

APPENDIX AFirst Try Out of the Test

(English Translation)

It is impossible to translate the tests from Urdu into English with the exact significance of the original tests. An attempt has, however, been made here to convey as far as possible the meaning of the test items.

Name \_\_\_\_\_

Father's Occupation \_\_\_\_\_

Residence \_\_\_\_\_

School \_\_\_\_\_

Date of Birth \_\_\_\_\_ Year \_\_\_\_\_ Month \_\_\_\_\_

Age at the time  
of Examination \_\_\_\_\_

Directions

Read the following carefully.

- I. When asked, solve the questions as fast as you can.
- II. Beginning from the first page, solve all the questions upto the end.
- III. Do not waste your time attempting to solve a question that you cannot.
- IV. Begin the next set after you have completed the first.
- V. Write all you wish on the blank space.
- VI. If you want to correct your wrong attempt, write legibly after cutting the first.

## Test No. 1

In the items given below mark the word on the right opposite in meaning to the one on the left just as Hate is opposite for Love.

1. Go - Run, Jump, come, dance.
2. Laugh - Think, cry, sleep, weep
3. Drop - Take, say, talk, lift
4. Bachelor- Maid, girl, child, woman
5. Take - Help, give, live, sing
6. Son - Baby, daughter, mother, sister
7. Accept - Approve, reject, like, refuse
8. Warm - Hot, cool, cold, ice
9. Rise - Climb, descend, fall, sink
10. Tall - Low, small, big, thick
11. Long - Low, short, high, thin
12. Fast - Lazy, slow, weak, poor
13. Excess - Enough, less, shortage, much
14. Like - Good, helpful, dislike, bad
15. Reward - Punishment, sin, virtue, benefit
16. Friend - Favour, oppose, enemy, relative
17. Woman - Girl, boy, child, man
18. Servant - Teacher, student, master, helper
19. Gain - Fault, loss, defect, dearth
- 20; Import - Expenditure, loss, export, gain
21. Heaven - Earth, sky, hell, star
22. Hope - Sorrow, fear, despair, grief
23. Failure - Despair, sorrow, success, joy

- |                |   |
|----------------|---|
| 24. Beginning  | - Last, middle, end, first              |
| 25. Belief     | - Like, hats, approve, disbelief        |
| 26. Sweet      | - Sour, bitter, tasteless, tasteful     |
| 27. Possible   | - Sure, doubtful, true, impossible      |
| 28. Make       | - Ruin, raze, mar, lower                |
| 29. Attractive | - Ugly, bitter, sour, repulsive         |
| 30. Clean      | - Dirty, unclean, bad, black            |
| 31. Broad      | - Small, low, narrow, thin              |
| 32. Teach      | - Read, write, learn, repeat            |
| 33. Cruel      | - Gentle, polite, kind, poor            |
| 34. Blunt      | - Quick, fast, slow, sharp              |
| 35. Stag       | - Ewe, kid, hind, buck                  |
| 36. Stand      | - Talk, help, sit, rise                 |
| 37. Bright     | - Lustrous, dull, fine, good            |
| 38. Faithful   | - Selfish, greedy, faithless, deceitful |
| 39. Handsome   | - Good, bright, ugly, hateful           |
| 40. Shut       | - Push, pull, kick, open.               |

Test No. 2 SIMILARITIES

Directions:- Mark the relation between the words on left and underline a word on the right bearing a similar relation to them.

Examples : -

(1) Apple, pear, apricot .. Leaf, seed, branch, mango

(2) Shirt, coat; trousers.. Breeches, grass, rice, wheat.

Proceed further in the same way.

- |                                 |   |
|---------------------------------|---|
| 1. Tomato, potato; cobbage      | ... Spinach, meat, walnut, wood.          |
| 2. Pink, red, green             | ... Sweet, white, bitter, rich.           |
| 3. Horse, cow; goat             | ... Table, blackboard, sheep, boy         |
| 4. Mew, roar; neigh             | ... Howl, run, jump, sit.                 |
| 5. Bee, fly; mosquito           | ... Air, sky, wasp, sparrow               |
| 6. Oxygen, Hydrogen; Ammonia    | ... Blackboard, chalk, Nitrogen, knief.   |
| 7. Blackboard, chalk, duster    | ... Easel, fan, curtain, carpet.          |
| 8. Father, mother; sister       | ... Friend, enemy, brother, patron.       |
| 9. Big, small; short            | ... Sweet, fine, high, bitter             |
| 10. Hockey, football; badminton | ... Tennis, swimming, skating, horserace. |
| 11. Wool, silk; cotton          | ... Black, blue, nylon, poor              |
| 12. Sword, shield, scabbard     | ... Shoes, stockings, dagger, scarf.      |
| 13. Elegy, panegric; ode        | ... Ballad, novel, essay, table           |
| 14. Rose, lotus; narcissus      | ... Tree, plant, pansy, ground.           |
| 15. Book, pen; pencil           | ... Knief, head, stone, diary.            |

16. Snow, hail; rain	...	Paper, tree, dew, brick
17. Pine, chinar; fir	...	Conifer, water, oil, paste
18. Rice, wheat; maize	...	Ashes, pen, wall farley
19. Mathematics, Urdu; Hindi	..	House, hut, Geography, tap.
20. Sparrow, crow; kite	...	Camel, elephant, pigeon, lion.
21. Plate, cup; spoon	...	Pillow, quilt, kettle, box
22. Typhoid, cholera; small-pox		Kitchen, room, malaria, teeth.
23. Hand, leg; head	...	Hand, leg, head, baby
24. Honesty, truthfulness; charity	...	Hot, cold, non-violence, quick
25. Spring, summer, autumn	...	Ice, snow, hail, winter
26. Weep, laugh; sing	...	Dance, tree, cloud, stone.
27. Turmeric, ginger; papper	...	Cloves, cauliflower, cabbage, pear.
28. Fiddle, harp; violin	...	Torch, lips, piano, nose.
29. Mat, rug; carpet	...	Namda, ground, melon, eye.
30. Daily weekly; monthly	...	Yearly, finger, occasionally, frequently.
31. See, hear; hate	...	Enjoy, like, smell, cry.
32. Ocean, lake, river	...	Forest, field, fire, stream
33. Iron, gold; silver	...	Garden, orchard, copper, smoke
34. Spade, hoe; plough	...	Fodder, gram, plum, sickle
35. Love, hate; anger	...	Pride, quick, slow, lazy
36. Lorry, Bus; truck	...	Road, hill, jeep, Path.
37. Milk, cream; curd	...	Butter, air, clay, fountain.
38. Temple, church, shrine	...	Playground, hotel, battlefield, mosque.
39. Rob, steal; plunder	...	Snatch, beat, defeat, heat.
40. Heart, lungs; belly	...	Flower, fruit, kidneys, axe.

## Test No. 3. CLASSIFICATION

Examples :

(Apple, pear, apricot, sheep, grapes)

Underline the inappropriate words from the following as shown above:

1. Harmonium, fiddle, drum, song, guitar.
2. Wool, cotton, flax, cow, silk.
3. Mina, sparrow, bulbul, nest, pigeon.
4. Willow, chinara, apple, poplar, pine.
5. Rain, snow, hail, stone, dew.
6. Apricot, pear, mango, saucer, banana.
7. Saucer, cup, spoon, teapot, tea.
8. History, Geography, Mathematics, Physiology, Brick
9. Stool, desk, table, towel, bench.
10. Laddu, Barfi, Gulabjaman, Confectioner, Rasgulla
11. Couch, table, almirah, wood, chair.
12. Boots, shoes, sandals, leather, slippers.
13. Pen, inkpot, paper, firepot, nib.
14. Cow, ox, goat, house, buffalo.
15. Toad, niper, rat, mongoose, maize.
16. Stream, river, lake, ocean, mosquito.
17. Narcissus, gunvolvulus, leaf, lotus, rose.
18. Arm, leg, thigh, heart, foot.
19. Heart, lungs, intestines, nose, belly.
20. Carpet, mattress, namda, wall, rug.
21. Shilling, rouble, frame, ton, crown.
22. Pepper, ginger, turmeric, cloves, cloth

23. Coat, pantaloons, short, trousers, chair.
24. Rock, pebble, stone, brick, wood.
25. Saree, dhoti, blouse, house, sweater
26. Street, lane, market, road, track
27. Lamp, candle, lantern, stove, electric lamp.
28. Pitcher, tumbler, bucket, jug, water.
29. Somawar, Kettle, pan, cauldron, bread.
30. Spinach, cabbage, tomato, potato, pear.



## Test No. 4. ANALOGIES

Examples :

1. Cloud, rain; ... , Spring (Water, milk, oil, wine)
2. Wood, table; ... , cotton (Cloth, leather, paper, canvas)
3. Hunger, food; ... , thirst (Milk, ice-cream, water, tea)

Directions:- In the first example, 'cloud' is the source for rain, in the same manner 'spring' is the source for water, therefore 'water' has been underlined there. In the second example, wood and table have the same relationships as cotton and cloth. Keeping the above examples in view, mark the related words in the following test items:

- 
1. Cow, milk ; --- sheep (Silk, oil, whey, wool)
  2. Bee, honey; ... goat (Jute, meat, water, wax)
  3. Horse, mare; ... dog (Puppy, kid, bitch, lamb)
  4. Summer, heat; ... winter (Warmth, brightness, cold, snow)
  5. Ink, pen; ... lead (Knife, scissors, pencil, sharpener)
  6. Grocer, tea; ... butcher (Sugar, salt, rice, meat)
  7. Pen, writer ... gun ? (Labourer, farmer, soldier, teacher)
  8. Water, fish ?... man (Air, food, cow, goat)
  9. Sword, scabbard, -?- quiver (Knife, shield, arrow, watch)
  10. Cobbler, shoes; ... ? clothes (Drapper, fruiterer, tailor, singer)
  11. Blood, heart ?... lungs (Fire, oil, dust, air)
  12. Legs, animals, ... wheels, ? (Birds, carts, reptiles, bones)

13. Fingers, hands; ---- toes, ? (Legs, ankles, arms, feet)
14. Arms, men; --- wings ? (Birds, animals, worms, machines)
15. School, education; ---- gymnasium, ? (Death, exercise, friendship, pleasure)
16. Man, village; --? jungle (Wine, flesh, tiger, dog)
17. Harp, village, ---- rattle ? (Melody, noise, sound, silence)
18. Glove, hand; --- cap, ? (Foot, leg, finger, head)
19. Donkey, grass, --- ? meat (Monkey, camel, tiger, horse)
20. Finger, ring; --- ?, armlet (Knee, leg, arm, thigh)
21. Baby, man; --- colt, ? (Tree, plant, tiger, horse)
22. Man, valour --- woman, ? (Truth, joy, beauty, anger)
23. Dirt, disease; --- cleanliness, ? (Wealth, property, character, health)
24. Ton, wheat; --- Litre, ? (Sugar, land, oil, rope)
25. Mountain, trees; -- ? flowers (Garden, street, lane, orchard)
26. Peace, progress; --- War, ? (Prosperity, joy, destruction, ruin)
27. Redness, rose; --- ?, daffodils (Yellowishness, pinkishness, whiteness, sweetness)
28. Ear, music; --- ?, colour (Nose, throat, mouth, eye)
29. Ass, bray; --- ? , grunt (sheep, cow, lion, camel)
30. Brass, gold; -- silver, ? (Iron, tin, aluminium, copper)
31. Day, light; --- ? darkness (Time, month, year, night)
32. Bitter, gall; --- sour, ? (Flower, lemon, water, milk)
33. Sparrow, chirp; -- crow ? (Caw, song, cry, bark)
34. House, man; -- ?, bird (Palace, orrick, nest, plant)
35. Poem, poet; --- essay, ? (Novelist, doctor, essayist, teacher)

36. Taste, tongue; ~~---~~<sup>?</sup>, nose (Colour, pleasure, smell  
sweetness)
37. Bite, snake; ---sting, ? (Mouse, cat, crow, mosquito)
38. Wings, birds; -- ?, fist (Scales, feet, teeth, legs)
39. Love, hate; ---Good, ? (Right, wrong, sweet, bad)
40. Cock, dungbill; --- horse, ? (Building, house, stable,  
shed)

## Test No. 5. PROBLEMS

1. Consider the statement below and state which reason or answer you think best or most sensible in the case. Put the mark ( ✓ ) in the bracket against the correct answer.

We cannot live even for an hour without

- (i) food ( )
- (ii) water ( )
- (iii) milk ( )
- (iv) Air ( )

2. Which of the following measures is the most suitable in case of a house-fire ? Put the mark ( ✓ ) before the correct answer.

- (i) To pull down the house ( )
- (ii) To pour water over fire ( )
- (iii) To throw dust on fire ( )
- (iv) To call the fire-brigade ( )

3. If A stands for 4, B for 7, C for 5, D for 2 and H for - 1, work out the following.

- (i)  $B + H - C$  ( )    (ii)  $C - H + B$  ( )
- (iii)  $4D - B + A$  ( )    (iv)  $A + 5B - C$  ( )

Put the answers within the brackets.

4. What must a valley have around it ? Put the mark ( ✓ ) before the correct answer

- (i) Lakes and rivers ( )
- (ii) Gardens and orchards ( )
- (iii) Mountains and hills ( )
- (iv) Flowers and vegetables ( )

5. Fill in the missing digits in the following sum :

6 3 2 5	first row
_ 4 5 9	second row
7 _ 3 6	third row
6 2 _ _	fourth row
<hr style="width: 100px; margin-left: 0;"/>	
2 8 9 4 9	

6. A hunter aims his gun at one of the sixteen birds sitting in a tree. After the report one bird falls down. Now in the three -

- (i) there are left fifteen birds (       )  
 (ii) there is left no bird (       )

Put (    ✓    ) mark before the correct answers.

7. A and B are living in the same house. A is B's brother but B is not a brother of A. What relation can B be to A ? Put the correct answer within the bracket (       )

8. Two groups of birds are sitting on two branches A and B of a tree. If one bird from A goes to B, the number of birds on each branch becomes equal. If one bird from B goes to A, it is seen that the number of A is double the number of B.

- (i) The number of birds on A and B respectively must be 1 and 2 (       )  
 (ii) It must be 2 and 3 (       )  
 (iii) It must be 7 and 5 (       )  
 (iv) It must be 10 and 8 (       )

Put the mark (    ✓    ) before the answer you think to be correct.

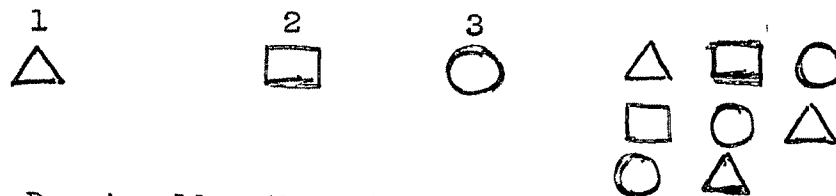
9. Two vessels A and B contain 200 and 160 litres of oil respectively. The greatest vessel by which the oil in both can be measured must have the capacity to contain.

- |       |           |        |
|-------|-----------|--------|
| (i)   | 60 litres | (    ) |
| (ii)  | 50 litres | (    ) |
| (iii) | 40 litres | (    ) |
| (iv)  | 20 litres | (    ) |

Put the mark ( ✓ ) before the correct answer.

10. Considering the given two arrangements of the figures, supply the missing figure in the third row.

Put the number of the missing figure in the blank space.



11. Ram is older than Sham. Sham is older than Karim. Therefore Karim is.

- |       |                        |        |
|-------|------------------------|--------|
| (i)   | Younger than Ram       | (    ) |
| (ii)  | of the same age as Ram | (    ) |
| (iii) | older than Ram         | (    ) |

Put the mark ( ✓ ) before the correct conclusion.

12. The boys of D.A.V. H/S. School are hard-working.

Ram is reading in D.A.V. H/S. School. Therefore.

- |       |                           |        |
|-------|---------------------------|--------|
| (i)   | Ram is a bad boy          | (    ) |
| (ii)  | Ram is a hard-working boy | (    ) |
| (iii) | Ram eats apples           | (    ) |
| (iv)  | Ram plays hockey          | (    ) |

In the light of the given statement, mark the correct answer. Put the mark ( ✓ ) before it.

13. Kashmir is a State in India. India is situated in Asia. Asia is the greatest continent in the world. Therefore,

- (i) Kashmir is the greatest country ( )
- (ii) Kashmir is continent ( )
- (iii) Kashmir is situated in Asia ( )
- (iv) Kashmir is <sup>a</sup>rich country ( )

14. A block of wood is 4" long and 3" wide; its volume is equal to 60 cubic inches. Which of the following is correct?

- (i) Height =  $\frac{60}{3 \times 4} = 5$  inches ( )
- (ii) Height =  $\frac{60 \times 3}{4} = 45$  inches ( )
- (iii) Height =  $\frac{60 \times 4}{3} = 80$  inches ( )
- (iv) Height =  $\frac{3 \times 4}{60} = \frac{1}{5}$  inches ( )

Put the mark ( ✓ ) before the correct answer.

15. Put the mark ( ✓ ) before the correct statement.

- (i)  $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + rab + b^2$  ( )
- (ii)  $(a + b)^2 = a^3 + 3ab + b^3$  ( )
- (iii)  $(a + b)^2 = a^2 + 2a^2b^2 + b^2$  ( )
- (iv)  $(a + b)^2 = a^2 - 2ab + b^2$  ( )

16. Along a furrow sixteen yards long, trees are to be planted so that the distance between the nearest two trees is always equal to one yard. Find the number of trees that can be planted along this furrow.

Write down the answer within the bracket ( )

17. Flies spread cholera. Mosquitoes spread malaria.  
Therefore in order to save ourselves from cholera we must,

- (i) kill flies ( )
- (ii) Kill bugs ( )
- (iii) kill mosquitoes ( )

Put the mark ( ✓ ) before the correct answer.

18. Put the mark ( ✓ ) before the correct statement.

- (i) A maund of cotton is heavier than a maund of iron ( )
- (ii) A maund of iron is heavier than a maund of cotton ( )
- (iii) A maund of iron and a maund of cotton are  
equally heavy ( )

19. Supply the missing fractions :

- (i)  $\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{4} + (?) = \frac{15}{12}$  ( )
- (ii)  $\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{6} + \frac{1}{4} + (?) = \frac{10}{12}$  ( )

Write the answer within the brackets.

20. Which of the following numbers do you think will  
treble itself when 100 is added to it ?

- (i) 40 ( )
- (ii) 60 ( )
- (iii) 50 ( )

Put the mark ( ✓ ) before the correct answer.

21. Which of the following numbers do you think will  
Quadruple itself when 90 is added to it ?

- (i) 50 ( )
- (ii) 60 ( )
- (iii) 40 ( )
- (iv) 30 ( )

Put the mark ( ✓ ) before the correct number.



22. A flash of light and a strong sound are simultaneously produced when a cannon ball is discharged from a cannon. From a distance we see light first and then hear the sound. This is because -

- (i) light and sound move with equal velocity (      )
- (ii) light travels faster than sound (      )
- (iii) Sound travels faster than light (      )

Put the mark (    ✓    ) before the correct statement.

23. Which of the following things do you think can give us something to eat, something to drink and something to bite at the same time ?

- (i) Mango (      )
- (ii) Orange (      )
- (iii) Apple (      )
- (iv) Melon (      )

Put the mark (    ✓    ) before the correct answer.

24. A is senior to B in age by four years. C is senior in age to A by five years. B is senior to D by seven years. If D is twenty years old, what is

- (i) A's age (      )
- (ii) B's age (      )
- (iii) C's age (      )

Put the correct answer within the brackets.

25. A walks seven miles in one hour. B walks four miles in one hour. C moves six miles in one hour and D moves three miles in one hour. After five hours -

- (i) how much farther has A gone than B (      )
- (ii) how far is B behind C (      )
- (iii) how far is D behind A (      )

(iv) how much is B ahead of D ( )

Write the answer in brackets shown against each item.

26. A frog moves upwards five feet along the wall <sup>of a</sup>  
well in ~~for~~ one hour. After moving for one hour, it stops to  
take rest for fifteen minutes. How long will it take  
to come out if the wall is 20 feet deep ? ( )

Put the answer within the brackets.

27. A log sixteen yards is to be divided into  
sixteen equal parts. If one yard can be cut  
from it in thirteen minutes, how long will it take to cut  
it into sixteen equal parts ? ( )

Put the answer within the brackets.

28. Two soliders A & B come in the opposite  
directions. They are in haste and meet at the centre  
of a narrow bridge. Which of the following measures  
do you think to be the best to overcome the difficulty ?

(i) A's going back and B's moving forward ( )

(ii) B's going back and A's moving forward ( )

(iii) A sitting and B moving over him or

B sitting and A moving over him ( )

put the mark ( ) before the correct answer.

29. The Sun, the Moon and the stars are found  
because these are heavenly bodies. The earth too is a  
heavenly body. Therefore the earth must be

(i) flat ( )

(ii) square ( )

(iii) round ( )

Put the mark ( ) before the correct answer.

30. The Atlantic separates the Europe and Africa from North and South Americas. The Mediterranean separates Europe from Africa. The Atlantic is many times biggest than the Mediterranean. The biggest ocean of the world is the Pacific. Therefore -

- (i) The Pacific is smaller than the Atlantic ( )
- (ii) The Mediterranean and the Atlantic are equal in area ( )
- (iii) The Pacific is bigger than the Atlantic and the Mediterranean ( )

Test No. 6 ARITHMETIC SERIES

Directions :- Fill in the blank spaces in case of the following series :

Example : 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11

Start from here.

1.	15,	18,	21,	_____	_____	_____
2.	10	15	20	_____	_____	_____
3.	7	11	15	_____	_____	_____
4.	1	-1	-3	_____	_____	_____
5.	14	10	6	_____	_____	_____
6.	5	1	1/5	_____	_____	_____
7.	3	2	4/3	_____	_____	_____
8.	4	-6	-16	_____	_____	_____
9.	1	11	21	_____	_____	_____
10.	14	4	8/7	_____	_____	_____
11.	11	-2	-15	_____	_____	_____
12.	11	6	1	_____	_____	_____
13.	8	16	32	_____	_____	_____
14.	1	-5	-11	_____	_____	_____
15.	2/5	8/5	14/5	_____	_____	_____
16.	1/2	-1/2	-3/2	_____	_____	_____
17.	-2	-6	-18	_____	_____	_____
18.	-1	-5	-25	_____	_____	_____
19.	7	49	343	_____	_____	_____
20.	1	3/5	9/25	_____	_____	_____
21.	2	10	18	_____	_____	_____
22.	1/9	11/18	10/9	_____	_____	_____

23.	5	20	80	_____	_____	_____
24.	1	7/5	9/6	_____	_____	_____
25.	3	9	27	_____	_____	_____
26.	2	4	8	_____	_____	_____
27.	1	-4	-9	_____	_____	_____

## Test No. 7 JUMBLED SENTENCES

Rearrange the words in the following sentences so that they convey some meaning:

Example:- Chair a man on a is.

A man is on a chair.

Proceed in the same way.

1. Hockey an interesting game is.
2. A crow wings with flies.
3. Kashmir natural scenery is full of.
4. Looks beautiful coat black his.
5. Round earth the is.
6. The washerman with a long tail belongs to the donkey
7. Beautiful leaves green with looks tree the.
8. Dancing falling snow is.
9. Valley is a Kashmir beautiful.
10. East rises the in the sun and west the in sets.
11. Melodious its voice hear our.
- 12 Soap with wash we hands our.
13. Everybody is it please difficult to.
14. The is of one insets useful bee the.
15. Ram my friend is. .
16. Srinagar capital of Kashmir is the.
17. Heavily falling rain is.
18. The dry is s-eason.
19. The stars seen night are at.
20. Snow Kashmir is falls in winter.
21. Seldom bits dogs barking.

22. Romans do at Rome do as the.
23. Left keep to the always.
24. The English language is English of the.
25. Spilt useless cry it is milk over to.
26. Country his for sacrificed Gandhi life his.
27. Mountains attractive Kashmir the of are.
28. Bihar was in Dr. Rajinder Prasad born.
29. Kashmir serve there is in cold winter in.
30. There where is will way there is a.

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( English Translation )

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## Test No. 1 OPPOSITES

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21. Sweet - Sour, bitter, tasteless, tasteful
22. Possible - Sure, doubtful, true, impossible

- 23. Clean - Dirty, unclean, bad, black
- 24. Cruel - Gentle, polite, kind, poor
- 25. Stag - Ewe, kid, hind, buck
- 26. Stand - Talk, help, assist, rise
- 27. Bright - Lustrous, dull, fine, good
- 28. Handsome - Good, bright, ugly, hateful

## Test No. 2 SIMILARITIES

Directions: Mark the relation between the words on left and underline a word on the right bearing a similar relation to them.

Example

1. Apple, pear; apricot, ..... Leaf, seed, branch, mango

2. Shirt, coat; trousers, ..... Breeches, grass, rice, wheat

Proceed further in the same way :

1. Tomato, potato; cabbage ..... Spinach, meat, walnut, wood

2. Pink, red; green ..... Sweet, white, bitter, rich

3. Horse, cow; goat ..... Table, blackboard, sheep, boy

4. Mew, roar; neigh, ..... Howl, run, jump, sit

5. Wool, silk; cotton ..... Black, blue, nylon, poor

6. Hockey, Football; Badminton ..... Tennis, swimming, skating, horserace

7. Book, pen; pencil ..... Knife, head, stone, diary

8. Snow, hail; rain ..... Paper, tree, dew, brick

9. Pine, chinar; fir ..... Conifer, water, oil, paste

10. Rice, wheat; maize ..... Ashes, pen, wall, barley

11. Mathematics, Urdu; Hindi ..... House, hut, geography, tap

12. Sparrow, crow; kite, ..... Camel, elephant, pigeon, lion

13. Plate, cup; spoon ..... Pillow, quite, kettle, box

14. Typhoid, cholera; small-pox ..... Kitchen, room, malaria, teeth

15. Hand, leg; head ..... Baby, child, arm, banana

16. Honesty, truthfulness; charity, ..... Hot, cold, non-violence, quick

17. Weep, laugh; sing ..... Dance, tree, cloud, stone
18. Fiddle, harp; violin ..... Torch, lips, piano, nose
19. Mat, rug; carpet ..... Namda, ground, melon, eye.
20. See, hear; taste ..... Enjoy, like, small, cry.
21. Daily, weekly; monthly.... Yearly, finger, occasionally,  
frequently.
22. Ocean, Lake; river ..... Forest, field, fire, stream
23. Iron, gold; silver ..... Garden, orchard, copper, smoke
24. Spade, hoe; plough ..... Fodder, gram, plum, sickle
25. Love, hate; anger ..... Pride, quick, slow, lazy
26. Lorry, bus; truck ..... Road, hill, jeep, path
27. Milk, cream; curd ..... Butter, air, clay, fountain
28. Temple, church; shrine... Playground, battlefield,  
hote, mosque
29. Heart, lungs; belly, ... Flower, fruit, kidneys, aze.

## Test No. 3 CLASSIFICATION

Example:- (Apple, pear, apricot, sheep, grapes)

Underline the inappropriate words from the following as shown above.

1. Harmonium, fiddle, drum, song, guitar
2. Wool, cotton, flax, cow, silk
3. Mina, sparrow, bulbul, nest, pigeon
4. Willow, chinara, apple, poplar, pine
5. Rain, snow, hail, stone, dew
6. Apricot, pear, mango, saucer, banana
7. Saucer, cup, spoon, teapot, tea
8. Stool, desk, table, towel, bench
9. Laddu, Barfi, Gulabjaman, Confectioner, Rasgulla
10. Couch, table, almirach, wood, chair
11. Boots, shoes, saddles, leather, slippers
12. Pen, shoes, saddles, leather, slippers
13. Cow, ox, goat, house, buffalo
14. Toad, viper, rat, mongoose, maize
15. Narcissus, gunvolvulus, leaf, lotus, rose
16. Arm, leg, thigh, heart, foot
17. Heart, lungs, intestines, nose, belly
18. Carpet, mattress, nanda, wall rug
19. Pepper, ginger, turmeric, cloves, cloth
20. Coat, pantaloons, shirt, trousers, chair
21. Rock, pebble, stone, brick, wood
22. Saree, dohti, blouse, house, sweater
23. Street, lane, market, road, track
24. Lamp, candle, lantern, stove, electric-lamp
25. Pitches, tumbles, bucket, jug, water
26. Somawar, kettle, pan, cauldron, break
27. Spinach, cabbage, tomato, potato, pear

## Test No. 4. ANALOGIES

Examples :-

1. Cloud: rain; spring : (?) (Water, milk, oil, wine)
2. Wood: table; cotton : (?) (Cloth, leather, paper, canvas)
3. Hunger: food; thirst: (?) (Milk, ice-cream, water, tea)

Directions

In the first example cloud is the source for rain, in the same manner spring is the source of water, therefore, 'water' has been underlined there. In the second example, wood and table have the same relationship as cotton and cloth. Keeping the above examples in view, mark the related words in the following test items.

1. Cow: milk; sheep (?) (Silk, oil, whey, wool)
2. Bee: honey; goat (?) (Jute, meat, water, wax)
3. Horse: mare; dog (?) (Puppy, kid, bitch, lamb)
4. Summer: heat; winter (?) (Warmth, brightness, cold, snow)
5. Ink: pen ; lead (?) (Knife, scissors, pencil, sharpener)
6. Water: fish; (?) : man (Air, food, cow, goat)
7. Cobbler: shoes; (?) : clothes (Draper, fruiterer, tailor, singer)
8. Legs: Animals; wheels: (?) (Birds, carts, reptiles, bones)
9. Fingers: hands; toes (?) (legs, ankles, arms, feet)
10. Arms: men; wings: (?) (Birds, animals, worms, machines)
11. School: education; gymnasium: (?) (death, exercise, friendship, pleasure)
12. (Man: village; (?) : jungle (wind, flesh, tiger, dog)

13. Harp: music ; rattle (?) (Melody, noise, sound, silence)
14. Glove: hand; cap (?) (foot, eg, finger, head)
15. Donkey: grass; (?) : meat (monkey, camel, tiger, horse)
16. Finger: ring; (?) : armlet (knee, leg, arm, thigh)
17. Dirt: disease; cleanliness: (?) (wealth, property, character, health)
18. Mountain: trees; (?) : flowers (garden, street, lane, orchard)
19. Peace: progress; war: (?) (prosperity, joy, destruction, ruin)
20. Redness: rose; (?) : daffadoils (yellowishness, pinkishness, whitishness, sweetness)
21. Ear: music (?) : colour (nose, throat, mouth, eye)
22. Ass, bray; (?) grunt (Sheep, cow, lion, camel)
23. Brass: gold; silver: (?) (iron, tin, aluminium, copper)
24. Sparrow: chirp; crow (?) (caw, song, cry, bark)
25. Poem, poet; essay: (?) (novelist, doctor, essayist, teacher)
26. Taste: tongue ; (?) : nose (colour, pleasure, smell, sweetness)
27. Bite: snake; sting: (?) (mouse, cat, crow, mosquito)
28. Wings: birds; (?) : fish (scales, feet, teeth, legs)
29. Love: hate; good: (?) (right, wrong, sweet, bad)
30. Cock: dunghill; horse: (?) (building, house, stable, shed)

Test No. 5. PROBLEMS

1. Consider the statement below and state which reason or answer you think best or most sensible in the case. Put the mark ( ✓ ) in the bracket against the correct answer.

We cannot live even for an hour without

- (i) Food ( )
- (ii) Water ( )
- (iii) Milk ( )
- (iv) Air ( )

2. Which of the following measures is the most suitable in case of house fire. Put the mark ( ✓ ) before the correct answer.

- i) To pull down the house ( )
- ii) To pour water over fire ( )
- iii) To throw dust on fire ( )
- iv) To call the fire-brigade ( )

3. If A stands for 4, B for 7, C for 5, D for 2 and H for -1, work out the following:

- i)  $B + H - C$  ( )
- ii)  $C - H + B$  ( )
- iii)  $4D - B + A$  ( )
- iv)  $A + 5B - C$  ( )

Put the answer within the brackets.

4. What must a valley have around it? Put the mark ( ) before the correct answer.

- i) Lakes & rivers ( )
- ii) Gardens and orchards ( )
- iii) Mountains & hills ( )
- iv) Flowers & vegetables ( )



5. Fill in the missing digits in the following sum :

$$\begin{array}{r}
 6325 \quad \text{first row} \\
 \underline{\quad 459} \quad \text{second row} \\
 7 \quad \underline{\quad} 36 \quad \text{third row} \\
 \underline{62} \quad \text{fourth row} \\
 88949
 \end{array}$$

6. A and B are living in the same house. A is B's brother but B is not a brother of A. What relation can B be to A? Put the correct answer within the brackets. (      )

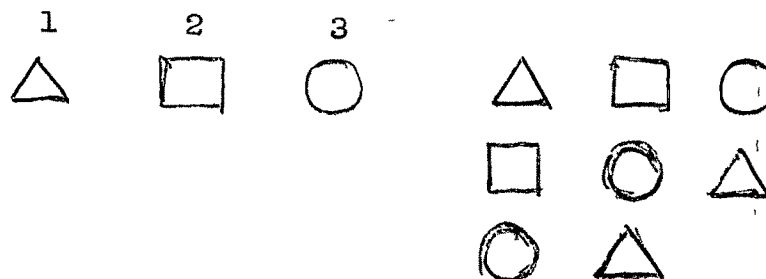
7. Two vessels A & B contain 200 and 150 liters of oil respectively. The greatest vessel by which the oil in both can be measured must have the capacity to contain -

- i) 60 liters (      )  
 ii) 50 liters (      )  
 iii) 40 liters (      )  
 iv) 20 liters (      )

Put the mark ( ✓ ) before the correct answer.

8. Considering the given two arrangements of the figures, supply the missing figure in the third row.

Put the number of the missing figure in the blank space.



9. Ram is older than Sham. Sham is older than Karim.

Therefore Karim is -

- i) younger than Ram ( )
- ii) of the same age as Ram ( )
- iii) older than Ram ( )

Put the mark ( ✓ ) before the correct conclusion.

10. The boys of D.A.V.H/S School are hardworking.

Ram is reading in D.A. V.H/S School. Therefore -

- i) Ram is a bad boy ( )
- ii) Ram is hardworking boy ( )
- iii) Ram eats apples ( )
- iv) Ram plays hockey ( )

In the light of the given statement, mark the correct answer. Put the mark ( ✓ ) before it.

11. Kashmir is a state in India. India is situated in Asia. Asia is the greatest continent in the world.

Therefore -

- i) Kashmir is the greatest country ( )
- ii) Kashmir is a continent ( )
- iii) Kashmir is situated in Asia ( )
- iv) Kashmir is a rich country ( )

12. A block of wood is 4" long and 3" wide; its volume is equal to 60 cubic inches, which of the following is correct ?

- i) Height =  $\frac{60}{3 \times 4} = 5$  inches ( )
- ii) Height =  $\frac{60 \times 3}{4} = 45$  inches ( )
- iii) Height =  $\frac{60 \times 4}{3} = 80$  inches ( )

iv) Height =  $\frac{3 \times 4}{60}$  = 1/5 inches (      )

Put the mark ( ✓ ) before the correct answer.

13. A is senior to B in age by four years. C is senior in age to A by five years. B is senior to D by seven years. If D is twenty years old, what is

(i) A's age (      )

(ii) B's age (      )

(iii) C's age (      )

Put the correct answer within the brackets.

14. A walks seven miles in one hour. B walks four miles in one hour. C moves six miles in one hour and D moves three miles in one hour. After five hours -

(i) how much farther has A gone than B ? (      )

(ii) how far is B behind C ? (      )

(iii) how far is D behind A ? (      )

(iv) how much is B ahead of D ? (      )

15. A frog moves upwards five feet along the wall of a well in one hour. After moving for one hour, it stops to take rest for fifteen minutes. How long will it take to come out if the well is 20 feet deep ?

(      )

Put the answer within the brackets.

16. A log sixteen yards long is to be divided into sixteen equal parts. If one yard can be cut from it in thirteen minutes, how long will it take to cut it into sixteen equal parts?

Put the answer within the brackets.

17. The Atlantic separates the Europe and Africa from North and South America. The Mediterranean separates Europe from Africa. The Atlantic is many times bigger than the Mediterranean. The biggest ocean of the world is the Pacific. Therefore -

- i) the Pacific is smaller than the Atlantic. (     )
- ii) the Mediterranean and the Atlantic are equal in area. (     )
- iii) The Pacific is bigger than the Atlantic and the Mediterranean.

## Test No. 6. ARITHMETICAL SERIES

Directions:-

Fill in the blank spaces in case of the following series:

Example : - 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11

Start from here:

- |     |         |           |          |       |       |       |
|-----|---------|-----------|----------|-------|-------|-------|
| 1.  | 15,     | 18,       | 21,      | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 2.  | 10,     | 15,       | 20,      | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 3.  | 7,      | 11,       | 15,      | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 4.  | 1,      | -1,       | -3,      | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 5.  | 14,     | 10        | 6        | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 6.  | 5,      | 1,        | $1/5$    | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 7.  | 4,      | -6,       | -16      | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 8.  | 1,      | 11,       | 21,      | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 9.  | 11,     | 5,        | 1,       | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 10. | 8,      | 16,       | 32,      | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 11. | 1,      | -5        | -11,     | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 12. | $2/5$ , | $8/5$ ,   | $14/5$ , | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 13. | $1/2$ , | $-1/2$    | $-3/2$ , | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 14. | -3,     | -6,       | -18,     | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 15. | -1,     | -5,       | -25      | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 16. | 7,      | 49,       | 343,     | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 17. | 1,      | $3/5$ ,   | $9/25$ , | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 18. | 2,      | 10,       | 18,      | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 19. | 5,      | 20,       | 80,      | _____ | _____ | _____ |
| 20. | $1/9$ , | $11/18$ , | $10/9$ , | _____ | _____ | _____ |

21.	1,	$7/5$ ,	$9/5$	_____	_____	_____
22.	3,	9,	27,	_____	_____	_____
23.	2,	4,	8,	_____	_____	_____
24.	1,	-4,	-9,	_____	_____	_____

## Test No. 7 JUMBLED SENTENCES

Re-arrange the words in the following sentences so that they convey some meaning.

Example :- Chair a man on a is.

A man is on a chair.

Proceed in the same way :-

1. Hockey an interesting game is.
2. A crow wings with flies.
3. Kashmir natural scenery is full of.
4. Looks beautiful coat black his.
5. Round earth the is.
6. Beautiful leaves green with looks three the.
7. Valley is a Kashmir beautiful
8. East rises the in the sun and west the in sets.
9. Soap with wash we hands our.
10. Ram my friend is.
11. Srinagar capital of Kashmir is the.
12. The day is season.
13. The stars seen night are at.
14. Snow Kashmir is falls in winter.
15. Seldom bite dogs barking.
16. Romans do at Roma do as the.
17. Left keep to the always.
18. The English language is English of the.
19. Spilt useless cry it is milk over to.

20. Country his for sacrificed Gandhi life his.
21. Mountains attractive Kashmir the of are.
22. Bihar was in Dr. Rajinder Prasad born.
23. Kashmir severe there is in cold winter in.
24. There where is will way there is a



## TRANSLATION OF THE TESTS

## FINAL TEST

It is almost impossible to translate the tests from Urdu into English with the exact significance of the original tests. An attempt has, however, been made here to convey as far as possible the meaning of the test items.

Unless asked to do so, don't turn over the pages of the booklet.

Name : - - - - -

Father's Occupation : - - - - -

Residence : - - - - -

School : - - - - -

Class : - - - - -

Date of Birth : - - - - - Year - - - - - Month - - - - -

Age at the time  
of Examination : - - - - -

## D I R E C T I O N S

Read the following carefully :

- I. When asked, solve the questions as fast as you can.
- II. Beginning from the first page, solve all the questions upto the end.
- III. Do not waste your time in attempting to solve a question that you cannot.
- IV. Begin the next set after you have completed the first.
- V. Write all you wish on the blank space.
- VI. If you want to correct your wrong attempt, write legibly after the first answer.

## I. OPPOSITES

In the items given below mark the word on the right opposite in meaning to the one on the left just as 'HATE' is the opposite of 'LOVE'.

1. Go : Run, Jump, Come, Dance
2. Laugh : Think, Cry, Sleep, Weep
3. Drop : Take, Say, Talk, Lift
4. Bachelor: Maid, Girl, Child, Woman
5. Take : Help, Give, Live, Sing
6. Son : Baby, Daughter, Mother, Sister
7. Accept : Approve, Reject, Like, Refuse.
8. Excess : Enough, Less, Shortage, Much
9. Like : Good, Helpful, Dislike, Bad
10. Reward : Punishment, Sin, Virtue, Benefit
11. Friend : Favour, Oppose, Enemy, Relative
12. Woman : Girl, Boy, Child, Man
13. Servant : Teacher, Student, Master, Helper
14. Believe : Like, Hate, Approve, Disbelieve
15. Sweet : Sour, Bitter, Tasteful, Tasteless
16. Possible: Sure, Doubtful, True, Impossible
17. Stag : Ewe, Kid, Hind, Buck
18. Stand : Talk, Help, Sit, Rise
19. Bright : Lustrous, Dull, Fine, Good
20. Handsome: Good, Bright, Ugly, Hateful.

## II. SIMILARITIES

Directions:- Mark the relation between the words on left and underline a word on the right bearing a similar relation to them.

Examples

- |                               |   |
|-------------------------------|---|
| 1. Apple, pear, apricot, ...  | Leaf, seed, branch,<br><u>mango</u>     |
| 2. Shirt, coat, trousers, ... | <u>Breeches</u> , grass, rice<br>wheat. |

Proceed further in the same way

- |                                  |                                     |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 1. Tomato, potato, cabbage ...   | : Spinach, meat<br>walnut, wood     |
| 2. Pink, red, green, ...         | : Sweet, white,<br>bitter, rich     |
| 3. Horse, cow, goat ...          | : Table, blackboard,<br>sheep, boy. |
| 4. Mew, roar, neigh ...          | : Howl, run,<br>jump, sit           |
| 5. Wool, silk, cotton ...        | : Black, blue,<br>Nylon, poor       |
| 6. Book, pen, pencil ...         | : Knife, head,<br>stone, diary      |
| 7. Show, chinar, fir, ...        | : Conifer, water,<br>oil, paste     |
| 8. Snow, hail, rain ...          | paper, tree,<br>ice, brick          |
| 9. Rice, wheat, maize, ...       | : Ashes, pen,<br>wall, barley       |
| 10. Mathematics, Urdu, Hindi ... | : Hut, geography,<br>tap, house     |
| 11. Sparrow, crow, kite, ...     | : Camel, elephant,<br>pigeon, lion  |
| 12. Plate, cup, spoon ...        | : pillow, quilt,<br>kettle, box     |

13. Typhoid, Cholera, Small-pox,		:Kitchen, room, Malaria, teeth
14. Hand, leg, head	...	:Baby, child, arm, banana
15. Honesty, truthfulness, charity,	...	:Hot, cold, non-violence, quick
16. Fiddle, harp, violin,	...	:Torch, lips, Piano, nose
17. Mat, rug, carpet	...	:Namda, ground, melon, eye.
18. See, hear, taste	...	:Enjoy, like, smell, cry
19. Daily, weekly, monthly	...	:Yearly, tinger, ripe, fast
20. Ocean, lake, river	...	:Forest, field, fire, stream
21. Iron, gold, silver,	...	:Garden, orchard, copper, smoke
22. Spade, hoe, plough	...	:Fodder, gram plum, sickle
23. Love, hate, anger	...	:Pride, quick, slow, lazy
24. Lorry, bus, truck	...	:Road, hill, jeep, path
25. Milk, cream, curd	...	:Butter, air, clay, fountain.

## III. CLASSIFICATION

Examples : (Apple, pear, apricot, sheep, grapes).

Underline the misfit words from the following as shown above

1. Harmonium, fiddle, drum, song, guitar
2. Wool, cotton, flax, cow, silk
3. Mina, sparrow, bulbul, nest, pigeon
4. Willow, chinar, apple, poplar, pine
5. Apricot, pear, mango, saucer, banana
6. Saucer, cup, spoon, teapot, tea
7. Laddu, Barfi, Gulabjamman, Confectioner, Rasagulla
8. Couch, table, Almirah, wood, chair
9. Boots, shoes, sandle, leather, slippers
10. Pen, inkpot, paper, firepot, nib
11. Cow, ox, goat, house, buffalo
12. Road, viper, rat, mongoose, maize
13. Narcissus, Gunvolvulous, leaf, lotus, rose
14. Arm, leg, thigh, heart, foot
15. Heart, lungs, intestines, nose, stomach
16. Carpet, mattress, nanda, wall, rug
17. Pepper, turmeric, ginger, cloves, cloth
18. Coat, Pantaloons, shirt, trousers, chair
19. Rock, pebble, stone, brick, road
20. Saree, Dhoti, blouse, house, sweater
21. Street, lane, market, road, track
22. Lamp, candle, lantern, stove, electricity
23. Pitcher, tumbler, bucket, jug, water
24. Somavar, keettle, pan, caildron, bread
25. Spinach, cabbage, tomato, potato, pear

## IV. ANALOGIES

Examples:

1. Cloud, rain ; . . . . ., spring : (Water, milk, oil, wine)
2. Wood, table ; . . . . ., cotton : (Cloth, leather, paper, canvas)

Directions: - In the first example cloud is the source for rain, in the same manner spring is the source of water, therefore water has been underlined there. In the second example, wood and table have the same relationship as cotton and cloth.. Keeping the above examples in view, mark the related words in the following test items:

1. Cow, milk; ... sheep (silk, oil, whey, wool)
2. Bee, honey; ... goat (jute, meat, water, wax)
3. Horse, mare; ... dog (puppy, kid, bitch, lamb)
4. Summer, heat; ... winter (warmth, brightness, cold, snow)
5. Ink, pen; ... lead (knife, scissors, pencil, sharpener)
6. Legs, animals, ... wheels (birds, carts, reptiles boxes)
7. Fingers, hands, ... toes (legs, ankles, arms, feet)
8. Arms, men; ... wings (birds, animals, worms, machines)
9. School, education; ..Gymnasium (death, exercise, friendship, pleasure, dinner)
10. Man, village; ... jungle (wine, flesh, tiger, dog)
11. Harp, music; ... rattle (melody, noise, sound, silence)
12. Glove, hand; ... cap (foot, leg, finger, head)

- |                          |           |  |
|--------------------------|-----------|--|
| 13. Donkey, grass; ....  | meat      | (monkey, camel, tiger, horse)                      |
| 14. Finger, ring ....    | armlet    | (knee, leg, arm, thigh)                            |
| 15. Mountain, trees .... | flowers   | (garden, street, lane, orchard)                    |
| 16. Peace, progress .... | war       | (prosperity, joy, destruction, ruin)               |
| 17. Redness, rose ....   | Daffodils | (yellowishness, pinkishness, whiteness, sweetness) |
| 18. Ear, music ....      | colour    | (nose, throat, mouth, eye)                         |
| 19. Ass, bray .....      | grunt     | (sheep, cow, lion, camel)                          |
| 20. Brass, gold, ....    | silver    | (iron, tin, aluminium, copper)                     |
| 21. Taste, tongue ....   | nose      | (colour, pleasure, smell, sweetness)               |
| 22. Bite, snake; ....    | sting     | (mouse, cat, crow, mosquito)                       |
| 23. Wing, birds; ....    | fish      | (scales, feet, teeth, legs)                        |
| 24. Love, hate; ....     | good      | (right, wrong, sweet, bad)                         |
| 25. Cock, dunghill; .... | dog       | (building, house, kennel, shed)                    |



## V. PROBLEMS

1. Read the statement below and carefully tick answer you think best or most sensible in the case. Put the mark ( ☒ ) in the bracket against the correct answer. We cannot live even for an hour without

- (1) food ( )
- (2) water ( )
- (3) milk ( ☒ )
- (4) air ( )

2. Which of the following measures is the most suitable in case of a house-fire. Put the mark ( ) before the correct answer.

- (1) Topull down the house ( )
- (2) To pour water over fir ( )
- (3) To thraw dust on fire ( )
- (4) To call the fire-brigade( )

3. If A stands for 4, B for 7, C for 5, D for 2 and H for -1, work out the following:

- (1)  $-B \ H - C$  ( )
- (2)  $C - H \ B$  ( )
- (3)  $4D - 2B \ A$  ( )
- (4)  $A \ 5B - c$  ( )

Write the answer within the brackets.

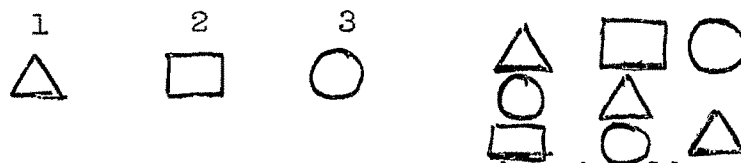
4. What must a "Valley" have round it ? Put the mark ( ☒ ) before the correct answer.

- (1) Lakes and rivers ( )
- (2) Gardens and orchards ( )
- (3) Mountains and hills ( )
- (4) Flowers and vegetables ( )

5. Fill in the missing digits in the following sum:

6 3 2 5	(First row)
- 4 5 9	(Second row)
7 - 3 6	(Third row)
6 2 - -	(Fourth row)

6. Considering the given two arrangements of the, figures supply the missing figure in the third row. Put the number of the missing figure in the blank space of the third row.



7. Ram is older than Sham. Sham is older than Karim. Therefore, Karim is -

- (1) younger than Ram ( )
- (2) of the same age as Ram ( )
- (3) older than Ram ( )

Put the mark ( ☒ ) before the correct conclusion.

8. In the light of the given statement, mark the

correct answer given at the end. Put (     ) mark before the correct answer.

The boys of D.A.V. H.S. School are hardworking. Ram is reading in D.A.V.H.B. School. Therefore -

- (1) Ram is a bad boy                    (     )
- (2) Ram is a hardworking boy (     )
- (3) Ram eats apples                    (     )
- (4) Ram plays hockey                    (     )

9. Kashmir is a State of India. India is situated in Asia. Asia is the greatest continent in the world. Therefore
- (1) Kashmir is the greatest country (     )
  - (2) Kashmir is a Continent            (     )
  - (3) Kashmir is situated in Asia        (     )
  - (4) Kashmir is a rich country         (     )

Put the mark (     ✓     ) before the correct conclusion.

10. A is senior to B in age by four years. C is senior in age to A by five years. B is senior to C by seven years. If D is twenty years old, then what is -
- (1) A's age                    (     )
  - (2) B's age                    (     )
  - (3) C's age                    (     )

Put the correct answer in the given brackets.

11. A walks seven miles in one hour. B walks four miles in one hour. C moves six miles in one hour D moves three miles in one hour- After five hours -

- (1) How much farther has 'A' gone than 'B' ? (     )
- (2) How far is 'B' behind 'C' ? (     )
- (3) How far is 'D' behind 'A' ? (     )
- (4) How much is 'B' behind of 'D' ? (     )

Write the answers in the brackets shown against each item.

12. A frog moves upward five feet along the wall of a well in one hour. After moving for one hour, it stops to take rest for fifteen minutes. How long will it take to come out if the well is 20 feet deep?

13. A log sixteen yards long is to be divided into sixteen equal parts. If one yard can be cut from it in thirteen minutes, how long will it take to divide it into sixteen equal parts ?

## VI. ARITHMETICAL SERIES

Directions :- Fill in the blank space in the following series.

Example :- 1, 3, 5, 7, 9, 11

Start from here

1. 15, 18, 21 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
2. 10, 15, 20 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
3. 7, 11, 15 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
4. 1, -1, -3, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
5. 14, 10, 6, 8 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
6. 11, 6, 1, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
7. 8, 16, 32, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
8. 1, -4, -9 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
9.  $\frac{2}{5}, \frac{8}{5}, \frac{14}{5},$  \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
10.  $\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{1}{2}, -\frac{3}{2}$  \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
11. -2, -6, -18 \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
12. -1, -5, -25, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
13. 7, 49, 343, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
14. 1,  $\frac{3}{5}, \frac{9}{25}$  \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
15. 3, 9, 27, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
16. 2, 4, 8, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
17. 2, 10, 18, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
18. 5, 20, 80, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
19. 15, 75, 375, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_
20. 1,  $\frac{7}{5}, \frac{9}{5}$  \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_, \_\_\_\_\_

## VII. JUMBLED SENTENCES

Rearrange the words in the following sentences so that they convey clear meaning.

Example :- Chair a man on a is.

A man is on a chair (Correct)

Proceed in the same way.

1. Hockey an interesting game is.
2. A crow wings with flies.
3. Kashmir natural scenery is full of.
4. Looks beautiful coat black his.
5. Round earth the is.
6. Ram my friend is.
7. Srinagar Capital of Kashmir is.
8. The dry is season.
9. The stars seen night are at.
10. Snow Kashmir in falls in winter.
11. Seldom bites dogs barking.
12. Romans do at Rome do as the.
13. Left keep to the always.
14. The English language is English of the.
15. Spilt unless cry it is milk over to.
16. Country his for sacrificed Gandhi life is.
17. Mountains attractive Kashmir the of are.
18. Bihar was in Dr. Rajindra Prasad born.
19. Kashmir severe there is in cold winter in.
20. There where is will way there is a.

## ذہن کی پیمائش

جب تک آپ نے کہا جائے۔ اس کتاب کے ورق نہ اٹائے۔  
ان کو بھر دیجیئے۔  
خالی جگہیں من بھر دیجیئے۔  
صفحہ نمبر جتنے حاصل کئے۔

- ۱۔ نام
- ۲۔ ولادت
- ۳۔ سکونت
- ۴۔ مدرکہ
- ۵۔ درجہ
- ۶۔ حصہ
- ۷۔ تاریخ

کلی میزان

اپنی من بھر دیجیئے

تاریخ پیدائش

جانے کے دن تک کی عمر  
نیچے دیئے ہوئے ہدایات کو بخور سے پڑھیئے۔  
۱۔ جب آپ سے پرچہ حل کرنے کو کہا جائے۔ تو جس قدر جلد ہو سکے۔ اسکو حل کیجیئے۔  
۲۔ پہلے حصے سے شروع کر کے آخری حصے تک سوال حل کرتے جاتیئے۔  
۳۔ اگر آپ کوئی سوال حل نہ کر سکتے ہو۔ تو اس پر اتنا وقت ضائع نہ کیجیئے۔  
۴۔ جب آپ پہلے صفحے کے سوال حل کر چکے۔ تو دوسرا صفحہ شروع کیجیئے۔  
۵۔ اگر کچھ لکھنا ہو۔ تو خالی جگہ پر لکھیئے۔  
۶۔ اگر آپ کسی جواب کو درست کرتا چاہتے ہو۔ تو پہلا جواب کاٹ کر صاف صاف کیجیئے۔

نیچے دی ہوئی اعداد سطروں میں بائیں طرف اس لفظ کے نیچے نشان لگاؤ۔ چونکہ دائیں طرف دسے گئے لفظ کی ضد ہو مگر نیچے کی سطر میں لفظ "نفرت" کے نیچے نشان لگایا گیا ہے۔ چونکہ لفظ الفت کی ضد ہے۔

الفت ..... عشق - غم - نفرت - حیرت  
یہاں سے شروع کرو۔

- ۱۔ جانا ..... ڈوڑنا۔ کودنا۔ ناچنا۔ آنا
- ۲۔ پشنا ..... سوچنا۔ چلانا۔ سونا۔ بونا
- ۳۔ گھروانا ..... لینا۔ کھینا۔ بوننا۔ اٹھانا
- ۴۔ لینا ..... بددکرنا۔ دینا۔ رہنا۔ گانا
- ۵۔ بچنا ..... بچہ۔ بچی۔ ماں۔ بہن
- ۶۔ گھنونا ..... گھنونا۔ درگی۔ بچہ۔ عورت
- ۷۔ زیادتی ..... کافی۔ کم۔ کمی۔ زیادہ
- ۸۔ پسند کرنا ..... اچھا۔ ناگوار۔ مسند۔ ناپسند کرنا۔ بُرا
- ۹۔ انعام ..... سزا۔ گناہ۔ صفت۔ پابندہ
- ۱۰۔ دوست ..... احسان۔ برخلافی کرنا۔ دشمن۔ دشمنی
- ۱۱۔ عورت ..... لڑکا۔ لڑکی۔ بچہ۔ مرد
- ۱۲۔ ٹوکر ..... اسناد۔ شاگرد۔ مددگار۔ آقا
- ۱۳۔ بھروسہ کرنا ..... پسند کرنا۔ نفرت۔ منظور کرنا۔ شک کرنا
- ۱۴۔ میٹھا ..... کھٹا۔ کڑوا۔ بے مزہ۔ منہ بدار
- ۱۵۔ خوب صورت ..... اچھا۔ بیکار۔ بد صورت۔ بُرا
- ۱۶۔ ممکن ..... پریقین۔ مشکوک۔ سچا۔ ناممکن
- ۱۷۔ بارگشتگاہ ..... پھیر۔ چکر۔ کچھ۔ بارگشتی۔ یون
- ۱۸۔ اٹھنا ..... بیٹھنا۔ بوننا۔ بددکرنا۔ اٹارنا
- ۱۹۔ چمکدار ..... ٹھیک۔ اچھا۔ کھیری۔ دھندلا
- ۲۰۔ ماننا ..... بائیں طرف۔ پسمند

#### مطالعہ نفی

نیچے دیے گئے الفاظ دائیں طرف دسے گئے ہیں۔ اور کچھ بائیں طرف۔ ان میں اگر آپ کو کسی قسم کی شبہیت یا یکانیت نظر آئے تو نشان کے ذریعے ظاہر کرو۔

یہ الفاظ دو دائروں کے درمیان وسط غور سے لو۔ اور بائیں طرف دسے گئے الفاظ میں اس لفظ کے نیچے نشان لگاؤ۔ جو اس دائرے میں طرف کے الفاظ کے ایسا واسطہ ہو۔

- ۱۔ سبب۔ ناشیاتی۔ خوبانی ..... پتا۔ بیخ۔ شاخ۔ آسم
  - ۲۔ قیامت۔ کورن۔ پانچامہ ..... برجیں۔ گھاس۔ چاولی۔ مکہ
- ای طرح آتے نشان لگاتے جیسے در



۱. ٹماٹر - آلو - گوبھی	۱. پالک - گوشت - مرغوث - مکاری
۲. گلابی - لال - لالہ	۲. میٹھا - سفید - کڑوا
۳. گھوڑا - بکائی - بکری	۳. مینر - بلیک بورڈ - بھیر - لڑکا
۴. میاؤں میاؤں - گرجا - پستنا	۴. چلانا - ڈوڈنا - کودنا - بیٹھنا
۵. اون - زیتیم - نوت	۵. کالا - سبز - لیشیم - غریب
۶. کتاب - علم - نپل	۶. گھٹنا - سر - پتھر - ڈاہری
۷. برف - اونے - بارش	۷. کما - خذ - درخت - میخ - اینٹ
۸. دیو دار - چنار - صنوبر	۸. بکایرو - پانی - تیل - نایع
۹. چاول - گندم - مکی	۹. راکھ - قلم - دلوزار - بو
۱۰. حساب - اردو - ہندی	۱۰. مکان - جھوٹا - جھڑا - مکتہ
۱۱. چڑیا - کوا - چیل	۱۱. اونٹ - مانتی - بکوتر - کشیر
۱۲. رکابی - پیالہ - چمچہ	۱۲. مرانا - رضا - مکتی - صندوق
۱۳. ہاتھ - ٹانگ - سر	۱۳. بچہ - بارو - کبلا - بچی
۱۴. تپ - حرک - کالہ - چمک	۱۴. باہر - خانہ - کمرہ - لیاریا - دانت
۱۵. دیانتداری - سچائی - سخاوت	۱۵. گرم - سرد - انسا - بیر
۱۶. سازگی - ستارہ - دایں	۱۶. منحل - ہونٹ - پیانو - ناک
۱۷. چٹائی - تالین - دریا	۱۷. بھرنہ - غروڑہ - کھیر - آنکھ
۱۸. دیکھنا - سننا - منہ لینا	۱۸. لطفہ - اٹھانا - لپٹنا - سونگھنا - چلانا
۱۹. روزانہ - ہفتہ وار - ماہانہ	۱۹. پختہ - نینر - سالانہ - اٹکل
۲۰. سمندر - جمیل - دریا	۲۰. جنگل - کیفیت - آگ - ندی
۲۱. لوہانہ - سونا - چاندی	۲۱. باغ - باغیچہ - تانبا - دھواں
۲۲. سیلجہ - بل - کدال	۲۲. بھوسہ - چنا - آلوچہ - دراختی
۲۳. محبت - نفرت - حشفہ	۲۳. گھمنڈ - تیز - بست - آہستہ
۲۴. لاری - بس - ٹرک	۲۴. سڑک - پیارٹی - جیب کار - راستہ
۲۵. دھوڑ - ملائی - دھما	۲۵. کھن - سوا - فوارہ - مٹی
	۲۵. پہاڑ - پرک - جلاو

## CLASSIFICATION

## درجہ بندی

شمال: رسیب، ناشیانی، خوابانی، بھڑ، انگور  
 جب طرح اوپر کی شمال میں دکھائی گئی ہے، مندرجہ ذیل سطو میں نامناسب الفاظ کی بجائے لکیر کیجئے:

۱. ہارمونیم، سازگی، ڈھول، گیت، ستار
۲. آون، سوت، پٹ من، گکائے، ریشم
۳. مینا، چڑیا، لیل، گھول، کبوتر
۴. بد، چند، رسیب، سفیدہ، دیو دار
۵. خوابانی، ناشیانی، آسم، رکابی، کیلا
۶. رکابی، پیالہ، چمچہ، چائے دان، چائے
۷. لڈو، برقی، شلاب جان، حلوائی، رس گلا
۸. پتنگ، میز، الہاری، لکڑی، کرسی
۹. بوٹ، چل، چمڑا، سید
۱۰. فلم، دوا، کاغذ، کاغذی، بن
۱۱. گکائے، بیل، بکری، مکان، بھینس
۱۲. میڈک، سانپ، چوہا، ٹیولا، مٹی
۱۳. ترنس، عشق، پیچان، پتا، کنول، گلاب
۱۴. بازو، ٹانگ، زبان، دل، پاؤں
۱۵. دل، پھیرے، انتڑیاں، ناک، منہ
۱۶. تالین، گیند، منہ، دیو وار، دوری
۱۷. مریخ، ہدی، ادھر، لوگ، کپڑا
۱۸. کوٹ، شیلون، مینٹن، پا جاسہ، کرسی
۱۹. چٹان، کنگر، چھر، اینٹ، مرگ
۲۰. ساڑھی، دھوٹی، چمیر، مکان، بنیان
۲۱. بازار، چمچ، منڈی، سڑک، راستہ
۲۲. دیہ، لالین، موسم، تبا، بخاری، بجلی
۲۳. دال، گڑھا، کھل، باغیچہ، چک، پانی
۲۴. سداوہ، کتلی، نوا، چمچی، دھول
۲۵. پالک، کوبھی، ٹائٹر، گلو، ناشیانی

## مشابہت

مثالیں :-

- ۱۔ بادل - بارش ..... چشمہ - پانی (پانی - دودھ - تیل - شراب)
  - ۲۔ لکڑی - میز ..... روٹی - کچرا (کچرا - چمڑا - کاغذ - کنواں)
  - ۳۔ بھوک - خوراک ..... پیاس - دودھ (دودھ - آبس کریم - پانی چائے)
- یہ بات ہر پہلی مثال میں یاد دلان سے بارش گرنی اور اسی طرح چشمہ سے پانی حاصل ہوتا ہے۔  
اسی لئے لفظ "پانی" کے نیچے ایک لکیر کھینچی گئی ہے۔ دوسری مثال میں لفظ "کچرا" کے نیچے اس لئے لکیر کھینچی گئی ہے۔  
کیوں کہ لکڑی اور میز کا ایک دوسرے کے ساتھ مشابہت ہے۔ تیسری مثال سے یہ بات ثابت ہو رہی ہے۔  
اور بھوک اور خوراک میں وہی تعلق ہے۔ جو کہ پیاس اور پانی میں ہے۔  
اوپر کی مثالوں کو مد نظر رکھ کر مندرجہ ذیل آزمائش ثابت میں مشابہت رکھنے والے الفاظ کے نیچے مثال بن لکائیے۔

- ۱۔ گائے - دودھ ..... بھیر - (ریشم - تیل - لسی - اون)
- ۲۔ شہد - کھجور ..... بکری (پٹ - گوشت - پانی - یوم)
- ۳۔ گھوڑا - گھوڑی ..... گتا - (مینا - بھڑا - کتیا - ہتھکڑی)
- ۴۔ موسم گرما - گرمی ..... سرما - (کرک - برف - بادل)
- ۵۔ سہا - نلہ ..... سینہ - (چاقو - چھتی - پتیل - پتیل تراش)
- ۶۔ مانگیں - حیوان ..... پیسے - (جانور - بکری - صندوق - ہوا)
- ۷۔ انگلیاں - ہاتھ ..... پاؤں کی انگلیاں - (ٹانگیں - تحفے - پارہا پیس)
- ۸۔ بازو - آدمی ..... پر - (پرندے - حیوان - پرندے - ہتھکڑی)
- ۹۔ سکول - تعلیم ..... کھلوار - (موت - بھل - درستی - خوشی - کھانا)
- ۱۰۔ آدمی - گاؤں ..... جنگلی - (شراب - گوشت - شیر - گنا)
- ۱۱۔ ستار - موسیقی ..... شور - (آواز - خاموشی - خوشی)
- ۱۲۔ دستار - ہاتھ ..... ٹوٹی - (پاؤں - ٹانگیں - انگلیاں - سر)
- ۱۳۔ گدھا - گھاس ..... گوشت - (بندر - اونٹ - شیر)
- ۱۴۔ انگلی - (انگوٹھی) ..... بازو - بند - (گھٹا - بازو - ٹانگ - ران)
- ۱۵۔ پہاڑ - درخت ..... پھول - (بازار - گلاب - باغیچہ)
- ۱۶۔ من - ترقی ..... جنگ - (خوشحالی - خوشی - تنہا - جبربادی)
- ۱۷۔ گلابی رنگ - گلاب ..... زردی - (سرخ - سفیدی - شہاس)
- ۱۸۔ کان - موسیقی ..... رنگ - (ناک - گلاب - تہنہ - آنکھ)

- ۱۹۔ گدھا ڈھچھوں ڈھچھوں ..... ؟ (خوفزدہ۔ بھڑکے۔ شیر۔ اونٹ)
- ۲۰۔ پتیل۔ سوتا ..... چاندنی؟ (لوہا۔ قلعی۔ دیمونیم تانبا)
- ۲۱۔ ترہ۔ زبان ..... ناک؟ (ب۔ رنگ۔ خوش۔ ترہ)
- ۲۲۔ دشت۔ سائب ..... کانا؟ (پتوا۔ کوا۔ موٹی۔ گاجر)
- ۲۳۔ پر۔ پرند ..... پھلی؟ (پر۔ پاؤں۔ دانت۔ ٹانگیں)
- ۲۴۔ محبت۔ نفرت ..... اچھا؟ (غلط۔ بھٹا۔ بُرا۔ ٹھیک)
- ۲۵۔ مرغ۔ ڈربا ..... گھوڑا؟ (مکان۔ ہنگہ۔ طیس۔ گھر)

### سوالات

۱۔ مندرجہ ذیل بیان کو غور سے پڑھ لیجیے۔ اور اس کے آخر میں دئے ہوئے صحیح جواب کے سامنے (س) کا نشان لگا دیجیے۔

۱۔ ہم ..... کے بغیر ایک گھنٹہ بھی زندہ نہیں رہ سکتے۔

۱۔ خدا رک ( )

۲۔ پانی ( )

۳۔ دھوا ( )

۲۔ مکان میں آگ لگنے کی صورت میں مندرجہ ذیل اقدامات میں سے سب سے زیادہ مناسب قلم کون۔ صحیح جواب کے سامنے (س) کا نشان لگا دیجیے۔

۱۔ کھاف کو گرانا۔ ۲۔ آگ پر پانی پھینکنا۔ ۳۔ آگ پر دھواں پھینکنا۔ ۴۔ فائر برکیڈ کو بلانا۔

۳۔ ۱ = ا، ۲ = ب، ۳ = ج، ۴ = د، ۵ = ط، ۶ = ز اور ج = ۱۔

مندرجہ ذیل کا قیمت معلوم کرو۔

۱۔ ۲ + ج - س

۲۔ ۳ - س + ج + ط - ب

۳۔ ۴ - ط - ۲ + ب + د

۴۔ ۵ + ا - ب - س

۵۔ دادی کے (دو) کرد کیا ضروری ہے۔ صحیح جواب کے سامنے (س) کا نشان لگاؤ۔

۶۔ جیسے جیسے جمع کے سوال میں خالی جگہوں کو پُر کرو۔

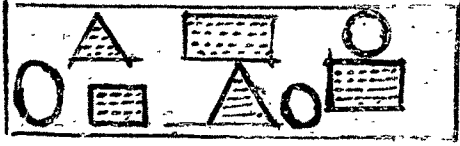
( )	۶۳۲۵	.....	پہلی سطر ( )
( )	۴۵۹	x	دوسری " ( )
( )	۶۲۶	x	تیسری " ( )
( )	۶۲۶	x	چوتھی " ( )
( )	۲۸۹۴۹		

توف۔ جھپٹیں اور دیریا۔

۲۔ باغات اور پلایے

۳۔ پھاڑ اور پتھر

۴۔ پھول اور سبزیاں



۶۔ دئے ہوئے اشکال کے ڈیزائن میں خالی جگہ کو پرکھو :



۷۔ رام شام سے بڑا ہے۔

شام کریم سے بڑا ہے۔

اسلئے کریم رتی رام سے چھوٹا ہے۔

رام کی عمر کا ہے۔

رام سے بڑا ہے۔

( صحیح جواب کے سامنے دس )  
( کا نشان لگاؤ )

۸۔ دئے ہوئے بیان کو غور سے پڑھ کر صحیح جواب کے سامنے دس کا نشان لگاؤ۔  
ڈی۔ لے۔ وی ہائیر سیکنڈری سکول کے لڑکے محنت کش ہیں۔ رام۔ ڈی۔ لے۔ وی سکول میں پڑھتا ہے۔

اسلئے ( )

( ) رام ایک بڑا لڑکا ہے۔

( ) رام محنتی لڑکا ہے۔

( ) رام سب کھاتا ہے۔

( ) رام ہانسی کھیلتا ہے۔

۹۔ کشمیر ہندوستان کی ایک ریاست ہے۔ ہندوستان ایشیا میں واقع ہے۔ ایشیا دنیا کا سب سے بڑا براعظم ہے۔ اس لئے ( )

( ) کشمیر سب سے بڑا ملک ہے ( ) کشمیر ایک براعظم ہے ( )  
( ) کشمیر ایشیا میں واقع ہے ( ) کشمیر ایک امیر ملک ہے۔ ( )

صحیح جواب کے سامنے دس کا نشان لگاؤ۔

۱۰۔ و کی عمر ب سے چار سال زیادہ ہے۔ س کی عمر و سے پانچ سال زیادہ ہے۔ ل کی عمر س سے سات سال زیادہ ہے۔ اگر ل کی عمر ۲ سال ہو۔ تو و کی عمر کیا ہوگی ( )  
( ) ب کی عمر کیا ہوگی ( ) س کی عمر کیا ہوگی ( ) ( برکت میں جواب لکھو )

۱۱۔ "و" ایک گھنٹہ میں سات میل چلتا ہے۔ ایک گھنٹہ میں چار میل چلتا ہے۔ س ایک گھنٹہ میں چھ میل چلتا ہے۔ اوّل ایک گھنٹہ میں تین میل چلتا ہے۔

پانچ گھنٹوں کے بعد و ر ل و کتنے میل ب سے آگے گیا ہے۔ ( ) ب کتنے میل س سے پیچھے ہے ( ) ل کتنے میل و سے پیچھے ہے۔ ( ) ب کتنے

میل ل سے آگے ہے ( ) جواب برکتوں میں لکھو  
۱۲۔ ایک میٹر کی ایک کنویں کے دیوار پر پانچ فٹ فی گھنٹہ کے حساب سے اوپر چڑھتا ہے۔ ایک گھنٹہ چلنے کے بعد یہ کن کر پڑے۔ منٹ تک آرام کرتا ہے۔ اگر کنواں ۲۰ فٹ گہرا ہو۔ تو میٹر کی کنویں سے نکلنے میں کتنی دیر لگے گی ؟

ایک سو گز پے لٹھے کو سولہ برابر حصوں میں تقسیم کرنا ہے۔ اگر اس میں سے ایک ٹکڑا کاٹنے میں 3 منٹ لگتے ہوں تو لٹھے کو سولہ برابر حصوں میں تقسیم کرنے میں کتنا وقت لگ جائے گا؟

سلسلہ

مندرجہ ذیل سلسلہ میں خالی جگہوں کو پُر کرو۔ شمال (1، 3، 5، 7، 9، 11،

یہاں سے شروع کرو:	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15	16	17	18	19	20	21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30	31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38	39	40	41	42	43	44	45	46	47	48	49	50	51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60	61	62	63	64	65	66	67	68	69	70	71	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80	81	82	83	84	85	86	87	88	89	90	91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100	

بے ترتیب اور مخلوط جملوں کی ترتیب

درست معنی دینے کے لئے مندرجہ ذیل جملوں کو اگر ضرورت ہے تو ترتیب وار لکھو۔  
مثال: کرسی ایک آدمی ہے۔ پیر ایک آدمی ہے۔ ایک آدمی ایک کرسی پر ہے۔ اسی طرح درست ترتیب دیتے جاؤ۔

۱. کوا پڑوں اڑتے ہیں۔
۲. کوٹ دکھائی دیتا کالادکٹس اگلا۔
۳. گول ہے زمین۔
۴. یہ موسم ہے خشک۔
۵. گرتی سردی کشتی میں برف ہے۔
۶. دیں بیس دینا جیا۔
۷. بائیس چلو پچیس۔

۱. کشتی پر کورسناظر ہے۔
۲. تمام دو وقت ہے صبح۔
۳. مری گزراؤ الخلاق کثیر ہے گا۔
۴. دکھائی دیتے تارے رات میں کو۔
۵. چودہ گرجتے ہیں بیس برسے۔

۱. گھڑی تران ہے مگر زوں کا۔
۲. چاروں اب بچھائے جب کھیت کیا تھا جگ کہیں۔
۳. پچی گودی زندگی اپنے چاندھی جی کے ملک نے نے تران۔
۴. چاروں کے کھیر دکٹس ہیں۔
۵. چاروں راہرو پش و جی میں سوئے پیدا۔
۶. چھتر سخت میں سردی موسم سرما سخت ہے ہوتی جی۔
۷. چاروں چار چار۔