## **NOMENCLATURE**

Latin letters	•	
a	interfacial specific surface area	$[m^2/m^3]$
A	cross section area	$[m^2]$
A <sub>i</sub> , A*	physical solubility of chlorine	[kmol/m <sup>3</sup> or gmol/liter]
$b_0$ , $b_{ii}$ , $b_{ij}$	regression coefficients	[-]
C	concentration	[kmol/m <sup>3</sup> or gmol/liter]
$C_{A0}$	concentration of A bulk of liquid/	[kmol/m <sup>3</sup> or gmol/liter]
	Initial concentration in gas	
$C_{g}$	concentration of gas	[kmol/m <sup>3</sup> or gmol/liter]
$C_{B0}$	concentration of B in bulk of liquid/	[kmol/m³ or gmol/liter]
	Initial concentration	
$C_D$	drag coefficient	[-]
$C_{DN}$	modified drag coefficient	[-]
d, D	diameter	[m]
$d_{32}$	Sauter bubble diameter	[m]
$D_A$	diffusion coefficient of species A in	$[m^2 s^{-1}]$
	the liquid phase	
G	volumetric flow rate of gas	[m <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> or litre/hr]
<b>G'</b>	molal flow rate	[moles/sec]
g	acceleration due to gravity	$[m s^{-2}]$
F	volumetric flow rate	$[m^3 s^{-1}]$
H	Henry's law coefficient	[Pa m <sup>3</sup> mol <sup>-1</sup> ]
На	Hatta number	[-]
$R_A$ , $N_A$	rate of molar absorption with chemical reaction	$[\text{mol m}^{-2} \text{ s}^{-1}]$
	(flux)	•
$N_A^*$	average rate of physical absorption (flux)	[mol m <sup>-2</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> ]
$k_{G}$	gas sided mass transfer coefficient	[mol m <sup>-2</sup> Pa <sup>-1</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> ]
$k_L$	liquid sided mass transfer coefficient	[m s <sup>-1</sup> ]
k <sub>m, n</sub>	chemical reaction rate constant for m <sup>th</sup> order	$[m^{3(m+n-1)} mol^{-(m+n-1)} s^{-1}]$
	in species A and n <sup>th</sup> order in species B	,
$k_L a$	volumetric mass transfer coefficient	[s <sup>-1</sup> ]

k <sub>L</sub> a*	dimensionless k <sub>L</sub> a	[-]
1 .	length	[meter]
L	volumetric flow rate of liquid	[m <sup>3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> or litre/hr]
M	molecular weight	[kg mol <sup>-1</sup> ]
m	number of moles	[-]
n	number of nozzles	[-]
P	system pressure	[Pa]
$p_A$	partial pressure of component A	[Pa]
r	radius	[m]
$r_{A}$	chemical reaction rate of species A (volumetric)	[mol m <sup>-3</sup> s <sup>-1</sup> ]
R	gas constant	[J K <sup>-1</sup> mol <sup>-1</sup> ]
t	time	[s]
t <sub>e</sub>	exposure time	[s]
T	temperature	[K]
V .	volume	$[m^3]$
v	velocity	[m s <sup>-1</sup> ]
$V_{R, V_J}$	volume of reactor/ejector	$[m^3]$
$\mathbf{w_i}$ .	concentration of species $i$ in the liquid phase	[kmol/m <sup>3</sup> ]
$\mathbf{w}_{ij}$	concentration of species $i$ in the liquid phase at $x_j$	[m s <sup>-1</sup> ]
<b>X</b>	distance from interface	[m]
$x_j$	spatial variable at node j	[m]
X	influencing parameter, dimensionless	[-]
Y	target quantity, dimensionless	[-]
у	mole percentage of solute in gas	[-]
z	stoichiometric coefficient	[-]
Z	distance along axis of ejector	[-]
N '	normality	
		•
Greek letters		-
α	gas hold up	[-]
β	enhancement factor	[-]
Δ	difference	[-]

δ	film thickness	[m]
$\chi_1$	liquid holdup	[-]
$\boldsymbol{k}$	exponent	[-]
σ	parameter defined by equation (4.2.13)	[-]
$\sigma_{1,}\sigma_{2}$	parameter defined by equation (4.2.15) & (4.2.16)	[-]
σ	surface tension	[N m <sup>-1</sup> ]
$\mu_k$	kinematic viscosity	[cm2/sec]
μ	dynamic viscosity	[Pa s]
ν	kinematic viscosity	$[m^2 s^{-1}]$
ρ	homogeneous flow model density	[kg m <sup>-3</sup> ]

## Subscripts

fluid bulk 0 A,B.... component A,B..... b bubble Dispersion disp exposure e G, g gas phase i interface in inlet j jet L, 1 . liquid phase chemical reaction order m, n N nozzle mixing tube M out outlet throat th tot total d desorption b bubble superficial S R reactor

molal

mo

## Superscripts

O fluid bulk/initial

\* equilibrium, physical solubility

, solute free basis