focuses on the scholastic achievement tested through the paper pencil test.	It focuses on the all-round development of the child (in sports, arts, music, values, etc.) in addition to academic achievement.
Parents come to know of their children's achievement and progress at the end of the year. It makes them helpless and frustrated.	Parents are able to meet the teachers regularly to discuss their children's progress through face to face interaction and meetings at least 2-3 times a year
In this system, child is severally discriminated by the system of marking.	In CCE grading system is used. Children are classifying in groups that shows more progress.
The child will not get opportunity to improve on the knowledge of the weakness, less achievement, due to various reasons such as health, inadequate preparation, excessive anxiety during examination.	The CCE provides opportunity for self assessment and teacher helps the child to grow and ultimately there are very less chances of the failure of the child.
Tests and examination scores are counted for the	In CCE, some percentage of the progress of the

Table No. 2 Showing Comparison of the traditional examination system and the CCE.

Source: CCE in Right to Education, Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan, Education for all, UNICEF.

progress of the academic year.

achievement is considered for the next year also.

CCE will be implemented as follows:

Expectations from teachers are presented as follows:

- Teacher at the beginning of the year observes each of the child and sets a realistic learning goal for each child to achieve by the year end.
- Teacher considering the learning goal plans his/her teaching and further takes note of the students needs. The teaching activities include many questions, activities for students to perform. Teacher observes the participation and learning of each child.
- Teacher provides various activities, assignments, projects, small tests, etc., and regularly observes and updates their record each week the achievement of the children and goal of the unit. Teacher also tries to find which child requires more help.
- Teacher after analyzing the observations thinks of the additional help needed for each child. Teacher tries to provide the necessary environment to the child to perform. Children are given activities to practice helping the child learn.
- The teacher will consolidate the progress of each child in the form of a progress report card to be shared with parents periodically to discuss and give feedback to the child. The strengths and weaknesses are assessed to find the alternatives for the support required for each of the child. The sample of their work (project work, notebook, art work etc) is shown to their parents for getting an idea of the holistic development.

Under RTE, teachers have been made accountable for students' learning. Section 24 of the RTE Act says that all teachers are required to attend school regularly and punctually, complete the curriculum in a timely manner, assess each child's learning progress through CCE, provide extra help to children who need it and regularly meet with parents to share their children's progress. Teachers will be given training and academic support by the school system on how to implement CCE, including how to assess through activities and projects, maintain records and ensure every child learns.

Role of Parents in CCE: The Right to Education Act provides every child a fundamental right to receive child-centred, quality education. This means that every school has to implement CCE such that the child gets the required support or help when needed and continue learning. Teachers will need some time to understand this concept of CCE and implement slowly. The parents need to help the teacher in realizing the goal. Parents need to support the school for facilitating the implementation of the CCE. Some of the ways parents could help in this process are as follows:

- Parents need to inquire with the child about the learning in the school. A free talk about the learning and events will bring to focus the development and problems of learning.
- Parents need to on a continuing basis have to observe their note books and home work to see their progress.
- Encourage your child to attend school regularly and participate in school functions and co-curricular activities.
- Make sure that teacher organizes the regular parent-teacher meetings to explain the goals, learning and progress of the child.

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 Child when finds it difficult to learn something, discuss with the teacher about the reasons and try to help child improve together for continuous development.

Goals of CCE in Right to Education, Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan, Education for all, UNICEF

- CCE promotes children's all round development
- CCE helps the Children to be actively involved in learning
- Teacher constantly assesses and helps each child to learn well
- CCE encourages partnership between parents and the school to observe the success of the child.

Right to Education. Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan. Education for all, UNICEF, Unite for Children

Overview of the New Scheme of evaluation CCE: This new system of evaluation replaces the marks with grades providing opportunity for the student to participate in the various activities and get feedback. Teachers become more supportive. Conduct tests frequently, provide observations and feedback for the progress. This includes scholastic activities, and non scholastic activities. The aim is to reduce the workload on students and improve the overall skill and ability of the student by means of evaluation of other activities. The emphasis in evaluation is on the comprehension of the child than the rote learning. Grades are awarded to students based on work experience, skills, dexterity, innovation, steadiness, teamwork, public speaking, behavior etc, .This helps the students who are not good in academics to show their talent in other fields such as arts, humanities, sports, music, athletics, etc. The Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation has ensured the implementation of the nine point grading system in the CBSE schools in India (Table No.3). They are as follows:

Table No. 3 showing the nine point grading scale used for evaluation of school education.

	CGPA Grade:
-	9.1-10.0
1	8.1-9.0
	7.1-8.0
	6.1-7.0
	5.1-6.0
1	4.1-5.0
	3.1-4.0
	2.1-3.0
	1.1-2.0

In the present system of the continuous comprehensive evaluation there are two types tests. They are:

I. Formative tests and 2 Summative tests.

1. Formative tests -these tests are held throughout the year. It comprises the students' work at class and home, student's performance in oral tests and quizzes and the quality of the projects or assignments submitted by the child. Formative tests are conducted four times a year and they carry 40% weight age for the aggregate. In some schools, an additional written test is conducted instead of multiple oral tests. However, at least one oral test is conducted.

2. The summative assessment is a three hour long written test conducted twice an year. The first summative or Summative Assessment I (SA-1) will be conducted after the first two formatives are completed. The second (SA-2) will be conducted after the next two formatives. Each summative will carry a 30% weightage and both together will carry a 60% weightage for the aggregate. The summative assessment will be conducted by the schools itself. However, the question papers will be partially prepared by the CBSE and evaluation of the answer sheets is also strictly monitored by the CBSE. Once completed, the syllabus of one summative will not be repeated in the next. A student will have to concentrate on totally new topics for the next summative.

At the end of the year, the CBSE processes the result by adding the formative score to the summative score, ie.40%+60%=100%.Depending on the percentage obtained, the board will deduce the CGPA and thereby deduce the grade obtained. In addition to the summative assessment, the board will offer an optional online aptitude test that may also be used as a tool along with the grades obtained in the CCE to help students to decide the choice of subjects in further studies. The board has also instructed the schools to prepare the report card and it will be duly signed by the principal, the student and the board official.

The CBSE recently announced that the students need to keep in touch with the current knowledge and for that purpose certain papers will be circulated for reading and improving the comprehension of the students. This is in addition to the paper and pencil test the students will

give about the English language usage and oral skills. It carry's 10% weightage. Atleast once a year the student is tested for the oral skills for development. The test papers are given in two languages namely English and Hindi. CBSE could make attempts to provide it in other recognized Indian regional languages also. The centralized question paper preparation helps the CBSE in providing the question paper on the same day of the examination. This has reduced the copying in the examinations to a considerable extent and schools have become more conscious of the regularity in the examinations. One of the problems that are encountered often is that the resource books are not easily available for the preparation for the students in subjects such as Hindi, Social Studies. Science and Mathematics at secondary level.

Problems of implementation of CCE in Andhra Pradesh State: Considering the National Curriculum Framework (2005), RTE (2009) and the recommendations of the National Knowledge Commission SCERT. Andhra Pradesh prepared a new curriculum namely Andhra Pradesh State Curriculum Framework 2011(APSCF). It includes and recommends the Continuous and comprehensive evaluation in school level assessment. Table No.4 shows the pattern of assessment of CCE in Andhra Pradesh.

Sr. No.	Type of Assessment	Conducted in the month	Assessment process	
1.	Baseline test	June	Written test	
2.	Formative assessment-1	July	Oral assessment	
3.	Formative assessment-2	September	Oral assessment	
4.	Summative assessment-1	October	Oral and written examination	
5.	Formative assessment-3	December	Oral assessment	
6.	Formative assessment-4	February	Oral assessment	
7.	Summative assessment-2	April	Oral and written examination	

Table No. 4 Showing Pattern of Assessment of CCE in Andhra Pradesh

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Baseline Test: It is conducted at the beginning of the academic year to know the competencies of the child of the particular class. Based on this test teacher decides the student achievement level. This test is very useful to the teacher to prepare the teaching learning activities according to the student level. Teacher assesses the student achievement with the help of oral and written tests.

Formative Assessment: Formative assessment is conducted in six academic subjects namely Telugu, Hindi, English, Mathematics, General Science, and Social Studies. Formative assessment is used by the teacher to continuously monitor the student progress and provides the descriptive feedback. Teacher assesses the students' achievement with the help of the written notes, students' diaries, portfolios, activities, assignments, project reports, team activities etc., This test is conducted four times in an academic year.

Summative Assessment: Summative assessment is carried out at the end of the each term for six scholastic subjects. Subjects Assessed in the elementary level (it includes primary and upper primary) are given in the Table No. 5.

1,	First Language (Telugu)	Offered from first standard to Tenth standard and compulsory
2.	Second language(Hindi)	6 th standard to 10 th standard
3.	Third language(English)	5 th standard to 10 th standard(urban 1 st to 10 th)
4.	Mathematics	1 st standard to 10 th standard
5.	General Science	3rd standard to 10th standard
6.	Social Studies	3rd standard to 10th standard
7.	Art education	1st standard to 10th standard
8.	Health education	1st standard to 10th standard
9.	Physical education	1st standard to 10th standard
10.	Music and dance	1st standard to 10th standard
11.	Vocational education	1st standard to 10th standard
12.	Technical education	1 st standard to 10 th standard
13.	Moral education	1 st standard to 10 th standard

Table No.5 Showing the Subjects on offer and assessed in elementary level in Andhra Pradesh

The number of subjects being studied at primary and secondary level is increasing with frequent changes in the syllabi. When more emphasis is placed on the learning of the languages especially the mother tongue. The research evidences and the experience shows that the learning of the mother tongue is weak. The same problem is observed in the learning of the language English. The third language being a foreign language students are not able to understand the linguistic features. Many a time the teachers are also weak in English. They find difficult to get a proper role model for speaking English in rural areas and rural schools. It is further difficult to create an environment at home to speak in English. The language Hindi is considered as the national language. It is equally respected and learnt. However, there is less understanding of the language Hindi. In the sense that the students understand the textual meaning of the words and sentences. They do not get the cultural images properly for interaction is far less. The people speaking Hindi in a linguistically correct manner are also rare. Hindi is not spoken in the home.

The child finds it difficult to learn Hindi. It may be surprising but true that children consider the presentation made in Hindi movies are the models to emulate. There are chances that the children copy the wrong values easily. There is a need for discussion of the civilized way of speaking and discussion in Hindi in schools.

These examinations are conducted by the DSEB (District Schools Examination Board) for two times in an academic year (S.A I & S.A2). The summative test consists of objective type questions, multiple choice questions, and short answer questions. In each subject there are some identified competencies. These competencies are very useful to teach and assess the learner. Table No.6 shows the competencies in different subjects (Primary and Upper Primary).

Telugu	Hindi	English	Mathematics	Science	Social Studies
l Listening, speaking	1 Listening. speaking	I Listening. Speaking	I Problem solving	1.Conceptual understanding	I Conceptual understanding
2 Reading. Speaking with comprehension	2 Reading. Speaking with comprehension	2 Reading Comprehension	2.Give Reasons and proof	2 Asking Question and Making hypothesis	2 Reading Comprehension Interpreting the text
3 Writing	3 Writing	3 Correction Of Writing	3 Expressions	3 Experi- Mentation and Field investigation	3 Information Skills Responding in Social and Contemporary Issues
4 Vocabulary	4 Vocabulary	4 Creative Writing	4 Solutions	4 information Skills and Projects	4 Mapping. Skills.Picture Reading skills
5 Creative expression	5.Creative expression	5. Vocabulary		5.CommunicaTion through Drawing-Model making	5 ApprectaTion and Sensitive
6 Identifying The phrases and expression Appreciation And Project work		6.Grammatical Awareness		6 Appreciation Or aesthetic Sense values	
				7 Application To daily Life-concern To bio diversity	

Table No.6 showing the competencies in different subjects (Primary and Upper Primary).

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The Co-scholastic aspects are also as important as that of the scholastic aspects for the wholistic development of the child. The co-scholastic aspects are presented in the Table No.7.

Table No.7 Showing Co-Scholastic Aspects

1.Art	2.Music	3.Physical	4.Health	5.Work	6.Computer	7.Moral
Education	and Dance	Education	Education	Education	Education	Education
Drawing & Colouring The pictures Preparing models and figures	Singing Songs Exhibiting Local art DramatizTio n,role play.mime Utilization Of vocal	Following Therules & regulaTion s Game Spirit And Apprecia- Tion Special skills	Physica DeveloMet Personality Cleanliness Environ- Mental Cleanliness Health & Food hits	Preparation Of Models And Oects Utilization Of Tools & Materials Utilization Of Human Resources Participating	Learning Through Computer Usage of computer	Discrimina tive knowledge friendliness patience and kindness Protection of the Human Rights and

Three point grading scale i.e. A,B,C(A=Excellent,B=Average,C=Under achiever) are used for Measuring Co-scholastic achievement in schools.

Table No.8 showing the five point grading scale for measuring scholastic achievement in schools Of Andhra Pradesh

Grade	Grade Range	Points	In the form of marks	Student progress
A +	3.50 to 4.00	4	Above 70	Out standing
A	2.50 to3.49	3	61-70	Excellent
B+	1.50 to 2.49	2	51-60	Good
В	0.5 to 1.49	1	41-50	Fair
С	0 to 0.49	0	Below 40	Need help

This five point grading scale i.e.A+,A,B+. B and C are used for measuring scholastic achievement Of students in schools.

Problems of implementation of CCE in Andhra Pradesh:

Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation was introduced in schools of Andhra Pradesh from the year 2011. The CCE is a reform in examination that provides feedback to teachers and students. Teachers need to prepare two formative tests in the first semester and one summative test. Similarly, teachers have to prepare two formative tests and one summative test at the second semester. Each of the tests is cumulative in nature. The summative assessment score gets considerably reduced due to the weight age given to the formative tests.

There are certain problems in implementation of CCE in Andhra Pradesh.

- The Department of Education has introduced CCE as a reform in evaluation and examination. All teachers are not oriented to CCE.lt may take 2 to 3 years to orient all the teachers in Andhra Pradesh.
- CCE does not have separate grant from the government. When government gives separate developmental or contingency grant for CCE or makes an award of Rs .1000/- to each class teacher for a year for the quality improvement of CCE the teacher made tests will improve in its quality.
- Students are not used to many tests. They hardly understand cumulative nature of the tests.
 They need to be properly oriented about the tests.
- Activities introduced along with the tests every week is more time consuming and resource oriented and students find it difficult to coup up with the pressure on time, effort and feedback on assessment. However, when the school and teacher combined way make earnest efforts students and parents could be convinced of the use of the tests, activities, and quality improvement in learning.
- CCE includes scholastic and co-scholastic aspects. The scholastic aspects are rather clearly measured with tests and interview (for example, Assessment on speaking and listening in English). The Co-scholastic aspects such as regularity, punctuality and sincerity, honesty and values are rather difficult to measure. It becomes hard for the teacher to keep the record continuously throughout the year. It is further difficult to develop the individual profile of students. For the primary class to the secondary level, each class has an average size of around 60 students. Sometimes, at secondary level the strength of the class increases to 70. This is a large class difficult to maintain and conduct CCE effectively.
- School is able to provide for the expenses of the first term end examination(summative test-1) and the second term end examination(summative test-11). The formative test design, preparation, conduct of tests, evaluation and feedback expenditure comes on the personal expenditure of the teacher concerned in the subject. Teachers find it difficult to meet the expenditure resulting in lesser quality of CCE.
- Schools do not have required adequate facilities for CCE(for example, a separate room for keeping the examination records, question papers, invigilation schedules, grade sheets, attendance etc,.).Many elementary schools and some lower secondary schools in rural area do not have science laboratory, science kit and equipment, apparatus, chemicals and reagents. The principal has to adjust the expenditure against the contingency grant, laboratory fees, and miscellaneous expenditure.
- Many schools have established computer laboratory. But, these computers are not used for science laboratory experiments. There is a lack of mind set among teachers. Teachers of science feel that they are more empowered and they do not want to use computers in the laboratory. The computer teacher gets lesser salary or sometimes, on temporary contract that leads to low self esteem. This hierarchy created comes in the way of implementing CCE.Testing through LAN network or online testing is less appreciated by teachers and principal.

- There is no adequate training and supervision of CCE implementation. The number of subject experts, Assistant Education Officer's and District Education Officer are far less in comparison to the growing number of schools and students. Further, the CCE is more thought of as a government school examination reform. Majority of the primary schools are in rural area under the gram panchayat and at the district level-Mandal in Andhra Pradesh. This is a wrong notion created to hinder the progress of CCE.
- There seems to be more qualitative difference between the CCE organized by Government schools (Panchayat and Mandal schools in rural areas) and the Private (Public) schools in terms of facilities, finance, participation and programme planning and implementation for increasing the effectiveness.
- There are no incentives for teachers to implement CCE in elementary schools.
- There is no concession for the girls, SC, S.T children (5%) and OBC children including minorities such as Muslims, Christians, Parsis, and Sindhis etc.
- This programme may not empower the impoverished children performing on the low achievement or an average achievement. The achievement of girls in rural area is considerably low and the achievement of Panchayat schools is on a majority low to very low. Some schools show average achievement. The CCE becomes leverage for increasing the pass outs and showing little more on overall improvement in school achievement percentage.

Suggestions to Improve Implementation of CCE:

- Teachers and students need to be continuously oriented for CCE through conducting workshop, seminar, publication in journal and books, activities.
- There is a need to create nodal centres in each district with more resources for communication and dissemination.
- Teachers need to be trained purposively in writing objective type questions. Constructing
 questions in a correct language and its translation into Hindi, Telugu, Urdu or English is
 very essential.
- CCE must be included in the regular pre service teacher training programme and appropriate facilities must be provided for the adequate preparation of teachers.
- Teachers and students need to plan for the projects involving scholastic areas.
- There is a need to prepare an index of websites on evaluation, CCE and related scholastic and non-scholastic aspects for the easy reference and downloading.
- There is a need for developing resource material for teachers and students on CCE pattern for example, subject manuals, laboratory manuals-science, computer education etc..
- There is a need to train and appoint staff for monitoring the implementation of CCE.Department of Education, Government of Gujarat; Gandhinagar has created a committee to accredit schools in Gujarat. Attempts have been made to classify schools based on quality. One important feature considered is CCE and quality programmes.Quality Council of India for schools has been already working on this idea and accrediting the schools through team visit to schools.
- There is a need for developing computer software for students and teachers with easy and simple access, training and guidance for implementation.

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- Allotment of one or more periods in a week for co-scholastic aspects for elementary and lower secondary for example, Art education and Dance and Music, Moral Education etc.
- There is a need to clearly spell out the finer components of vocational education and vocational skills for elementary and lower secondary students in consonance with the CCE pattern.
- Adequate number of teachers needs to be appointed specifically in scholastic and nonscholastic areas.
- There is a need to create a CCE learning centre for the schools in a group of three districts as a cluster.
- EDUSAT could be used for training teachers in service on CCE and providing detailed instructional modules for training and implementation (Mani,R.S.2013).
- Efforts have already been made to create Interactive Teaching Terminal through NCERT network (There are 90 interactive teaching terminals already installed under NCERT network for school education)(Mani,R.S.2013).
- There is a need to develop some standardized tools to evaluate CCE.
- The theory examiner and the examination room under CBSE School could be utilized for quality implementation of CCE.

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APPENDIX-O



INTERNATIONAL JOURNAL OF EDUCATION FOR THE FUTURE (IJEF)

(A Quarterly/ Peer Reviewed/ Multidisciplinary Journal)

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Guidelines for Contributors

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Problems of the Teachers on Implementation of CCE based Text books at Primary level in Prakasam district of Andhra Pradesh

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ABSTRACT

Education is the instrument for change of human behaviour. Education is need for every human being living in the society. The ultimate goal of education is all round development of the child. It means development of cognitive domain, affective domain and psychomotor domain. Comprehensive development can be possible through continuous and comprehensive evaluation. The right and free compulsory education 2009 and NCF 2005 also strongly recommended for implementation of CCE at school level. Based on the central government guidelines government of Andhra Pradesh introduced CCE at elementary level from the academic year 2010-11.Andhra Pradesh SCERT prepared CCE based text books for all subjects at elementary level. Text books are the source for getting knowledge in any level of the education. In this context providing good knowledge for the students is the primary responsibility of the teachers. Implementation of the CCE based text books at field level is an important aspect for teachers. The present proposed research paper discuss about problems of the teachers while implementing CCE based text books at elementary level. The present proposed paper also discusses the ways for strengthening the CCE based text books for better implementation. The major findings of the present study are majority of the teachers having awareness about implementation of continuous evaluation. Majority of the teachers reported content given in the text books at primary level is it very difficult to understand the students Majority of the teachers think that for teaching CCE based primary school text books requires more number. Majority of the teachers feel that English text books very difficult at primary level. Most of the teachers said that in the Multy class teaching is major barrier for effective implementation of CCE. Majority of the teachers CCE based text books are connected to life and also useful to students to get more knowledge.

Key words: Education, all round development, implementation, text books, primary level.

INTRODUCTION

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The main aim of the civilization is the overall development of the society. Education can play a major role for individual development. The central and state governments implementing number of programmes like SSA, RMSA, RUSA etc. are provide universal education. The present society is rapidly changing. Society also requires capable persons to lead forward. Education provides basic potential to children. NCF (2005) says that "The basic concern of education to enable children, to make sense of life and develop their potential, to define and pursue a purpose and recognise the right of others to do the same" and NPE (1986) "in our national perception education is essentially for all this is material and spiritual". All round development is the ultimate goal of present education. It means development of cognitive, affective, and psychomotor domains. These three domains lead

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children in holistic way. Assessment of all domains is very necessary in school level. For that Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation (CCE) will help to know the all round development of the child. CCE is the new paradigm shift in the field of evaluation.

CONCEPT OF CCE

The concept of CCE was recommended by many commissions and Committees like the hunter Commission (1882), Hartog committee report (1929), Sadler commission(1944), Secondary Education Commission(1952-1953), Kothari Commission(1964-1966), and emphasized by National Policy on Education (1986) and National Curriculum Framework (2005) is also given importance to implementation of continuous and comprehensive evaluation in schools. RTE (2009) clearly mentioned in that document "implementation of the continuous and comprehensive evaluation at elementary stage".

Continuous and Comprehensive Evaluation is the school based evaluation of a student that covers all aspects of the development of the child. The growth and development of the child personality should be an integral part of the teaching learning process and it should be an integral part of the total teaching learning process and it should spread over the entire span of education session. The term **Continuous** means evaluation of the identified aspects of student growth and development is continuous process rather than an event, built into the total teaching learning process and spread over the entire span of academic session. It means regularity of the assessment, frequently of unit testing, diagnosis of learning gaps, use of corrective measures, re testing and feedback of evidence to teacher and student for their self evaluation. **Comprehensive** means the scheme attempt to cover both scholastic and co-scholastic aspects of the students growth and development. **Evaluation** it is the process of finding out what extent the changes in the growth and development have taken place of the child.

NEED OF CCE IN PRIMARY SCHOOLS

The main aim of the education is the comprehensive development of the child. To know the comprehensive development of the child teacher must evaluate the student performance .but when we see the actual situation in the name of the evaluation we are conducting examination for assessment of the child personality. Evaluation means not conducting examinations. Rarely conducting the unit and terminals are not useful to know the correct abilities of the children. These types of examinations and tests are benefit to the children to test their memorization or cognitive abilities. Students also feel stress conducting examinations based on the name of evaluation (CCE manual of AP). Present examination manly concentrates on rote memorization. These types of the individual. So it is need to assess the student's ability continuously. Evaluating the student abilities without knowing of the children is one of the aspects in CCE. This evaluation results are useful to relearning of the concepts. Continuous and comprehensive evaluation helps to identify the weakness and also helps rectify through remedial measures.

IMPORTANCE OF CCE BASED TEXTBOOKS AT PRIMARY LEVEL

Text books are the source of the knowledge. It is having predominant role at school level to provide proper knowledge for the students. The text books are the source of the learning of the children at any stage of education. It gives proper knowledge regarding different aspects of the nature. It improves the learning standards of the children. When the textbooks give practical knowledge then



OBJECTIVES OF THE STUDY

1. To know the awareness of the teachers on implementation of CCE

2. To study the problems of the teachers on implementation of the CCE based text books at primary level.

3. To find the valuable suggestions for better implementation of the CCE text books at primary level?

METHODOLOGY

Survey method was adopted to collect the data

POPULATION OF THE STUDY

The population of the study consists of all Teachers of the Prakasam district those who are teaching primary level. Nearly 2000 primary schools located in four educational divisions Prakasam district.2000 teachers are population of this study.

SAMPLE

The present study carried out in the Prakasam District of Andhra Pradesh. There are 2000 primary schools located in Four Educational divisions. Convenient sample was used to collect data. Investigator has taken the data when they were taken training in the year 2015. Total 200 teachers were a sample of the study. Data collected in Martur, Tangutur, Singaraya konda, Addanki, and Donakonda Mandal of Prakasam district.

TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES FOR DATA COLLECTION

The Investigator prepared a questionnaire for teachers to find out the problems of on implementation of the CCE based text books at primary level. This question paper consists of two parts Part-A and Part-B. Part A focuses about the preliminary information of the respondent. Part-b is having four dimensions namely 1 awareness of CCE 2.cce training 3. Government initiatives regarding CCE 4 Difficulty of primary level CCE based text books 5.Suggestions.total questions in the questionnaire is 31 questionnaire was sent to the 3 experts for the validation. After receiving constructive feedback from the experts questionnaire was modified. Total questions after validation is 27.the completes picture if the questionnaire given under in table

table it	components of CCL		
S.no	Components	No of q.n.s before validation	No of qns before After validation
1	Awareness of CCE	4	3
2	CCE Training	6	5
3	Government initiatives regarding CCE	4	3
3	Difficulty of primary level CCE based text books	13	12
4	Suggestions	4	2
	Total	31	27

Table :1 components of CCE

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only it will be useful to the children. But the present curriculum and text books were not fulfilling these things. The secondary education commission (1952) had pointed that curriculum was narrow bookish and theoretical, with overloaded syllabus un suitable text books. In the same way quality of education we can see based on the quality on the text book. Education commission (1964-1966) highlighted the poor quality of school education, and also commented on low quality of the text book. The preparation of the quality text book was depend upon the quality of preparation of the curriculum. When the government was concentrate on the preparation of the quality textbooks for school children.

In recent education scenario many educational changes occur in the field of school education. Especially the NCF 2005 and RTE 2009 strongly recommended the implementation of the continuous and comprehensive evaluation at school level. Andhra Pradesh government introduced CCE system from the academic year2010-2011 in this way the SCERT experts prepared CCE based textbooks at school level.CCE based text books are useful to the children for comprehensive development. While preparation of the CCE based textbook experts were must concentrate on the three domains of the child viz. cognitive, affective and psychomotor domain. It also need of the academic standards of the subject give in the text book. Then only these text books are useful for primary school children for their growth and development. Because primary education ids the foundation of the child to formation of the personality. It is useful to the children receive the values and base for the character formation.

Need of the research study

Continuous and comprehensive evaluation newly introduced in school education. This CCE system is new for all teachers learlier in primary education Andhra Pradesh government introduced many programmes like DPEP.APPEP.CLIP.CLAP.QIP.LEP etc. teachers are trained and they implemented these programmes at school level. But CCE is the new system it recommended by the many committees and commissions and also NCF 2005, RTE 2009.Iin the aspect CCE is the mandatory all over the India. Achievement of the CCE goals teachers' plays predominant role. The success of the CCE depends upon the perception of the teachers. Preparation of the textbooks and implementation of the text books at grass root level is an important component in the success of the CCE. Text books are the source for providing proper knowledge regarding all round development of then child. When teachers are understand the nature of the text books, content and activities given in the text book then only they will teach in better way in classroom situation.

Whether the newly introduced CCE system how effectively working? Whether the teacher feels better while implementing of Primary school textbook at elementary level? Whether any problem are they facing while implementation of CCE based text books? For find out the answers of above questions researcher has taken this study.

STATEMENT OF THE PROBLEM

Problems of the Teachers on Implementation of CCE based Text books at Primary level in Prakasam district of Andhra Pradesh

RESEARCH QUESTIONS

1. How CCE based textbooks fulfil the objectives of CCE at primary level?

2. What type of problems teachers are facing while implementing CCE based text books at primary level.

3. What are the valuable suggestions are they giving for better implementation of the CCE

DATA COLLECTION

The investigator personally collected data from the primary school teachers in Prakasam district when training programme going on in the year 2015. The investigator collected data with the help of Questionnaire.

DATA ANALYSIS AND INTERPRETATION

Data analysed with help of frequency percentile count and content analysis

RESULTS

s.lno	items	yes	no
1	Are you aware of the Continuous and	195	5 (2.5%)
	Comprehensive Evaluation	(97.5%)	
2	Are you implementing continuous and	196(98%)	2 (2%)
	comprehensive evaluation in your school		,
3	Are you thinking CCE system is very useful	174	26 (13%)
	primary level?	(87%)	

Table 2. Awareness of CCE (n=200)

Table 2 shows that awareness of the CCE. It is observed that with regard to item no 1 out of 200 respondents 195 (97.5%) responded positively regarding awareness of CCE. only 5% not aware of CCE. Item no 2 for implementation of CCE 98% respondents informed that CCE is implementing to their schools.87% of the teachers given response for item no 3.it is very useful for primary level. So it can be concluded that majority of the teachers having awareness regarding CCE implementation at upper primary level.

YES

195

No

5 (2.5%)

s.ino	items	
1	Did you taken CCE training?	
2	House way attended and the destroy	

Table: 3 CCE Training for teachers

		(97%)	
2	Have you attended any workshops on CCE?	46 (23%)	154 (77%)
3	Are you satisfied with CCE based training given by the government	162 (81%)	38 (19%)
4	Do you have any manual/ guidelines regarding CCE implementation in classes	177 (88.5%)	23 (11.5%)
5	Did you get sufficient knowledge from the training for teaching all subjects in CCE pattern?	107 (53.5%)	93 (46.5%)

As shown Table 3 shows item no 1 it was observed that out of 200 teachers 195 (97%) responded that they have taken CCE based training .where as 5 (2.5) teachers only did not taken any training regarding CCE. in item no 2 it is observed that 154 (77%) teachers responded that they did not attended any workshop regarding CCE. where as46 (23%) teachers attended workshop on CCE. in item no (3) 81% of the teachers responded that they satisfied with CCE based training given by the government. Whereas only 38(19%) of the teachers are reported that they are not satisfied with CCE based training. In item no 4 (88.5%) responded they were having cce manual for implementation of

the cce .and 107 (53.5%) of the teachers responded that they got sufficient knowledge from training regarding all subjects in cce pattern. Whereas 93 (46.5%) of teachers reported that they did not get the sufficient knowledge about cce training in all subjects.

15ble 4: Government initiatives regarding CCL				
s.lno	items	yes	no	
1	Did the government provide all required material	75 (37.5%)	125 (62.5%)	
	for teaching all subjects in your school?			
2	Did the government given any amount for teaching	35 (17.5%)	165 (82.5%)	
	learning material?		1	
3	Did you receive school text books at the beginning	153(76.5%)	47 (23.5%)	
	of the academic year			

Table 4: Government initiatives regarding CCE

As shown Table 4 shows item no 1 it was observed that out of 200 teachers 125 (62.5%) of the teachers respondent that government not provided all required material for teaching all subjects. In item 2 regarding to the amount for teaching learning material 165 (82.5%) teachers responded that government was not given any amount for teaching learning material. And 153(76.5%) of the teachers responded that we receive school text books at the beginning of the academic year. So it can be concluded that majority of the teachers responded negatively regarding Government initiatives regarding CCE.

Table 5: Difficulty of primary level CCE based text books

Slno	ITEM	YES	NO
1	Do you feel CCE based syllabus given in the text book is vast at primary school level?	93 (46.5%)	107 (53.5%)
2	Do you think that content given in the text books at primary level is it very difficult to understand the students	76 (38.0%)	124 (62.0%)
3	Are you feel that Project works, assignments, exercises, given in the primary school text books is it difficult to do the students	65 (32.5%)	135 (67.5)
4	Do you think that for teaching CCE based primary school text books requires more number of hours?	131 (65.5%)	69 (34.5%)
5	is it possible to achieve all academic standards given in the each subject	90 (45.0%)	109(54.5)
6	Do you think that one academic year is not sufficient to teach CCE based text books for primary level?	86(43.0%)	114 (57.0%)
7	Do you think the syllabus prescribed is suitable for CCE implementation	153 (76.5%)	47 (23.5%)
8	Are you satisfied with CCE based syllabus at primary level?	147 (73.5)	53 (26.5)
9	Do you think CCE based syllabus at primary level useful for the comprehensive development of the child	174(87.0%)	26(13.0%)
10	Do you think CCE based syllabus given at primary level will increase confidence levels due to the self learning?	175(87.5%)	25 (12.5%)
11	Do you find any difficulty faced by the children doing different type of activities given in the primary school	134 (67.0%)	66 (33%)

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	text books		
12	Do you think CCE Based syllabus is very useful to	179 (89.5%)	21 (10.5%)
	primary school children for their future life?		, í

As shown Table 4 shows item no 1 it was observed that out of 200 teachers 135 (67.5) responded that Project works, assignments, exercises, given in the primary school text books is it difficult to do the students, and 124 (62.0%) teachers reported that content given in the text books at primary level is it very difficult to understand the students. And 109(54.5) teachers reported that it is not possible to achieve all academic standards given in the each subject .and 131 (65.5%) Teachers reported that CCE based primary school text books requires more number of hours .and 134 (67.0%) Teachers reported that children are facing difficulty for doing different type of activities given in the primary school text books .and also reported 86(43.0%) that one academic year is not sufficient to teach CCE based text books for primary level. It is concluded that majority of the teachers negatively responded regarding Project works, assignments, exercises, text books at primary level is it very difficult, possibility of achieve all academic standards, text books requires more number of hours, children are facing difficulty of doing different type of activities given in the text book.

Question no 24 concentrate on problems identified at primary level for implementation of the CCE based text books .for this question out of 200 respondents only 150 (75%) filled the questionnaire .respondents revealed answers has given following table

Sl.no	Teachers responded answers	F	%
1	English text books very difficult	110	73.33
2	English text book standard is very high for primary children	105	70
3	Syllabus is very high toward the children for 1,2 classes	80	53.3
4	Rural schools are not having proper facilities	14	9.3
5	Multy class teaching CCE is very difficult	121	80.66
6	School facilities must be improve	25	16.66
7	Govt provide teaching aids grant for all subjects	25	16.66
8	Very difficult to complete the syllabus. More time is needed	51	34
9	More exercises are needed in maths	10	6.66
10	Every class teacher is needed	101	67.33
11	Content is very less in all subjevets	26	17.33
12	parent care, standards of the Students s very less and students absentisam is very high in rural villages	72	48

Table 6: problems identified at primary level for implementation of the CCE

As shown Table 6 shows item no 1 it was observed that out of 150 teachers 110 (73.33%) responded English text book is very difficult at primary level. In the same way105 (70%) teachers responded English text book standard is very high for primary children. Whereas 80 (53.33) of the teachers said that primary syllabus is very high toward the children for 1, 2 classes. In the connection majority of the teachers 121(80.66%) revealed that multi grade teaching is the main barrier for implementation of the CCE .in the same line 101(67.33%) of the teachers responded it is needed teacher for each

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class, and also nearly 72(50%) of the teachers reported that parents care, standard of the students are very less and students absenteeism is also very high in rural villages. Whereas only few teachers were responded about the facilities (9.3%), teaching grant (16.66%), difficulty of the syllabus (34%) and other items .so it can be conclude that majority of the teachers feel difficult regarding the English text book, and syllabus, standards of the children at village level, and also multy grade teaching at primary level.

Question No 25 concentrates on suggestion for need of the improvement of the textbook at primary level. For this question out of 200 respondents only 154(77%) filled the questionnaire respondents revealed answers has given following table

sl.no	Teachers responded answers	F	%
1	1,2 class text books more exercises are needed	7	4.5
2	Work books and teaching grant are needed	69	44.80
4	Maths text book standard is low	30	19.48
6	Teachers are needed based on the text books not children strength	44	28.57
7	Easy rhymes and words are needed in English and reduce the English syllabus	130	84.41
8	Special English teacher must be appointed at primary level	13	8.44
10	Radio programmes more are needed	4	2.57
31	Reduce the lessons increase the content	21	13.63
12	CCE syllabus is not useful for competitive exams	17	11.0
13	Reduce un necessary record work	65	42.20

Table 7: suggestion for need of the improvement of the textbook at primary level

As shown Table 7 shows item no 2 it was observed that out of 154teachers 69 (44.80%) responded for effective teaching of CCE system it is required certain workbooks and sufficient teaching grant. Majority of the respondents 130(84.44%) reported that reduce the English syllabus and give easy rhymes and words are needed for better understanding of the children. Nearly 65 (42.20) teachers responded that reduce un necessary record work in CCE pattern. Whereas only few percent of the responded maths text book standard is low (19.48%), teachers are needed based on the subjects not strength (28.57%), Special English teacher must be appointed at primary level(8.44%),and 17(11%) of the respondents revealed that CCE syllabus is not useful for competitive exams. For above discussion it can be concluded that majority of the teachers suggested that if reduce the syllabus and record work and provide certain material teaching grant it will be implementation of the CCE successful.

Question No 26 Concentrates whether old syllabus or new syllabus is best for children to get new knowledge. For this question out of 200 teachers 140 teachers responded differently. Nearly 60 teachers not filled the questionnaire. In that 100 teachers said that CCE based new syllabus is more useful to the children. Only 40 teachers said that old syllabus is use full for children the results of that were given in the following table.

Table 8 CCE based syllabus is good for children (100 respondents)

Sl.no	Teachers responded answers	F	9/6

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1	Lot of information and exercises are there	74	74
2	Telugu ,evs text books are good in CCE model	1	1
3	It is very helpful for lower students	2	2
4	It was holistic method Pupil learn with joy	77	77
5	It is connected to daily life	93	93
6	It is very useful to get more knowledge	96	96
7	Books are coloured and attractive	10	10
8	Books are More activity based	42	42

As shown Table 8 shows item no 1 it was observed that out of 100 teachers 74% of the teachers responded that in CCE text books lot information and exercises are there it is useful to the students to get good knowledge. Out of 100 77 % of the teachers revealed that It was holistic method Pupil learn with joy and 93% said that CCE based text books are connected with daily life the students. Majority of the teachers responded that (96%) CCE is very useful to students to get more knowledge .nearly 42% of the teachers reputed that CCE based text books are more activity based and 10% said that it is attractive and coloured .finally it can be concluded that majority of the teachers opined that CCE based textbooks are the good for children.

Question No 27 Concentrates on suggestions to improvement of the CCE training given to the teachers at primary level.. For this question out of 200 teachers 140 teachers responded differently. Nearly 60 teachers not filled the questionnaire.

		r.	04
Sl.no	Teachers responded answers	F	%
1	Giving training in holidays is good	112	80
2	Training is needed for every teacher in all subjects	32	22.85
3	Sufficient staff is required	131	93.57
4	Teacher hand books and modules are needed	42	30
5	Seriousness is needed in training	61	43.57
6	Resource persons need more knowledge	35	25
7	Increase the training period is good	30	21.42
8	Give training how to use technology while teaching	10	7.14
9	Every year training is not needed	9	6.42
10	Training must be preparation of the teaching aids	31	22.14
11	Supervision is needed	19	13.57

As shown Table 8 shows item no 1 it was observed that out of 200 teachers 112(80%) responded giving training in holidays is good. Actually government was conducting training middle of the year. Majority of the teachers reported that 131 (93.57%) sufficient staff is required for better implementation of the CCE. Nearly 61 (43.57%) of the teachers answered is very essential seriousness of the CCE training, whereas only few were responded reaming items above table. It can be concluded that majority of the teachers opined that sufficient training in holidays, sufficient staff and also seriousness in training are essential for better implementation of the CCE.

Findings of the study

1. Majority of the teachers are aware of the implementation of the CCE 2. Majority of the teachers not attended any workshop regarding the CCE.3. Majority of the teachers reported that government not given any amount for teaching aids for implementation of CCE. 4. Majority of the teachers reported government not provided all required material for teaching all subjects in schools. 5. Majority of the teachers reported they feel that CCE based syllabus given in the text book is vast at primary school level .6. Majority of the teachers reported content given in the text books at primary level is it very difficult to understand the students 7. Majority of the teachers reported that Project works, assignments, exercises, given in the primary school text books is it difficult to do the students .8. Majority of the teachers think that for teaching CCE based primary school text books requires more number of hours 9. Majority of the teachers reported it is not possible to achieve all academic standards given in the each subject .10. Majority of the teachers reported that difficulty faced by the children doing different type of activities given in the primary school text books. 11. Majority of the teachers feel that English text books very difficult at primary level. 12. Majority of the teachers reported that English text book standard is very high for primary children 13. Majority of the teachers reported that Syllabus is very high toward the children FOR 1, 2 Classes most of the teachers said that in the Multy class teaching is major barrier for effective implementation of CCE.14. Majority of the teachers opined that for every class teacher is needed, for better implementation of the CCE 15. Majority of the teachers opined that Reduce English syllabus at primary level 16. Majority of the teachers revealed that reduce record work. It is taking more time than teaching. 17. Majority of the teachers CCE based text books are connected to life and also useful to students to get more knowledge. 18. Majority of the teachers opined that giving training in holidays is good rather than working days.

Conclusion

Success of the Continuous and comprehensive evaluation depends upon the perception of the teachers on new system of education. In this research study teachers realised that CCE is useful to children .but execution take place number of troubles at grass root level. Main thing is, not availability of the certain resources in rural schools. Apart from that difficulty of the syllabus, training, absentisam of the students in certain season, and also unaware of the parents are the problems about CCE. Success of the CCE depend not only teachers but also initiations of the government, parents, school management committee members, administrators, and also students. When the government provided certain facilities to teachers it will be successful. Especially this research study found that majority of the schools not having the sufficient teachers at school level. Finally any educational policy accomplishment depends on the commitment and dedication of the teacher. Remaining things are others.

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