

APPENDIX - VI

RELIABILITY COEFFICIENTS OF TEN EDUCATIONAL SCALES

(N = 38)

1. Agriculture

$$\begin{aligned} r &= \frac{xy}{x^2 \times y^2} \\ &= \frac{810}{1285 \times 769} \\ &= \frac{810}{991.66} \\ &= 0.82 \end{aligned}$$

2. Arts

$$\begin{aligned} r &= \frac{1083}{1573 \times 1027} \\ &= \frac{1083}{1269} \\ &= 0.85 \end{aligned}$$

3. Commerce

$$\begin{aligned} r &= \frac{1330}{1859 \times 1423} \\ &= \frac{1330}{1626.10} \\ &= 0.81 \end{aligned}$$

4. Fine Arts

$$\begin{aligned} r &= \frac{1375}{3917 \times 41} \\ &= \frac{1375}{1606} \\ &= 0.85 \end{aligned}$$

5. Home Science

$$\begin{aligned} r &= \frac{1073}{1638 \times 899} \\ &= \frac{1073}{1231.57} \\ &= 0.87 \end{aligned}$$

6. Medical

$$\begin{aligned} r &= \frac{720}{1232 \times 929} \\ &= \frac{720}{1066} \\ &= 0.67 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 7. \quad & \underline{\text{Performing Arts}} \\
 r &= \frac{987}{1565 \times 1014} \\
 &= \frac{987}{1256} \\
 &= 0.78
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 8. \quad & \underline{\text{Science}} \\
 r &= \frac{1008}{1515 \times 1052} \\
 &= \frac{1008}{1262} \\
 &= 0.79
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 9. \quad & \underline{\text{Social Work}} \\
 r &= \frac{856}{38.6 \times 29.9} \\
 &= \frac{856}{1154} \\
 &= 0.74
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 10. \quad & \underline{\text{Tech. \& Engg.}} \\
 r &= \frac{751}{36.7 \times 27.56} \\
 &= \frac{751}{1011} \\
 &= 0.74
 \end{aligned}$$

APPENDIX

$$\text{Pearson's } r = \frac{\sum XY}{N \sigma_x \sigma_y} \quad \text{--- (I)}$$

Here

$$x = (x - \bar{x}), \quad Y = (y - \bar{y})$$

σ_x = standard deviation of series x

σ_y = standard deviation of series y

N = Number of Pairs of observation

r = the (Product moment) correlation Coefficient.

The first formula for computing correlation coefficient, Correlation can be transformed to the following form which is easier to apply.

$$* \quad r = \frac{\sum xy}{\sqrt{\sum x^2 \sum y^2}}$$

$$* \quad r = \frac{\sum xy}{N \sigma_x \sigma_y}$$

$$\sigma_x = \sqrt{\frac{\sum x^2}{N}}, \quad \sigma_y = \sqrt{\frac{\sum y^2}{N}}$$

$$r = \frac{\sum xy}{\sqrt{N \frac{\sum x^2}{N} \times \frac{\sum y^2}{N}}} = \frac{\sum xy}{\sqrt{\sum x^2 \sum y^2}}$$

Steps :

- i. Take the deviations of x series from the mean of x and

denote this deviation by x .

ii) Take the deviations of y series from the mean of y and denote this deviation by y .

iii) Square these deviations and obtain the total that is x^2 and y^2 .

iv) Multiply the deviations of x and y series and obtain the total that is xy .

v) Substitute the values of xy , x^2 , y^2 in the above formula and compute r .