LIST OF PLATES

Plate	No.		Page	No.
•	1	Fine to medium grain basalt flow	72	
	2	Glomeroporphyritic basalt flow	72 -	
	3	Olivine basalt flow	73	
	4	Pipe amygdules at the base of lava flows	78	
	5	Medium grained porphyritic basalt	81	
_	6	Fine grained olivine basalt	81	
	7	Exposure of medium grained basalt unit	85	
	8	Medium to fine-grained basalt	85	
	9	Exposure of dolerite dyke	90	
	10	Micro-gabbro dyke	90	
	11	Curvilinear dacite dyke	93	
	12	Hill of leuco-gabbro dyke	93	
	13	Exposure of rhyolite dyke	96	
	14	Buff coloured miliolite limestone	96	
	15	Alluvium exposed along a river valley	100	
	16	Vertical to sub-vertical joint sets	100	
	17	Pipe amygdules	107	
,	18	Yellowish-brown coating over olivine basalt flow	107	
	19	Greenish-grey coloured glomero- porphyritic basalt	111	
	20	Joint pattern in dolerite dyke	111	
	21	Protruding micro-gabbro dyke	114	
	22	Sheared rhyolite dyke	116	

23	Grey to black coloured olivine basalt	124
24	Dark-brown to black coloured basalt	124
25	Olivine basalt/dolerite dyke	130
26	Grey coloured dacite dyke	130
27	Dirty grey coloured felsite dyke	134
28	Steep to moderate slopes and 'V' shaped valleys produced by dissection	162
29	Moderate to gentle slopes of a moderately dissected plateau	163
30	Isolated conical hill	163
31	Flat topped hill	165
32	Weathered and colluvial material of buried pediment	165
33	Isolated residual uplands in a low relief landscape	167
34	Striking ridges in the study area	168
35	Unconsolidated sediments in a valley fill	170
36	Blockage of stream by causeway	314
37	The well which is contaminated by seepage of water from the blocked stream	314
38	5'high grass which is so common in the national park area	337
39	Lions on natural prey kill	342
40	Roots exposed by the construction of roads followed by soil erosion	356
41	Concentration of Chital (Herbivores) at an artificial cement-lined waterhole	356
42	Lion pride resting near water pool in the core area of their territory	359

	43	Overgrazing and lopping of trees around a maldhari settlement resulting in degradation of the ecosystem	359
44 &	45	Various types of containers of water used for wildlife by the officials in the Gir	363
	46	Artificial water hole provided by the officials in the Gir	364
	47	Natural water body formed by a knick point	386
	48	Depressed water channel	386
,	49	Four-horned antelope drinking from a water pool in a pot hole	389
	50	Cemented dug-well	389
	51	Hand pump which is commonly used for exploiting groundwater	395
- ,	52	Termite mounds : A bio-indicator of groundwater in the study area	398
	53	Vertical electrical soundings used to verify the validity of bio-indicators	398
	54	Forest fire at the base of the hill in the background	405
	55	Dark areas depicting fire zones on the satellite imagery of the Gir area	408
	56	Livestock inside the dried up Kamleshwar reservoir in the Gir	412
	57	Cultivated land bordering the Gir Sanctuary area	414