

الدرسُ الثالث: رزق/غذا

CHAPTER III: OUR FOODS



MANI.T.A

CHAPTER THREE

THE FOOD:

Allah The Almighty has created 'Human', the most superior amongst the entire creatures created on the earth. The rest entire things created on earth are meant to benefit the human. Allah The Almighty explains in Qoran (1-78 - (الرجون)) that Qoran itself is guidelines for human; East & West, and Stars are created for directions. Sun & Moon are created for calculatios and to calculate months & years. Air, Seas, Pearls, Marjan*, Sky, Earth, Air, Tree, Chlorophyll** Flowers, Cereals, Fruits, Dates, Pomegranates, Justice, Life & Death Paradise & Hell etc. etc. are created specially for the Human.

Allah The Aimighty has bestowed very special foods to humen, like; Milk & Honey(66-69(النحل)), Animal's Flesh (5,8,۱۱ الفل), Fish's Flesh (96-99-1-1-7), Bird's Flesh (21-1-1-7), apart from the basic source of food i.e. plants/trees & their produces. Therefore, food is the most important basic need, as per Qoranic indications.

Allah The Almighty indicates in Qoran that He provides you the best sources of your food; like plants/trees, animals, birds & fish etc. Allah The Almighty again addresses the humen; that humen are unable to provide food to The Almighty, but it is He, Who best-ows you (us) food:

مُكْنَ مَنْ يَتَرْزُقُكُ مِّ مِنَ اسْتَمَا وَتِ وَالْارْضِ مُتَلِ اللهُ ٧٠٠٥ (22- سبا- 24) وَرِزِنُ رَبِّكَ خَيْرٌ وَّا بُعْتَى وَامُرْ اَ هٰلَكَ بِالصَّلُو وْ وَاصْطَبِرْ عَلَيْهَا وَلاَ شَكَلُكَ رِزْقًا وَنَصْ مَرْزُ قُلْكَ ٤٠٠٥ (١٥- طسما- 151,152) بِالنَّذِى خَلَقَ الْارْضَ مَعْ وَقَدَّرُ نِبَيْهَا اَ قَدَا تَعَا سَار 24 لَمُثَلَقًى

^{*}a precious stone

مُنْ عَامَتُنْ فَ راسرحمان - 64) **

Food ... contd...

Allah The Almighty indicates in Qoran, the existence of a 'digestive system' in human & animals body. Qoran says that Allah The Almighty bestows you food when you are hungry:

النَّـنِيْ اَ الْفَهَ عُـهُ وَ يِّنْ جُوْعٍ لِهُ ... أَ (30 - مَرِيشَ - 4)

وَ يَكُرُونُكُ مِنْ هَنِكُ لَا يَحْتَسِبُ اللهِ (30 - الطلاق - 3) وَاللهُ خَـيْرُالــرَّازِفِيْنَ أَ (35 - الجمعة الله)

Again, Allah The Almighty instructs the humen to feed the relatives, orphans & poors, when they are hungry.

The word 'hunger' indicates that there is a system within the body which utilises the food eaten. When the food is fully consumed by the system, the human starts feeling hunger.

Since the end product of food is blood & milk. Milk is reconsumed as a food by humen, while blood circulates within body to transport the digested food and to produce the 'energy':

Allah The Almighty prohibits certain things to eat:

إِنَّمَا مَرَّمَ عَلَيْكُمُ المُنِيَّةَ وَالْكُمَّ مَ لَكُمُ الْفِينِرِيْرِ وَمَا أَهِلٌ بِهِ لِغَيْرِاللَّهِ ؟.. ٥ (2-اللقرِّ- ١٥ الخار-١٥ الم الخار-١٥ المار-١٥ ال

When harmful bacteria & other organisms exist.

sub chapter i

Food - A Basic Need:

Food is most important among the basic needs. Human life cannot survive without food.

Allah The Almighty reveals in Qoran that He provides foods to all the living creatures on earth by His Mercy. It means food is an important factor for the sruvival of life:

Prophet Ibrahim, who is Messenger of Allah and a super human, prayed to The Almighty Allah to provide him with fruits as 'food' for the livlihood of his people:

Jesus & Mary, who were also super human and faithful to The Almighty Allan, were eating food for survival. This Qoranic Verse also confirms that food is must for life:

Allah The Almighty says to humen in Qoran to eat all pure things which Allah The Almighty allows to eat: وَكُلُوّا مِمَّا رَزَ قَلُهُ مَلْاً لَا اللَّهُ عَلَا اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الللللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللللللَّا الللللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللللَّهُ اللللّ

^{*}Allah The Almighty is the best feeder, and He guarantees the lives of those killed or died in the way of Allah.

^{**}Allah The Almighty is the real creator, and it is only He, Who bestow food to His creatures.

Jesus, son of Mary and Messenger of The Almighty Allah, once prayed to The Almighty to provide him a special dish of food from sky, as a symbol of gift from The Almighty Allah. The day of the receipt of 'dish' will be a day of festival for us. Again, Prophet Jesus, prays that O' The Almighty Allah, bestow us source of livlihood i.e. food and Allah The Almighty is the best 'bestower':

قَالَ عِيسَى ابِنَ مَرْ يَدَةَ اللَّهُ مَ ثَبَنَا آنَزِلْ عَلَيْنَا مَآبِ قَ مِنَ السَّمَاءَ حَكُونُ لَهَا عِيْلَ ا لِآوَّ لِنَا وَالْجِرِنَا وَالْيَهَ مِنْنَكَ قَ وَالْرُزُ قَنَا وَ آنْتَ خَيْرُ الرَّارِ فِيْنَ ٥ (٦-١٨ عُن -١١٩) اللَّهُ الَّذِي لَمَلَقَكُمْ فَحُ رُزَقَكُمْ فَ قَ رُزَقَكُمُ فَ قَ رُزَقَكُمُ فَ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ال

Allah The Almighty dislikes those, who legalise or illegalise the sources of foods, bestowed to them by The Almighty Allah:

وَرَرُوْتُوْمُ مِنْ اللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ

الْمُسْرِونِينَ ٥ مُلْ سَنْ هَرَى وَلْنَاخَ اللهِ الَّتِي اَكْرَجَ بِعِبَادِه وَالطَّيِّبَاتِ مِنَ الرِّزْقِ ﴿ 80 8- الاعرات - 131,132

Allah The Almigty arranges the sources for your food from sky & earth i.e. water from sky & earth which causes germination, and sun & gases from sky and minerals from earth help during the process of food synthesis:

Allah The Almighty provides you (humen) the basic needs for your livlihood; for example i) Children: are signs that humen reproduce, ii) Water Streams: help you in your day to day use, like farming, cooking, drinking & cleaning etc. and iii) Gardens: to obtain food and wood as fuel & building materials and iv) Cattles: to obtain food like; flesh & milk, fertiliser, leather and mode of trnasport:

Allah The Almighty again describes here some of the basic requirements for the livelihood of human, like farming, gardens, dates, streams (sources of food) and shelter:

اَشُرْكِوُنَ فِي مَا هَامِعُنَا الْمِرِينَ لَا فِي جَنْتِ وَّ عُيُوْنِ لَا ذُرُوعٍ وَ نَفْلِ طَلْهُ عَا هَضِيمُ فَ وَنَشِخْتُونَ مِنَ الجِبَالِ بُيهُوْتًا مَلْرِهِينَ فَي (١٩- ١ سنحواء - ١٩٥ - ١٩٠) كُمْ تَكُولًا مِنْ جَنَّتِ وَعُيُونِ لَا وَزُرُوعٍ وَ مَقَامِم كَرِبْهِ لا وَ نَعْمَدِ إِنَا مَيْهَا مَلْهِدِينَ لا وَ نَعْمَدُ فِي اللهِ اللهِ وَي وَهُوا مِن اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ اللهِ الله

^{*}food/fruits provided in paradise will resemble with the fruits/food bestowed by Almighty Allah in this mortal world.

Allah The Almighty Justifies His decision to provide us the 'Basic Requirements' on the earth and distributes accordingly amongst the people. For this Allah The Almighty rains water from the sky:

وَلَوْبَسَطُ اللّهُ الرّبِي وَلَيْ اللّهِ اللّهُ اللّهُ

It is depend upon the Almighty Allah's will that He bestows a person the basic requirements in excess and in least quantity to the other

ورد من من الله كَيْسُمُ البِرِزْقَ لِمَنْ يَشَاءُ مِنْ عِبَادِهِ وَيُقْدِرُ اللهُ طِلْقَ اللهُ بِعُلِّ شَيْءٍ عَرِيمٍ وَهِ اللهُ يَسِمُ وَهُ مَا اللهُ يَسِمُ اللهُ يَسِمُ اللهُ يَسِمُ اللهُ يَسِمُ اللهُ يَسِمُ اللهُ يَسِمُ اللهِ اللهُ يَسِمُ اللهِ اللهُ يَسُمُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ ا

كَمَّ ٱلْرِيْثُ مِنْهُ مِنْ رِزْقِ وَكُمَّ ٱلْرِيْثُ انْ يُعْلِمُ فَ فِهِ إِنَّ اللهُ هُوَالدَّزُانُ ذُوْالفُّوَةِ المُبَيِّنُ هُ (75- الدريئة - 57,58)

Allah The Almighty will provide the inhabitants of the Paradise, the basic needs like fruits, water & shelter:

فِيْ سِسِ » نَخْضُوْ دِلَا وَّطَلِّح مَنْفُوْ دِلَا وَّظِلِّ مَمْدُ وْرِهُ وَّهَآ ۚ مَسْكُوْبِ هُ وَّ مَا كَحَ وَكُثِيْرُةٍ لَا ٢٥-١١٠ العالمَّهُ - ٤٥-١٥٥ وَلَحُهُمْ وَلِلْكَ الْجَنْسَةُ ٱلَّيِّ خُرِثُ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا مِنْ كَانَ تَقِيَّاه وَلَحُهُمْ لِزُنْعُهُ حَرِيْنِهَا بُكُرُةً وَّعَشِيبًا ه تِلْكَ الْجَنْسَةُ ٱلَّيِّ خُرْدِثُ مِنْ عِبَادِنَا مِنْ كَانَ تَقِيَّاه (16- حريس - 23)

Undoubtedly, the sweet & fresh water, which Allah The Almighty rains from the sky, which we drink to quench our thirst, is a part of our tasic requirement. When Allah The Almighty wills, the sweet water turns to salty:

وَ مَعَلْناً مِنْهَا رُوَاسِيَ شَمِعَتْ وَاسْقَيْنَاكُمْ مُآءً مُسْرَاتًا ٥ (29 - ١ ١ سرسلت - 27)

Allah The Almighty rewards with gardens & well of sweet water to to those who are faithful and fear The Almighty;

When Allah The Almighty turns the sweet & fresh into salty, the human cannot afford to drink such salty water:

Allah The Almighty reveals in Qoran that when Mary معرفي was alone in the jungle to give birth 'the baby Jesus' معرفي Allah The Almighty guided her and provided her wih 'dates' to eat and 'water' to drink for the survival of life. Here Allah The Almighty reveals that dates & water are constituents of food and food is basic need for survival, though Mary & Jesus were super human and full of Miracles:

The above Qoranic text also indicates that the fresh ripe fruits are most tasty and contain maximum numbers of 'Nutrients'.

The following Qoranic Verse indicates the existence of Digestive System in human body. Hunger develops only when the food eaten is digested & utilized within the human body and un-utilized part of the food is excreted out as 'faecal matter': (14-16-14-39) ->

Prophets are after all human though 'superhuman' are not hollow bodied, but have got complete 'Digestive System', therefore, they feel hunger and eat foods to satisfy the hunger & they are not immortal creatures:

وَمَا جَمَدُ عِنْدُ مُعْمِ مِمَنَدُ مَا الْأَيَا كُلُّ وَنَ الطَّهَامُ وَمَا كَانُوْا هَلِيدِ مِينَ هُ وَمَا كَانُوا هَلِيدِ مِنْ عِنْدِ اللهِ أَلَا أَنْ اللهِ عَلَى اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ الهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهِ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهِ ال

Even the prophets required foods for survival of life, though were super human full of miracles:

. وَقَالُوْ اَمَالِ لَحْدِ السَّرَسُوْلِ يَاكُلُ اللَّهَامُ وَكِينَتِينَ فِي الْأَسْدُوانِ م ٥٠٠ الفرقان -٦)

٠ مَا هُلَ آ إِلَّا بَشْرُ مِّثْلُكُ مَ " يَا عُلُ مِمَّا مَا كُلُوْنَ مِنْ هُ كَيَثْرُبُ مِمَّا تَشْرُبُونَ فَ (١٥- ١ لمؤمنون - 33) وَمُآ أَرْسَلْنَا تَبْلَكَ مِنَ الْمُرْسَلِيْنَ إِلَّا إِنَّهُ مَا عَلَا كُلُونَ الطّعَامُ وَيَتِشُونَ فِي الْاسْوَانِ * ـ (١٥- النوّانَ)

Allah The Almighty is the best supplier of your needs:

أَمْ شَسْمُلُهُ ﴿ قَرِبًا فَخَرِجٌ وَبِلِكَ خُيْرٌ ﴿ فَلَ وَهُوَ خُيرُ الرَّزِ فِيْنَ ٥ (١٥- ١٨ وَسُون ١٦٤)

The following Qoranic Verse indicates that 'Olive' is the best supplier of your basic need. For example, It contains 'oil'; which is used to eat, to cook and to create light:

When Allah The Almighty stops the supply of basic needs, like food: وَلاَ يُمُصَّ عَلَىٰ طَهَامِ الْمِسْكِـيِّسِ ٥ (٥٥- ترجش - 3)

Allah The Almighty bestowed the followers of Prophet Moses; the graceful place to live and pure, healthy & tasty food to eat:

وَلَفَكْ بَوُّانَا بَنِيَ إِسْرَالِيلَ مُمِنَوَّا أُصِلٌ فِي رَزَقُنْ فَعُلَمْ مِنَ الْقَيْبَاتِ عَ... ٥ (١١- يونس- ٩٥)

The people from Hell will beg water & food from Paradisers for their survival:

Qoran indicates the belief of Hz Ibrahim a.s. that Allah bestows me food to eat and water to drink and cures me when I am sick:

Allah The Almighty manages foods for you from sky and from below of your feet. It means that sky contributes sun light & carbon dioxide, while earth below your feet contributes water & minerals:

The next sub-chapter ii, covers the foods, like fruits, vegetables & cereals etc. •btained from plants.

^{*}Tack of food creates hunger & hunger indicates existence of a System.

**Plants prepare food by way of Photosynthesis, by the contribution sun light & carbon di-oxide from sky & water & minerals from the earth.

sub chapter ii Foods from plants:

Allah The Almighty provides foods from plants as described below.

Allah The Almighty had bestowed the divine foods to the followers of Prophet Moses in the forms of Man & Salwa. But they insisted that Almighty must provide them the earthly foods like: Saag, Cucumber, wheat, pulse and onion, which can be grown out of earth:

وَإِذْ قُلْتُ مِنْ يُمُو سَى لَنَ ضَبِّمُ عَلَىٰ طَمَامُ مِ وَاحِبِ فَارْعُ لَنَا رَبَّكَ يُحَرِّ لَنَا مِمَا اللَّهُ وَالْمَ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ عَلَىٰ اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَلَى اللَّهُ عَل

Allah The Almighty explains in the following Qoranic Verse that how the fruits come out of plants. which you eat as your food:

(22- قَا نَذُنُ مِنَ السَّمَاءِ مَاءً فَا هُرَ عَلَا مُنَ الشَّمَاءِ مِنَ الشَّمَاءِ مِنْ السَّمَاءِ مَنْ الشَّمَاءِ مِنْ الشَّمَاءِ مِنْ الشَّمَاءِ مِنْ الشَّمَاءِ مِنْ الشَّمَاءِ مِنْ الشَّمَاءِ مِنْ السَّمَاءِ مِنْ السَّمَاءِ مِنْ الشَّمَاءِ مِنْ الشَّمَاءِ مِنْ السَّمَاءِ مِنْ السَّمَاءِ مِنْ الشَّمَاءِ مِنْ السَّمَاءِ مَا مُنْ السَّمَاءِ مِنْ السَلَمَ السَالْمَاءِ مِنْ السَلَمَ السَّمِ السَّمَاءِ مَا السَّمَاءِ مِنْ السَ

Allah The Almighty opens the hidden facts that human get their food from sky and beneath the earth. It means that the contents of sky like; gases & sun and contents of earth like; water & minerals, contribute to plants in order to synthesised the foods:

وَمَا أَنْزِلُ إِلَيْهِم مِنْ رُبِيِّهِمْ لَاكُلُوا مِنْ مَوْقِيمَ وَمِنْ تَصْتِ ٱلْجُلِيمِ مُدَةً (١٠١١عُكُ ٥٠٥٠)

Allah The Almighty has created gardens of creepers & erected plants like Dates & Farms, which provide foods of different tastes. Also, Olive & varieties of Pomegrante. Eat, when their fruits are ripe: وَهُوَالَّذِنِي ٱلنَّذَا كِنَا مُثَنَّ مُعْرُو سُنِ وَعَيْرَ مُعْرُو سُنِ وَالنَّذَا مِنْ الْمُنْ وَالنَّذِي مُعْرُو سُنِ وَعَيْرَ مُعْرُو سُنِ وَالنَّامِ وَلَا النَّامِ وَالنَّامِ وَالْمُوامِ وَالْمُعَلِّ وَالنَّامِ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَالْمُوامِ وَالْمُعَلِي وَالْمُوامِ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَالْمُومِ وَالْمُؤْمِ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُؤْمُ وَالْمُؤْمِ و

Plants are the basic source of food for human & animals. Even the flesh eating 'carnivorous' animals origin of foods are plants:

Allah The Almighty, again explains in Qoran the provision of food for human are plants, which are 'autotrophic' i.e. capable of synthesising food, while human are not:

Allah The Almighty indicates that water is a part of our food, which Almighty rains from the sky. Generally, we consume water to quench our thirst:

Allah The Almighty rains water from the sky, which causes the farming, grows plants & trees, like; Olive, Dates, Grapes and other fruits, which human eat as their foods and also feed their cattles. The fresh & sweet water rained from the sky is also consumed as one of the constituents of food:

هُ وَالَّذِي كَا آخُولُ مِنَ السَّمَاءَ مَا وَ لَكُ مُ مِنْ هُ شَرَابٌ وَمِنْ هُ شَبَرُ فِينِ هِ هُ وَالنَّهُ مُ مَا مُن اللَّهُ مُ اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مِن اللَّهُ مَا وَاللَّهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ مَا مُن اللَّهُ مَا مُن اللَّهُ مَا مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مَا مِن اللَّهُ مَا مُن اللَّهُ مَا مُن اللَّهُ مَا اللَّهُ مَا مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مُن اللَّهُ مَا مُن اللَّهُ مَا مُن اللَّهُ مُنْ اللَّهُ مُن اللَّ

^{*}This Qoranic Verse indicates that tree provide sources; like fruits, cereals & vegetables.

Allah The Almighty reveals in Qoran that He created the fruits of Dates & Crapes. Human obtain Alcohal & other delicious foods from the juices of Dates & Grapes:

Allah The Almighty rains water from the sky, growing plenty of vegetations, bearing males & female flowers and fruits. Eat them as your food and feed your cattles. There are signs for wise to ponder over:

Allah The Almighty describes the lives of paradisers that they will be supplied with Ber, Banana and many other fruits to eat. Cold, sweet & fresh water to drink and a cool & comfortable place to live

Allah The Almighty describes here the detailed process of 'germination', and how the plants come out by splitting the earth. The growth and later maturation of these plants/trees, when they produce Grapes. Olives, Dates and other fruits & cereals, which are sources of humen & their cattles foods: اثنان المناف المنا

The earth is dead. Allah The Almighty alives it and creates cereals out of it, which human eat as their food. Also, created the gardens of Dates & Grapes to eat and streams of sweet & fresh water out of this earth to drink. The fruits you eat are not created by your hands, but Allah The Almighty has created them, then why are you not thankful to The Almighty:

Allah The Almighty narrates that plants which provide us food is very important for our life. The The Almighty created the plant of 'pumpkin', in erected form, which is generally a 'creeper', to protect the life of Prophet Yunous a.s.:

Allah The Almighty has created this earth for His living creatures. To bebefit them, Allah The Almighty has created Fruits, Covered Dates, Cereals covered with Husk and Flowers with fragrance. There are sources of your food which you cannot deny:

When Allah The Almighty rains the water Mubarak*, which vegetates the gardens, produce cereals, fruits & dates; providing foods to the creatures (humen):

^{*}since water is of unique properties; water is clean/pure itself and capable to clean & purify the other things.

وَ مَزَّ نَنَامِنَ السَّمَآءِ مَآءً شُبِرً مَا فَا نَبُنَنَا بِم جَنْتِ وَ عَبَ الْهُصِيْنِ لا وَالنَّفْلُ بلسِتْتِ تَهَاطُلْخُ نَصِيْنُ لا رِزْقًا لِتعِبَا رِلا وَاحْيَيْنَا بِم بَلْنَ اللهُ مُيْنِيًّا لا ... ه (26 فَ - ١١- ٩)

Allah The Almighty rains water from the sky, which causes vegetation like gardens of Grapes, Dates and fruits of various kinds, which you eat as your food. There is also Olive tree, grow on Sina mountain, producing fruits & edible oil:

وَانْوَلْنَا مِنَ السَّمَاءَ مَاءً إِفَ نَ مَا سَكَتُ فَ فِي الْأَرْضِ ﴾ وَإِنَّا عَلَى دُهَا بِ مِنْ الْمَرْفِ ﴾ وَإِنَّا عَلَى دُهَا بِ مِنْ الْمَرْفِ ﴾ وَالْمَاتِ اللهُ وَلَا مُنْ اللهُ مِنْ اللهُ وَالْمُنْ فِي مِنْ اللهُ مِنْ اللهُ وَاللهُ وَاللهُ مَنْ اللهُ اللهُ وَاللهُ مَنْ اللهُ اللهُ

Is there any one other than Almighty Allah who provides you food from sky & earth; means, water from sky causes germination and water & minerals from earth and sun & gases from sky help in food synthesis:

تُنَ مَنْ يَكْرُنُ قُلُهُ مِنَ السَّمَاءَ وَالْأَرْضِ - ٥ (١١ - يونس - ١٥)

Allah The Almighty rains water from the sky, which causes vegetation and production of fruits & cereals, which we eat and feed our cattles:

اَوَلَهٔ يَرَوْا اَنَّا سَسُوْقُ الْمَاءَ إِلَى الْأَرْضِ الْجُورُ نِ فَنَخْرِحُ بِم زَرْعًا تَاكُلُ مِنْ هُ اَنْهَا مُعُدِمْ وَاَنْفُسُعُدِمْ اَفَلَا يُبْضِؤُونَ ٥ (١٥- ١ سجده - ٢٥)

Allah The Almighty rains pure water from the sky, which is also purifier; alives the dead earth; means causes vegetation and production of fruits & cereals (human & animals eat them as their food) and quenches the thirst of human & animals:

Gardens bearing healthy fruits are the gifts from Almighty Allah for the people living in East & West. Eat them as your food and be thankful to The Almighty:

When Almighty Allah wills, He sends diseases causing infections to the fruits, which spoil and become non-eatable:

Allah The Almighty has created sources of livlihood i.e. food, out of earth, for those who live on earth:

Allah The Almighty has created earth convenient for creating passage & cultivation to obtain your food:

^{*}In the form of heavy floods from two dams: 'Arim' & 'Maarib'

For the livelihood in Paradise, Allah The Almighty will place the Paradisers in the gardens of high quality, where they live happily and peacefully and the bunches of fruits will be very close them so that they may pluck and eat the fruits when desire and drink pure, fresh and sweet water from the streams of Paradise:

Allah The Almighty expanded the earth, (rains water from the sky. Some of the rained water goes beneath the earth and stores there) and created water & pasture out of it. Fruits & Cereals from the vegetation & water provide foods to you and to your animals:

الْ الْمُعْنَا اللَّهُ الْمُعْنَا اللَّهُ الْمُعْنَا اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللللَّهُ ال

For the livelihood of the Paradisers, Allah The Almighty will provide them with gardens, beneath which streams will be flowing.

The fruits of the gardens will be offered to the Paradisers as their food. After seeing the varieties of the fruits, they will exitedly say, "these are the same fruits, Almighty had bestowed us in the mortal world:

وَبَشِّرِالَّذِ يْنَ الْمَنُوْا وَمُعِلُوْالصَّلِطِينَ أَنَّ لَكُ مَ بَنْتِ لَجْرِيْ مِنْ تَصْبَعُهُ الْاَنْحَارُ لِمُكَارُ وَمُوَّامِنْهَا مِنْ تَصَرَةٍ رِّزْقًا لاَقَالُوْا هُلَّ التَّذِي وَرُوِّمُنَامِنْ قَبْلُ وَاُلْوَا بِ مُنَشَا بِعَلَا لِحَدِهِ (١-البقسوة - 2٤)

^{*}Allah The Almighty is so kind to us that He has created tastiest & richest in containing nutrients, like dates, grapes & pomegranates etc., for us in this mortal world, and promises to provide us in paradise.

sub chapter iii

Food From Animals:

Ailah The Almighty has provided us cattles and many other animals, which move on earth. These animals are gift from The Almighty, as they can be used as a means of transport, for ploughing our fields, a source of natural fertilizer for plants, a source of producing milk, which we use as food and also their flesh. But, The Almighty has imposed restrictions, not to eat the flesh of certain animals منزيرو حيوان العرام. When the animals, which are allowed by The Almighty to eat, are slaughtered with The Name of Almighty, their flesh are eaten and their bones and skin are utilised for multipurpose.

Allah The Almighty instructs the humen, in the following Qoranic Verse, to eat the flesh of animals, which cannot speak (like humen speaks). Also, distribute the animal flesh amongst the paupers sorrounded with difficulties:

Allah The Almighty again instructs us to sacrifice/slaughter in the Name of Almighty Allah, the cattles, particularly the healthy cows & camels. Eat the flesh of these cattles and offer the flesh to the paupers and alm mongers:

وَاُحِلَّتُ نَكُمُ الْاَنْعَامُ إِلَّا مَا بُسِّلَىٰ عَلَيْكُوْ ... لا (17-11-5-30)
وَلِمُكُلِّ اُمْتَ ﴿ جَعَلَنَا مَنْسَكُا لِيَكِنْ كُوُلَا اسْمُ اللهِ عَلَىٰ مَا رَزَقَهُ ﴿ مِنْ كَبِعِيْتِ ﴿ الْاَنْعَامُ اللهِ عَلَىٰ مَا رَزَقَهُ ﴿ مِنْ كَبِعِيْتِ ﴿ الْاَنْعَامُ اللهِ عَلَىٰ مَا رَزَقَهُ ﴿ مِنْ كَبُولِ اللهِ عَلَيْهِ الْاَنْعَامُ وَالْمُعْلَا مَا كُدُ مِنْ شَعَا حِرِ اللهِ مَكُمُ وَيَعَا خَيْرٌ فَيَ اللهِ عَلَيْهَا خَيْرُ اللهِ عَلَيْهَا خَيْرُ فَيَ اللهِ عَلَيْهِا خَيْرُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِ اللهَ عَلَيْهِا صَوَا اللهَ اللهُ عَلَيْهِا خَيْرُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُا وَلَا اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِا خَيْرُ وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُا وَلَا اللهُ عَلَيْهِا اللهُ عَلَيْهَا خَلُولُ اللهُ عَلَيْهِا مَنْ اللهُ عَلَيْهِا مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهِا مَا مُؤَا وَا عَبِيهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُا وَاللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُا وَلَا اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُا مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُا مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُا مَا وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُا وَاللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُا مَا وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُا وَاللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُا مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُا وَاللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُا صَاللهُ عَلَيْهُا صَلَّا وَاللّهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُا وَاللّهُ عَلَيْهُ اللّهُ عَلَيْهُا مَا اللهُ عَلَيْهُمُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُا وَاللّهُ مِنْ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَيْهُ اللهُ المُلْكُولُوا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ المُلْمُ ال

Food from Animals ... contd...

Allah The Almighty instructs us to eat the flesh of those animals, which are allowed by The Almighty, like flesh of 'Halal' cattles only; cow, camels, goats and all other animals, whose toes are bifircated, excluding the pig:

Allah The Almighty prohibits the hunting of animals of dry land, to obtain your food, once you are bound for pilgrimage/Hajj:

الْمِينَ مُلْمُونَ مُ مُنْكُمُ مُنْكُ

Allah The Almighty has created the animals like Sheep, Goat, Cow, Horse & Pony etc., which produce wool, food i.e. flesh & milk, and are used as mode of transport:

When Hz Ibrahim a.s. invited the Angels to eat the roated beef:

Food from Animals ... contd...

Allah The Almighty has created cattles, from which you obtain your food i.e. flesh & milk and also, you use them as your means of transport. And you obtain a lot of benefits from them:

The following Qoranic Verse indicates that the flesh of the animals. which we eat as our food is the transformed form of grass:

The next sub-chapter iv, contains the foods obtained from air i.e. from birds & insects particularly from Honey Bee, and foods obtained from sea i.e. from fish and other marine animals.

sub chapter iv

Food from Sea & Air:

FOOD FROM SEA:

Allah The Almighty allows you to hunt in sea to obtain your food once you are in Ahram i.e. bound for Pilgrimage/Hajj:

Allah The Almighty has created two types of seas; i) sea of sweet water which is tasty and drinkable, and ii) sea of salty water, which is bitter in taste and not drinkable. Allah The Almighty has also created Fish & other marine animals, which human utilise as their food:

Altah The Almighty has also created Rivers for you to hunt and eat the tresh flesh of the animals availabe in the River:

Prophet Moses was carrying cooked fish as his tiffin while travelling:

فَلَقَا بَلُغُا مَجْمَحَ بَيْنِهِ مَا نَسِيَا مُوتَّهُمَا فَالتَّخَلَ سَبِيْلُهُ فِي الْبَخْرِسَرِيَّاه فَلَقَا بَا وَزَا قَالُ لِفَتْهُ الْإِنَاعَ دَا وَنَا رَفَا ذِلَقَدٌ لَقِينَا مِنْ سَفَرِنَا هِلْذَا نَصَبًاه (15- اللَّحَفَ-19.1) Food from Sea & Air ... contd...

Food from Air:

Allah The Almighty has created birds & insects, the sources of foods for human. The following Qoranic Verses indicate the sources of food from air. (22-النريت-22)

Allah The Almighty has created an insect, the 'Honey-Bee', which flies in the air and make its bee-hive, either on the mountain/ top places, on the trees or on the ceilings and sucks juices of flowers & fruits, under the guidance of Almighty Allah. The juices are converted into 'Honey', a very tasty liquid within the body of honey-bee. Honey is a food and medicine guaranteed for good health:

وَارْحُو، رَبُّكَ إِلَى الشَّحْرِل آنِ الشَّجْرِدِي مِنَ الْجِبَالِ بِيُوتِنَا وَمِنَ الشَّجْرِوَمِمَّا يَعْرِشُونَ لَ ثُمَّ كُلِي مِنْ كُلِّ الشَّمَرِ فِي مَا سَلُكِي سُبُلُ رَبِّكِ وُلُلَا يَخْرُجُ مِنْ يُطُونِهَا شَرَاجِ مُّخْتَلِفِ النَّمَانِ فَيْنِي شِفَاءً وَلِنَا سِ النَّوَاتُ فَي ... يَتَعَكَرُونَ ٥ بُطُونِهَا شَرَاجِ مُّخْتَلِفِ النَّارِ النَّهُ فِي فِي شِفَاءً وَلِنَا سِ النَّوقِ فِي ... يَتَعَكَرُونَ ٥ بُطُونِهَا شَرَاجِ مُّخْتَلِفِ النَّهُ وَنِي مِ شِفَاءً وَلِي النَّاسِ النَّولِ وَهُ - ٤٥)

Allah The Almighty will bestow the paradisers, the worldly food; 'the flesh of birds', and fruits, as the paradisers will wish:

Allah The Almighty had bestowed to the followers of Prophet Moses: 'The Man & Salwa', a divine food in the form of roasted birds and honey type liquid: (57-البقرة - 67) وَاَخْزُلِنّا عَلَيْكُو الْمُنَّ وَالسَّلُوٰى ۖ كُلُّوْامِنَ لَاسِبِّاتِ مَارَزُقْنَا وَاللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهِ مِنْ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ اللَّهِ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللّ

وَإِذْفَالَ الْمَوَارِيُوْنَ لِعِيسَى وِبْنَ مَرْيَءَ هَلَ يَسْتَطِيعُ رَبُّكَ انَ يُتُزَلَ عَلَيْنَا مَآلِكَ ةَ مِنَ اسَّمَآوِ .. هَ قَالُوْا مُرِيْنُ انْ نَّاكُلُ مِنْهَا .. ه قَالَ عِيسَى وبْنُ مُرْيَهَ اللَّهُ مَ وَبُعَا كَانِزِلْ عَيْنَا مَآبِكَ قَ غَيْرُ لِللَّهِ فِيْنَ ٥ (٦- المَآبِكَة - ١١١-١١)

sub chapter v

Prohibited Food:

Certain things Allah The Almighty has prohibited to eat the food like; dead animals, blood, pork and halal animals slaughtered with the name of other than Allah The Almighty:

كُلُ لا آجِ لُ فِي مَا ٱلْحِي إِلَى سُمَتَ رَبِا عَلَى طَاعِم يَطْعَمُ مَ إِلَّا أَنْ يَكُونَ مَيْنَةً آلْ وَمُا شَنْ مُوعًا أَوْ لُمْ مَ خَنْرَيْرٍ فَإِنَّهُ رِجْسُ أَوْ فِسْقًا أُصِلَّ مِيْنَةً آلْ وَمُا شَنْ مُوعًا أَوْ لُمْ مَ خَنْرَيْرٍ فَإِنَّهُ رِجْسُ أَوْ فِسْقًا أُصِلَّ لِخَيْرِ اللهِ بِهِ عَده (8- الانعام - 145) إِنْمَا مَرَّ مَ عَلَيْكُمُ المَيْنَةَ قَوَالدَّى مَ وَلَمْ عَلَيْ الْمُولِي اللَّهِ مِنْ اللهِ اللهِ عَدَى المَا اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهِ اللهِ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ المَيْنَةَ وَالدَّى مَ وَلَمْ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ ا

In the continued 5th sub chapter, I view the scientific aspects of prohibited food mentioned in Qoran. Also, the negative impact on health due to intake of the prohibited food.

^{*}by eating the contents of the prohibited tree, Allah The Almighty developed un-necessary sex.

sub chapter v

Prohibited Food: ... contd...

It is living 'Micracle' of Qoran, which prohibits certain things not eat. Almost, after fifteen hundred years, scientists are successful in observing that Qoranic revealation regarding prohibited food, is purely 100% true. Therefore, modern science proves true, the Qoranic sayings, as mentioned earlier in the Qoranic Verses: about the dead animals, blood, pork & halal animals slaughtered with the name other than Almighty Allah:

- .1) <u>DEAD ANIMALS</u>: If you eat the flesh of a dead animal you may not be knowing the reasons of its death. May its body contain and host a number of fatal microbes of certain disease (and that may be the reason of its death). Therefore, scientifically, it is not advisable to each such infected flesh.
- 2) <u>BLOOD</u>: When the Microbes of diseases hit our or animals body, they first enter to the blood circulation. W.B.C.* of the blood fights with the microbes. Therefore, in case the blood is defeated, microbes engulf the w.b.c. & vanish them and ultmately, rein over the blood circulation. If the blood defeats the microbes, the individual remains healthy, but blood circulation is always in contact with outside air/atmosphere through 'respiration'.
- 3) Pig is a very dirty animal, living in the dirtiest place of the locality and eating the dirtiest possible forms of food.

^{*}the constituents of W.B.C., like Neutrophils & Monocytes are phagocytes.

Prohibited Food ... contd...

Pig is major host of 'liver-fluke' and other parasites*, which may be the reason of fatal diseases if pork is consumed as food.

4) When halal animals is slaughtered with the name of Almighty Allah, a Muslim believes that Allah The Almighty is witnessing his sacrifice. At this stage he will arrange the best possible healthy animal for 'sacrifice'. Thus you will be able to get the tastiest and richest in nutrients, food to eat.

Science also views that plants & animals are sources of human food. It emphasises that food whether from plants; vegetarian or from animals; non-vegetarian, must be enriched with the <u>nutrients</u>, like; <u>Proteins</u>, <u>Carbohydrates</u>, <u>Fats</u>, <u>Vitamins</u>, <u>Minerals & Water</u>, (be found in food taken in sufficient quantities). Food enriched with all sorts of nutrients, is termed as palanced diet.

Science only prohibits to take spoilt food and animals, vegetables or fruits infested by the harmful bacteria or diseases.

In the next continued chapter, 1 am going to review the scientific aspects of <u>food</u> in details. While the sub chapter vi, contains the various body systems mentioned in Qoran, like i) Digestive System, ii) Blood Circulatory System, iii) Nervous System and iv) Reproductive system.

^{*}Taenia Solium & Ascaris etc

sub chapter vi

Food, Blood and Body Systems

Qoran has already discussed that food is the basic need of human when food is consumed, converts to blood after digestion. Blood thus produced vitalises the various body systems, responsible produced different functions. Let me take certain body systems one by one as indicated in Qoran.

- 1. Digestive System
- 2. Blood Circulatory System
- 3. Nervous System
- 4. Reproductive System

Digestive System

The following Qoranic Verses indicate the existence of Digestive System in human body. The hunger proves the existence of a system which consumes the food taken:

الَّذِي كَا الْمُعَمُّ مِنْ جُوْمِ لِهِ .. في رود - مريش - م) وَلَنَبُلُوتَكُو بِشَى عِنِ الْمُوْفِ وَالْبُوعِ وَنَعَضِ مِنَ الْاَسْوَالِ وَالْاَنْفُسِ وَالمُّمَارِةِ وَ .. في (2 - البقرة - 20) وَلا يَمُشُ عَلَى مَقَامِ الْمِسْكِينِ في (30 - الماعون - وي من (29 - المحاقة - 29) وَلَهُ عَكُ نُطْمِمُ الْمِسْكِينَ في (29 - المُدُعر) وَضَرَبُ اللهُ عَلَا مَنْ اللهُ عَلَى المِنَهُ مُعْمَعِتَ مَا يَاتِيْكُمُا رِزْقُهَا رَغَدًا مِنْ كُلِ مَكَانٍ فَلَفَرَت بِالنَّهُ واللهِ فَا زَافَهَا اللهُ عِبَاسَ الْجُوعِ وَالْخُونِ - 0 (14 - المنعل - 11) الْوَاظِفَ فَيْ يَوْمُ وَى مَسْفَبَةِ في (30 - المعدود على وَيُعْمِمُونَ الطَّهَامُ عَلَى مُنِهِ مِسْكِينَا وَيَهَ يَرَبِيمًا وَالْسِيمُ اللهِ وَالمَعْمُ وَى المُعَامِيمَا وَيُعْمِدُونَ الطَّهَامُ عَلَى مُنِهِ مِسْكِينَا وَيُعَرِيمًا وَالْمُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ الله

The descriptions of Oesophagus & Intestine in Qoran, indicate the existence of Digestive System: (2-1120) وَطُحَانَا رَاعَتُ مِعَ وَعَانَا الْلِيْعَانَ (2-1120) وَطُحَانَا رَاعِتُ مِعَ وَعَانَا الْلِيْعَانَ (2-1120) Allah The Almighty says in Qoran that the Prophets, who were super humen, were not the empty bodied, but having got the digestive system and were eating food like common man:

وَمَا مَعَلَنْهُ وْجَسَتًا لَّا يُأْكُدُونَ الطَّعَامُ وَمَا كَافُوا خُلِيدٍ يْنَ٥ (١٦- الانبسياء- 8)

إِلَّهُا مَمَلَتٌ فُهُ وَرُهُمُا آوِ الْحَوَايَا آوَ الْحَوَايَا آوَ الْحَوَايَا آوَ الْحَوَايَا آوَ الْمَامِ Poranic Verse describes Intestine: اخْتَدَكَا بِعَظْ حِوْ ... ه (8 - الانعام - ١٩٥) ١٩٥٤ - النعل - ١٥٥

digestive system ... contd...

Allah The Almighty narrates the story of 'مصحاب الكمن', who died for a long period* by will of Allah. The felt hunger as soon as Allah The Almighty revived their lives, inidates that there is a body system that requires food to continue the activities of life:

مَا الْوَارَبُلُمُ إِنَا الْمُرْارِبُهُ وَالْمُ الْمُرْارِبُهُ الْمُالُورُ وَالْمُ الْمُرْارِبُهُ الْمُرْارِبُهُ الْمُالْمُ الْمُرارِقِ مِنْ الْمُرارِقِ مِنْ الْمُرارِقِ مِنْ اللهُ اللهُ

The paradisers will be supplied enough food to eat & enough water & other holy liquid to drink that they may not feel hunger & thirst in the paradise:

Blood Circulatory System:

The following Qoranic Verse indicates that food taken is digested & converted in to blood, milk/fatty acid. Blood streams into Blood Circulatory System, Fatty Acid is assimilated into Lymphatic System & undigested food passes out in the form of faeces:

Allah The Almighty indicates in Qoran that heart beats, which pumps in & out the blood into circulation:

^{*}more than 100 years.

^{**}This Qoranic Verse interlinks Digestive System with Blood Circulatory System.

Blood Circulatory System ... contd...

Qoran indicates that heart is protected within a cover, called <u>peri-</u>

<u>cardium</u>: (88 - وَمَعَلَنْنَا عَلَىٰ مُّلُوّ بِمَا عَلَىٰ مُّلُوّ بِمَا عَلَىٰ مُّلُوّ بِمَا عَلَىٰ مُّلُوّ بِمَا عَلَىٰ مُلُوّ بِمَا عَلَىٰ مُلُوّ بِمُا عَلَىٰ مُلُوّ بِمُ مِن وَمَا لَا عَلَىٰ مُلُوّ بِمُ مِن وَمَا عَلَىٰ مُلُوّ بِمُ مِن وَمَا عَلَىٰ مُلَوّ بِمُ مِن وَمَا عَلَىٰ مُلَوّ بِمُ مِن وَمِن وَمَا عَلَىٰ مُلَوّ بِمُ مِن وَمَا عَلَىٰ مُلَوّ بِمُن وَمَا عَلَىٰ مُن وَمِن وَمَا عَلَىٰ مُلِيّ مُن وَمِن وَمَا عَلَىٰ مُن وَمِن وَمَا عَلَىٰ مُن وَمِن وَمُن وَمِن وَمِ

The following Qoranic Verse indicates that heart is associated with blood which posses Iron, because Iron has the property of rusting:

Allah The Almighty guarantees that no one has two hearts, but there is only heart within human body:

Certain disease stops the normal functioning of heart & also causes suffocation: (هم المعنوب المعنوب

Allah The Almighy has described many places in Qoran; the creation of heart. This indicates the importance of existence heart:

إِنَّ الشَّعْحُ وَالْبَصَرُ وَالْفُ قَادَكُلُّ اُوْلَيْكَ كَانَ عَنْهُ مَسْنُولاً و 15 - بَىٰ اسْزَاءِيل - 16 وَهُ وَالَّيْ كَانَ اَنْشَا كُرُ وَ جَعَلَ لَكُمُ لَكُمُ الشَّعْحُ وَالْإِنْمَا رُوَالْاَفْيِ لَ 6 أَجْ المَوْسُون - 78) قُلْهُ وَالَّذِي كَانَشَا كُرُ وَجَعَلَ لَكُمُ الشَّعْحُ وَالْآجِمَا رُوَالْا فَيْ لَى أَحْدِ وَ 18 - المَوْسُون - 78) قَلَمَ اللَّهُ مَا رَوَالْا فَيْ لَكُمُ اللَّهُ وَالْآجِمَا رُوَالْا فَيْ لَكُمْ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ وَالْآجِمَا وَالْآوَا وَالْمَارُوا وَالْآجِمَا وَالْآوَا وَالْمَارُولُ وَالْمُولِي اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَلَا اللَّهُ مِنْ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُولُولُولُولُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللْلَهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَالْمُولِقُولُ وَالْمُوالِمُ وَا اللَّهُ وَا اللْمُولِقُولُ وَاللَّا الْمُعْلِى اللَّهُ وَالْمُل

⁽²⁹⁻ المرشر - اق) *

^{**}very low heart beats.

Blood Circulatory System ... contd...

The way Digestive System is linked with the Bloody Circulatory

System, the Blood Circulatory System is linked with Respirat

Ory System. Qoran describes human; a creature which respires. For example, human are created from one respiratory creature

i.e. Adam: الْمُعُنّ النّاسُ الْقُوْارَبُلُو النّبِينِ عُلْقُلُو مِنْ نَقْسِ وَاحِلُ وَهِ (١٠-١٠٠) وَالْمُعُنْ لَوْالِي الْمُعُنْ النّاسُ الْقُوْارَبُلُو النّبِ فَي عُلْمُونَ الْمُعَنّ وَالْمُعُنْ وَالْمُعُنِّ وَالْمُعُنْ وَالْمُعُلِّ وَالْمُعُلِّ وَالْمُعُنْ وَالْمُعُلِّ وَالْمُعُلِي وَلِمُ وَالْمُعُلِي وَالْمُعُلِي وَالْمُعُلِي وَالْمُعُلِي وَالْمُع

Allah The Almighty instructs the human not to kill those respiratory creatures i.e. animals, to obtain your food, which Allah The Almighty prohibits to eat:

Allah The Almighty describes in Qoran, the mechanism of respiration; that when the horses run fast, their chest & lungs create sound during the process of infale & exhale:وَالْمُو رِيْتِ قُدْمُالُ رَيْتُ فِيْنَ الْمُو رِيْتِ قَدْمُالُ (عَنْ يُنْتُ اللّهُ وَرِيْتِ قَدْمُالُ اللّهُ وَرِيْتِ قَدْمُالُ وَاللّهُ وَلَّاللّهُ وَاللّهُ وَ

Nervous System:

The Qoran describes the existence of Nervous System i.e. Brain, Ears Eyes, Nose, Tounge, Lips & Skin etc.

The Brain:

The Qoran mentions the brain many places:

كِنْكِ فَصِّلَتُ الْمِلْكَ فَ سِرَانًا عَرَبِيًّا لِمَّ فَمِ يَعْلَمُ وَ كَالْمِهِ مَلَا السبب الله وَ اسسب الله وَ اَنْلَا الله الله وَ الله

Nervous System ... contd...

وَلِيَعْلَمُوْاَ انْتَا هُوَ إِلَهُ قَاهِدُ قَوْدِيَدُ كُرُ الْالْالْبَابِ أَ (13- ابرهيم - 23) إِنْ اَجْبِرِي إِلَّاعَلَى الَّيْفِي فَطَرَ فِي * اَفَلَا تُعَقِّلُوْنَ ٥ (12- هود - 3) إِنَّمَا يَتَذَكَّرُ أُولُو الْاَبْبَابِ مَّ - اُولَيِكَ الَّذِي يَنَ هَا هُوَا اللَّهُ وَاوُلْلَمِكَ هُمَّةً اُولُوا لَبْبَابٍ ٥ - (23- النور - 3) إِنَّمَا يَتَذَكُرُ أُولُو الْإَبْبَابِ هُ أُولُوا لَبْبَابٍ ٥ - (23- النور - 3) (9)

The Qoranic Verses indicate that Brain is directly interlinked with the sensory organs, like ears & eyes etc:

اَ ثَا نَتَ تُسْمِحُ الصَّمَّ وَلَوْ كَانُوْا لَا بِنَعْقِلُوْنَ ٥ وَمِنْ حُرَّنَ يَّنَظُّرُ اِلنِكَ ﴿ اَفَا نَتَ تَصْبِ ى الْفُعْنَ وَلَوْ كَانُوا لَا يَنْهِمُ وَنَ ٥ (١١- يونس - ١٩٥٦) لِنَجْ مَلَمَا لَلُمْ تَنْ كِرَةً وَتَعِيَمَا أَدُنُ ثَالِا يَنْهِمُ وَنَ ٥ (١١- يونس - ١٩٥٦) لِنَجْ مَلَمَا لَلُمْ تَنْ كِرَةً وَتَعِيمَا آدُنُ ثَالِا يَنْهِمُ وَنَ ٥ (١١- يونس - ١٩٥٦) لِنَجْ مَلَمَا لَلُمْ تَنْ كِرَةً وَتَعِيمَا آدُنُ ثَالِا يَنْهِمُ وَلَى الْمُعْمَى

Ears & Eyes:

Allah The Almighty has created ears; the organ of hearing & eyes; the organ of vision:

مِّمَّاتُكُ عُوْنَا النِّهِ وَفِي اَ ذَا نَيْنَا وَ فَسَرُ ٥٠ و ١٤٠ لَ هَ ٠٤ وَالَّذِينَ لَا يُوَّمِنُونَ فِي اَ أَانِهِ وَقَنْ وَ فَنْ وَ وَقَالُونَ مِنْ مَّكَانِ بَهِيدٍ وَ (24 و لَحَمَّ و 44) وَمَثْلُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لَمَثُلِ وَ هُوَ عَلَيْهِ فِي مَنْ أَوْلَلِكُ يُنَادُونَ مِنْ مَكَانِ بَهِيدٍ وَ (24 و لَحَمَّ و 44) وَمَثْلُ الَّذِينَ كَفَرُوا لَمَثُلِ اللَّهِ فَي عَلَيْ فَا لَهُ مِنْ فَا لَهُ مِنْ اللَّهُ فَي اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ اللَّهُ الللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ ال

tion is connected with <u>ears & eyes:</u>
إِنَّ فِي ْ ذَٰلِكَ لَذِ كُلِّى لِمَنْ كَانَ لَهُ عَلَبُ اَوْ النَّقَى السَّنْعَ وَهُوَ شَجِيعَتْ ٥ (26 - 50 - 76) فَلْ اَ وَهُوَ الْمُعْرَانَ المَنْ اللهُ سَمْعَكُمْ وَالبَصَرَ وَالْفُوارَكُلُّ اللَّهُ اللهُ سَمْعَكُمْ وَالبَصَرَ وَالْفُوارَكُلُّ اللَّهُ اللهُ اللهُ سَمْعَكُمْ وَالبَصَرَ وَالْفُوارَكُلُّ اللهُ اللهُ

^{*}when passage to internal ear is blocked, sound waves may not influence the internal ear & therefore, no hearing ...(۱۹-۱)

^{**}No functional tounge i.e. speechless.

^{***}This verse indicates that Brain is interlinked to ears, eyes & tounge

Nervous System ... contd...

Apart from Ears & Eyes, there Nose, Tounge, Skin & Teeth which are linked with the Nervous System i.e. Brain and the Blood Circulatory System i.e. Heart.

حَتَّى إِذَا مَا جَآءٌ وَ عَاشَصِ مَ عَدَيْمِ وَ سَمْفُهُ مَ وَ ابْضَادُهُ مَ وَجُدُو دُصَّ فِيمَا كَا أَوْا يَفْعَلُونَ وَ وَالْمَا يَا اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ عَلَى اللهُ اللهُ

The following Qoranic Verse indicates that Ears & Eyes are directly connected to both; Heart & Brain. If Allah The Almighty turns Ears & Eyes functionless, Heart & Brain may not be influenced through

وَلاَيْسَمَعُ الصَّعُ اللَّيَ عَآءَ إِذَا مَا يُنْنَ رُوْنَ 00 (17- الانبُسِمَاءَ - 45) اَ فَرَءَيْتَ مِن الْفَ فَ اَلْهُ فَهُ فَاهُ اللَّهُ وَالْهُ اللَّهُ فَالْهُ اللَّهُ اللَّهُ فَعَوْلُهُ اللَّهُ مَعَ عَلَىٰ سَمْمِ مَ وَقَلْبِ مَ وَ مَعَلَىٰ عَلَىٰ بَصَرِهِ غِيثَ وَقَدْ و 25- المِما ثَيْمَ - 25) وَمَا خَلَقَ اللَّهُ كَسَرَ وَ الْاَنْتَى فَرْ وَقَدَ اللّهِ اللّهُ مَنْ فَي وَالْمَا عَلَىٰ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ الللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّهُ اللّ

Reproductive System:

Qoran says that each life has male & female reproductive system: وَرَعْبِينَ وَرَجْبَتُ وَاللَّهُ وَ مَنْ وَرَقْ بَسْتُ وَالْمَالِيَّ وَمِنْ وَرَقْ بَسْتُ وَالْمَالِيَّ وَمِنْ وَرَقْ اللَّمُونِ وَمِنْ وَرَقْ اللَّهُ وَالْمَالِيَّ وَمِنْ وَرَقَّ بَسْتُ وَالْمَالِيَّ وَمِنْ وَرَقَّ اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللّلَّا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللّلَّالِمُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّا اللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِي وَاللَّهُ وَاللَّالِمُ اللَّا اللَّالِي وَاللّه

MALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM:

There is indication of existence of a pair of <u>testis</u>, situated between chest & back in human body and produces <u>sperms</u>, which 'jump' during movements:

مَلْيَنظُرِ الْإِنْسَانُ مِتَوَخُلِقَ مُ خُلِقَ مِنْ مَلَةً وَانِقٍ فَ يَحْرُجُ مِنْ بَيْنِ السُّلْبِ وَالتَّرَآيِبِ أَ (30- الطارق-7- 5)

Reproductive System ... contd...

FEMALE REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM:

Allah The Almighty created the opposite sex of Adam, having Female Reproductive System:

The female contains <u>uterus</u>, a very important organ of female reproductive system, when male & female sexual fluids discharge and unite to form zygote. Zygote ultimately develops to fetus:

The next continued 3rd chapter contains the scientific aspects of food, digestive system, digestion of food & formation of blood and blood circulation.

CHAPTER THREE

THE FOOD: ... contd...

The sientists agree with the Qoranic sayings that 'food' is one of the prime basic needs. Next to food are 'shelter' and 'clothes'.

Scientists also agree the Qoranic sayings that 'plants are basic source of food' for all the living creature including human. On the basis of eating habit, animals are of three types: i) Herbivorous: like cow, deer & grasshopper, which only eat plant and its products. ii) Carnivorous: Lion & Tiger, which only eat the flesh and iii) Omn ivorous: like human & dog etc. which eat plants and animals both. In this way, the scientists observe that deer eats the plants and lion eats the deer, it means lion indirectly eats the plant/grass. Therefore, it is wise to say that "all flesh are grass".

The Qoranic contents mentioned in the previous sub-chapters one to five, regarding the 'basic needs', 'sources of food' i.e. plants, animals, birds/insect & fish etc. are absolutely true and scientists have nothing new to mention.

Scientists have observed that there are certain constituents, which constitute the 'food'. These constituents are:

- 1) Carbohydrates
- 2) Fats
- 3) Proteins
- 4) Water & Minerals
- 5) Vitamins

Food containing the appropriate qunatity of carbohydrate, fats, protein, water & minerals & vitamins, is termed as balanced diet.

The Food ... contd...

<u>Carbohydrates</u>: Scientists have established that the green plants are only the source of food. The green plants synthesise 'Carbohydrates' in the presence of Chlorophylls and Sun-light by way of 'Photosynthesis':

Carbohydrates are the energy supply nutrient. When broken down during 'Respiration', release 'energy':

$$C_6H_{12}O_6 + 6O_2 ----- \rightarrow 6\dot{C}O_2 + 6H_2O + 674$$
 Cal

Carbohydrates are of 3 types: i) Mono Saccharides, ii) Di-Saccharides and iii) Poly-Sccharides.

MONO SACCHARIDES: or simple sugar. Mono Saccharides are simplest forms of Carbohydrates with 3 to 6 carbon atoms per molecule of mono-sccharide. Mono Saccharides are of two types: I) Hexose and II) Pentose.

HEXOSE: Hexose contains 6 carbon atoms, like: D-Glucose or grape sugar, D-Glactose, D-Mannose & D-Fructose or fruit sugar. Hexose molecular formula is 'C₆H₁₂O₆'.

<u>PENTOSE</u>: contains 5 carbon atoms, like D-Ribose. Its molecular formula is ${}^{\prime}C_SH_{10}O_S{}^{\prime}$.

Glucose is found in grape in free state. Glucose is found in combined form in starch, glycogen and several di-saccharides like Lactose & Sucrose. Pentose is found in the nucleus of cell and is one of the components of Nucleic Acid. Ribose is sugar found in RNA & De-Oxy Ribose is found in DNA.

The Food ... contd...

<u>DI-SACCHARIDES</u>: or double sugar. When two mono-saccharides join together, di-saccharides are formed. These are:

- 1) <u>SUCROSE</u>: or table sugar, obtained from sugar beet & cane. One molecule of Glucose & one molecule of fructose, join to form one molecule of Sucrose. Its molecular formula is C H O .
- 2) $\underline{\text{MALTOSE}}$: One molecule of Glucose unites with another molecule of Glucose to form one molecule of Maltose. Its molecular formula is C H O .
- 3) <u>LACTOSE</u>: One molecule of Galactose unites with one molecule of Glucose to form one molecule of Lactose. Its molecular formula is C H O , and found in milk.
- 4) <u>RAFFINOSE</u>: Raffinose is a tri-saccharide sugar, extracted from Raphin Palm and form needle like crystals, usually of Calcium-Oxalate.

POLY SACCHARIDES: When more than two molecules unite together,
Poly-Saccharides are formed. Starch, Glycogen & Cellulose are Poly-Saccharides.

1) STARCH: Starch consists of two 'polymers'; i) Amylose: consists of long, unbranched chains of several hundreds glucose units, & ii) Amylopectin: consists of glucose polymers with branching chain.

Starch grains are completely insoluble in water, but moist & heat cause them swell and then become soluble and used as an 'energy-store' in plant cell. Starch is found in Rice, Potato & Wheat etc while animal starch is found in liver & muscles.

^{*}Polymers are long branched chains of Glucose molecules

Carbohydrates ... contd...

2) <u>GLYCOGEN</u>: Glycogen is animal starch i.e. polymers in animals, equivalent to starch. Glycogen is made up of about 3000 to 6000, Glucose units with branching chains of 12-18 units each. The richest sources of Glycogen are live & shell fish.

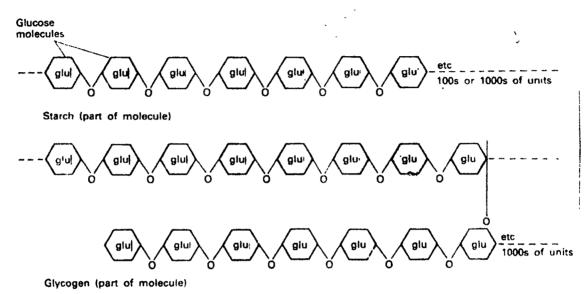


Fig. Examples of polysaccharides

2) <u>CELLUSOSE</u>: Cellulose is like starch found in the plants. Cellulose is deposited outside the cell membrane. Cellulose is difficult to digest, because of hydrolysis of cellulose is prevented by 'enzymes' in digestive tract.

Fats & Oil: Fats are energy yielding food. Fats & oils are neutral and made up of C, H & O elements. Fat is not soluble in water Plant fat is un-saturated, while animal fat is saturated. Saturated fat is solid while unsaturated are liquid at room temprature. Digestion of 1gm fat supplies 9 kcal energy.

Fats & Oils are made up of Glycerol & Fatty Acid:
Glycerol + Fatty Acid ---- Tri-Glycerides (Fats)

وَ إِنَ الْبُعْرِ وَالْفَنْدِ مَ رُسُّا عَلَيْدِ فِي شُمُومَهُمَا إِلَّا مَا حَمَلَتْ ظُمُ وَرُهُمَا أَوِالْمَ وَايْاً أَوْمَا **

over to pg/156 base **

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Fats & Oils ... contd...

TYPES OF FATS:

- 1) <u>Tri-Glycerides</u>: Tri-Glycerides is the most important fats, made up of 3 molecules of Glycerol combined with 3 molecule of Fatty Acid.
- 2) Phospholipids: Phospholipids is an important fats that includes Lecithins, incorporates in all membrane, e.g. egg yolk, which contains Stearic Acid, Oleic Acid & phsophate/Choline. The main components of Phospholipids are Fatty Acid, Glycero Phosphate & Serine.
- 3) Sterols: Sterols include, i) Cholestrol & ii) Bile Salts.
 - i) Cholestrol is a lipid*rather than fat. It is found in all foods of animal origin, particularly in eggs. Cholestrol is helpful in the synthesis of our cell membrane, sex-hormones & Adrenal hormones. Waxy cholestrol blocks the blood vessels.
 - ii) Bile Salts play an important role in the digestion of fats.

Fats carry the fat-soluble vitamins like; A, D, E & K.

TYPES OF FATTY ACID:

- 1) <u>Palmitic Acid</u>: Palmitic Acid is saturated fatty acid found in Palm tree.
- 2) <u>Stearic Acid</u>: Stearic Acid is a saturated fatty acid found in Beefs.
- 3) <u>Linolanic Acid</u>: Linolanic Acid is un-saturated fatty acid found in vegetable oils.

^{*}Lipids are fats belong to wide group of chemicals e.g. cholestrol & waxes.

The Food ... contd...

Proteins: Protein is body building & body repairing substances, also supplies energy. Protein is a macro molecule, containing C, H, O, N and some times S. Cell membrane, hair, nails & muscles are made of proteins. All 'Enzymes' & 'Antibodies' are very important proteins, help in chemical reactions. Protein molecule is a long chain of 'Amino Acid' i.e. Amino Acid is an 'unit' of Protein, connected with 'Peptide' links.

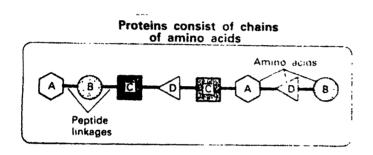


Fig. . Amino-acids and peptide linkage

Essential	Non-essential
lantai	۸.
Isoleucine	Alanine
Leucine	Arginine
Lysine	Aspartic acid
Methionine	Asparagine
Phenylalanine	Cysteine
Threonine	Glutamic acid
Tryptophan	Glycine
Valine	Histidine
	Hydroxyproline
	Proline
	Serine
	Tyrosine

Fig. Amino-acids that make up proteins

General Formula of Protein:

R.CH.NH₂.COOH

where 'R' is a variable

'NH₂' is Amino Group of Basic properties

'COOH' is Carboxyl Group of Acidic properties

Glycine, Alanine, Valine, Serine, Lysine, Ornithine & Cysteine are some important proteins.

About nine 'amino acids' are essential in our diet. Meat i.e. animal flesh contains all these amino acids, while plants does not have all amino acids. Our body cannot synthesise Amino Acid.

وَهُوَالَّذِى سَخَرَ الْبَحْرَ لِتَاكُلُوْامِنهُ كَمْمَاطَرِيًّا ٥٠ (١٩- النحل-١٩) اللهُ الَّذِي * جَعَلَ لَكُهُ الْاَنْعَامُ لِتَرْكَبُوْا مِنْهَا وَمِنْهَا تَاكُلُوْنَ فَ (١٩- ١٨ وُمِنْ-٢٥) وَشَجَرَةً تَضَرُكُ مِنْ عُوْرِ سِيْنَاكَ ثَنْبُتُ بِالدَّهِي وَمِنْ إِلَّا كُلِيْنَ ** (١٤- ١ لمومنون مه) The Food ... contd...

<u>Water & Minerals</u>: Water & Mineralas are the important food constituents.

WATER: Water has very remarkable properties of biological importance It is liquid at ordinary temprature. Water is the most important food constituents and 70% body weight is due to water. A man may not survive more than two days under extreme temprature/climate, and about 18 days under humidity/moderate temprature without water. While starvation**limit is 30 days.

Water has high Specific Heat in comparision to the other. This property leads to large change in temprature due to the heat produced during chemical reactions in the cells.

Water is obtained from three sources:

- 1) About 500 ml water per day is derived from 'Cellular Oxidation' process in our body. Desert Kangro Rat depends only on the cellular oxidised water.
- 2) Greater portion of water intake is derived from fruits, vegetable and other food contents.
- 3) Water is taken as raw drinking water.

Water also has high Latent Heat of Evaporation - provide the basis for an efficient mechanism of 'sweating'. Water is good solvent for 'ionic' compound.

Excess of dehydration makes blood thick, tounge swells and kidney fails. 20% loss of water from human body due to dehydration may cause death. Human needs 1500 ml to 2000 ml water daily.

وَمَا يُسْتَوِى الْبَخْرُونِ فَ هَٰ ثَاعَذُ بِ ثَرُاكُ سَارِلِخَ شَرَابُهُ وَهَٰ ثَامِلُحَ ۖ أَهُاكُ ١٥ (22-الطَّوْق) **When no food & no water is available.

Water & Minerals ... contd...

MINERALS: The following elements are essential for our body. They are taken in the form of our food.

SODIUM: or Na is a major 'cation' of extracellular* fluid. The normal dietary requirement of Sodium is 20 mmol, unless sweating occurs otherwise 70 to 350 mmol.

Sodium is essential for our survival, because it regulates the pH of our tissue fluids, their osmotic pressure & their water-salt balance Sodium is found in cheese, eggs, calf liver, tomato & orange.

POTASSIUM: or K is major 'Intracellular'** CATION and normally presents in low concentration in Extracellular fluid. Potassium deficiencies occurs due to vomiting, diarrhoea & excess urination, which causes mascular (cardiac) weakness and mental confusion.

Nuts, fruits & beefs are moderate sources of K. Potassium is also found in potato crips, dry dates, calf liver, banana, cooked spinach salted bread, orange, milk, boiled egg & apple.

<u>IRON</u>: or Fe is a component of haemoglobin, myoglobin, cytochromes & several enzymes; like, 'cytochrome oxidase'. The Iron content of an adult is 3-4 g of which 1 g can be stored as 'Ferritin' in Liver, Spleen & Bone Marrow.

Iron is lost through faces, urine, sweat, hair, mensus, bile & cells lining the intestine. Cereals/flour supplies the largest proportions of Iron intake. Meat contains 28%, while vegetables cotain 18%, out of which potato is the richest source of Iron.

^{*}Extracellular means outside the cell compartment, has more Na & Cl
**Intracellular means inside the cell compartment, has more K & P

Water & Minerals ... contd...

PHOSPHORUS: or P is needed to produce bones & teeth. Phosphorus is also found in blood & tissues, and one of the constituents of Nucleic Acid. All the cell membranes have phosphorus in the form of 'Phospho-lipids'.

Dairy products, meat, poultry & fish are the major sources of Phosphorus. Phosphorus is also found in dry bean, peas, nuts, flour, cereals, cheese, liver, kidney & fruits.

SULPHER & CHLORINE: S & Cl; Sulpher is found in Proteins, and Chlorine is taken in the form of Sodium Chloride or table salt.

MAGNECIUM: or Mg is found in bones & soft tissues like liver & muscles. Magnecium is used as 'enzyme activator' of energy librating sequences i.e. during internal 'respiration'.

Wheat, Bran, Cocoa, Wheat Germ, Peanuts, Brewer's Yeast, Chochlate and Soyabeans are sources of Magnecium.

IODINE: or I is found in water and Sea-weeds. Its deficiency causes 'Coitre'. Now a days Iodine is added to table salts in order to avoid the deficiency. Baby's mental & physical developments retard, if pregnant mother lacks Iodine in her diet.

Iodine is also required to synthesise Thyroid Hormone, 'Thyroxine'.

The lack of Thyroxin causes 'Goitre'.

Cabbage & Turnip contain anti thyroid compound called 'Goitrogens'.

Therefore, excess use of cabbage & turnip may cause 'goitre'.

<u>FLUORINE</u>: or F is useful to defend tooth enamel against decay. Fluorine deficiency causes 'fluorosis'.

The Food ... contd...

<u>Vitamins</u>: or Vital Amines are organic substances, which are not adequately synthesised by the body, yet are essential in small 'catalyte' amount, for the functioning of the Chemistry of Cells. Some vitamins are synthesised in the Intestine by Bacteria/bacterial Flora.

TYPES OF VITAMINS: Vitamins are of two types:

- a) Fat soluble vitamins like; A, D, E & K.
- b) Water soluble vitamins like; B & C.

VITAMIN A: Vitamin A is also called as 'Retinol', and its precursor is called as 'Carotene'. Retinol is found Fish/Shark Liver Oil, which is the richest natural source of vit. A, Green Vegetables, Red Fruits & Vegetables (Carrots), Butter, Cheese, Eggs, Spinach, Tomato & Maize.

Vitamin A is essential for vision in dim light, involved in the maintenance of 'Epethelial' surfaces, development of 'skeleton', including skull & vertebral column.

Vitamin 'A' is destroyed by oxidation, when the fat/host of vit. A, turns rancid or exposed to UVR or heated to air. To prevent the loss of vit. A, 'anti-oxidant' or preservant is added to fatty/oily food.

Animals obtain Retinol by eating plants/animals. Plants do not contain vit. A, instead contain 'Precursor Carotene'. From Carotene, animals form Retinol in Guts & Livers.

<u>VITAMIN D</u>: or 'Calciferol', which is of two types: i) D or Ergo-Calciferol & ii) D or Chole Calciferol. 'Ergo-Sterol' is vit. 'D' 'precursor' in plants, while 'Cholestrol' is vit.'D' 'precursor' in animals. These animals & plants 'precursors' are converted to vit. D, when exposed to sun light/UVR.

Vit. D is essential for bone formation and promotes the absorption of Calcium & Phosphate by small intestine. Also promotes the Phosphate absroption by kidney. Vit. D itself is absorbed by intestine together with fats.

Vit. D is obtained from Fish/Shark Liver Oil, Eggs, Liver, Oil, Butter and also from sun-rays, when ultra voilet rays reacts with 7-dehydro cholestrol found in human skin. Rickets, deformation & softness of bones cause due to lack of vit. D supply in children, while in adults, the same condition is termed as 'Osteomalacia'.

VITAMIN E: or Tocopherol prevents cell damage i.e. prevents destructive Oxidation of Polysaturated Fatty Acids in cell membrane. Vit. E itself is destroyed by UVR & Oxidation, but not by the cooking.

**
Being an 'Anti-oxidant', Vit. E prevents oxidations of Fatty Acid,
Vit A & Vit C in food & Body.

Vit E is found in vegeable oils, wheat germs, sun-flower seeds, dark green vegetables, fats & mother's milk & not the cow milk. Vit E prevents fats & oil to turn bad/rancid.

Deficiency causes death of fetus in mother's womb & 'sterlity' in males.

^{*}Vit E takes up Oxygen to prevent vitamins from oxidation, is termed as 'anti-oxidant'.

VITAMINS K: 50% of vit K is synthesised by Bacteria in Intestine & large bowl and rest 50% is obtained from food. Vit K is important to synthesise 'Prothrombin' in liver and regulates synthesis of blood clotting factors, like prothrombin. Consumption of 'Anti-biotic' medicines destroy the bacteria synthesising vit K in the intestine. Vit K is available in fresh, green & leafy vegetables/spinach. Vit

K is also found in milk, eggs, liver, brain, tomato & potato. Deficiency of vit K causes lack of blood 'clotting'.

Now let me take the water soluble vitamins one by one: <u>VITAMIN B</u>: Vitamin B is a complex of the following vitamins:

1) Thiamine or B_1 , 2) Riboflavin or B_2 , 3) Niacin or B_3 , 4) Pridoxin or B_6 , 5) Cyanocobalamin or B_{12} & 6) Folic Acid.

THIAMINE OR B1: The Pyro Phosphate Thiamine is a Corboxylase enzyme, which is involved in the de-carboxylation of 'Pyruvic Acid' i.e. Carbohydrates breakdown. Those cell like of brain, having specific amount of Carbohydrate/glucose requirements, will lack Vit B1.

Vit B_1 is found in seeds, e.g. germs of cereals, nuts, peas & beans. Also in Yeast, Bacon, liver, cornflakes, bread, eggs, spinach, fish and milk. Lackness of Vit B_1 causes Beri-Beri & mental anxiety.

RIBOFLAVIN or B₂: Riboflavin is necessary for normal growth. Riboflavin is a component of active 'flavo-proteins', capable of resersible oxidation/reduction reactions.

Riboflavin is available in liver, milk, eggs, green vegetables, yeast, chickens, spinach & fish. Lack of B₁causes 'dermatitis, hairloss, conjuctivitis. The corners of mouth cracks due to lack of Vit B₂.

NIACIN or B₃: is also called as Nicotinic Acid, which is a component of co-enzymes 'NAD' & 'NADP'. These are concerned with the tissues oxidation. Deficiency of Niacin causes rough skin and lips and tounge become sore. Niacin is found in Meat, Milk, Fish & Wholemeal Cereals. Niacin or vit:B₃ is synthesised in man from 'Trytophan', which is an amino acid 'precursor' found in the body tissues. Niacin is also synthesised in the intestine by Bacteria.

Niacin is also found in hard oily seeds, green & leafy vegetables, almond, yeast, soyabean, chickens, lambs & eggs.

<u>PYRIDOXIN or B</u>6: Pyridoxin is important in the synthesis of 'Haemo-globin. Pyridoxin is found in Liver, Meat & Bran.

Pyridoxin is sensitive to light by insensitive to heat. Its deficiency causes 'Anaemia'.

CYANOCOBALAMIN or Bu: Cyanocobalamin is necessary for DNA synthesis. Those cells dividing rapidly, are most affected by Cyanocobalamin, e.g. Bone Marrow, G.I. Tract & Blood formation. It is also useful in the maintenance of 'Myelin' in the Nervous System.

Vit Bais found in Liver, Meat, Milk & Milk products. Lack of Bacauses Mega Loblastic Anaemia. Vit Bain not found in plant, but stores in human body.

FOLIC ACID: It is an acid in Vit. B-complex, termed as 'Folacin'.
Folic Acid is important for the transfer of one-carbon unit. It
receives one-carbon radical from Glycine & Tryptophan etc. & donate
in the synthesis of 'Purine', 'Pyrimidines' & blood formation.

^{*}Pellarga disease

Vitamins ... Folic Acid ... contd...

Folic Acid is found in the Liver of Ox, Oysters, Spinach & Orange juice.

Lack of Folic Acid causes Mega Loblastic Anaemia. Pteroic Acid is an original Folic Acid found in Spinach. Pteroyl Glutanic Acid is also Folic Acid, therapeutically active in Pernicious/destructive Anaemia.

PANTOTHENIC ACID is also considered a member of Vitamin B-Complex.

<u>BIOTIN</u> is considered as Vitamin 'H'. which forms part of several enzyme system, e.g. incorporation of CO_2 from $HC\bar{O}_3$ into path-way of Fatty Acid synthesis & formation of Oxalo Acetate from Pyruvate, Glucose formation from Pyruvate.

Biotin is found in Liver, Kidney & Yeast. Large bowel bacteria synthesises Biotin.

Avidin, a protein found in eggs, can tender the Biotin unavailable, causes 'Dermatitis'.

Fat soluble vitamins are not destroyed during cooking. Remains within body and are not excreted out. These vitamins are poorly absorbed
if mineral oil is present in the intestine. Therefore, intake of
mineral oil be avoided before meal. These vitamins are more easily
absorbed when fat & oil are present in the Gut. In <u>Jaundice</u> poor
tat absorption causes poor intake of these vitamins.

<u>Water soluble vitamins</u> are excreted out and do not store in the body Destroyed during cooking (transfer to cooking water on warming).

ASCORBIC ACID or C: Vitamin C is necessary for the formation of intercellular ground substance that binds cells in bone, teeth & connective tissues. Vit C contributes to 'Hydroxyproline' formation, which is an amino acid and forms 13% of 'Collagen'. Collagen is a component of ground substance. Vit C also helps the formation of RBC

Vit C is found in Citrus fruits, currants**, fruits of Berry group plants, Tomato, Green chilly, Spinach, Cabbage, Lemon, Amla, Peas & Banana.

The first sub chapter of this chapter contains the scientific details of different organs of human digestive system.

^{*}A type of Protein.

^{**}Dried type of Grape

sub chapter i

Digestion of Food:

There is a system within the human body, which is responsible to converts the food into 'blood', and passes out the non-converted in the form of faeces. During the process of conversion or digestion, the system gets help from 'Pancreas' & 'Liver' etc. The digested food is assimilated into the Blood Circulatory System.

The main parts of the Digestive Sytem are:

- 1) Mouth & Oesophagus
- 2) Stomach
- 3) Duodenum
- 4) Small Intestine
- 5) Large Intestine

Mouth & Oesophagus: Mouth is the first part of digestive system. It is also called as Buccal Cavity or Oral Cavity, which contains 32 teeth in upper & lower sets of 16 each i.e. 4 incisors, help in cutting, 2 cannines, help in tearing, 4 premolars & 4 molars, help in masticating the food. While 'Tounge' helps to observe the taste & rotates food to mix the sliva. The crushing force of incisors & molars are 14-36kg & 45-86kg respectively.

SALIVARY GLAND: Tounge bears three pairs of salivary gland; i) Submandibular/sub-maxillary, ii) Parotid & iii) Sub-lingual. Some additional glands like; Labial, beneath the tips, Palatine, beneath the palate, Lingual, beneath the tounge & Buccal beneath the oral mucous membrane of cheeks, contribute almost 1 litre of saliva per day.

Mouth & Oesophagus ... contd...

Saliva is of two types; i) Mucous - thick & ii) Serous - watery.

Saliva contains two types of enzymes; i) Amylase & ii) Lipase.

Lipase is important at neonate when pancreatic enzymes are inadequate.

FUNCTIONS OF SALIVA:

- -General cleansing & protection of masticatory apparatus,
- -Hydrolysis of Polysaccharides, like Glycogen & Starch.

Salivary Amylase 'Ptyalin', an enzyme with pH 6.9, splits the linkage of 'Polysaccharides molecules. Amylolytic activity continues 15-30 minutes, during which considerable Polysaccharides break down occurs, before strong acid & 'Pepsin' destroy 'Amylase' in the stomach, where 'fundic' region acts as quiescent food reservoir.

About 75% starch from potato & 60% from bread may be coverted to 'Maltose', before enzyme becomes inactivated. Glucose & Alcohal are absorbed in blood stream through epithelium of the cavity.

-dissolves 'sapid' substances & making them available for taste.

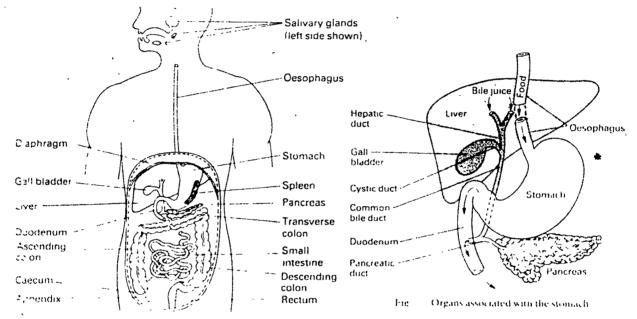
Taste buds are modified Epethelial Cells. For sweet -tips, for sour lateral region, for salt - entire surface & for bitter - posterior surface of the tounge is responsible.

Oesophagus: Mouth leads to oesophagus, which a hollow muscular tube/Gullet, normally kept empty by waves of 'constriction' passing along its length to the stomach - 'Peristaltic Waves'. In oesophagus, two layers of muscles are observed separated by a Nerve Net-work. The outer is longitudinal & inner is circular muscles.

^{*}starch broken into smaller units are termed as 'Dextrins'

Digestion of Food ... contd...

Stomach: The Oesophagus leads to the 'Stomach', which receives & stores temporarily the ingested food. Acid & Enzymes secrete into its "Lumen'. Muscular contractions result the contents of stomach being mixed, partially digested & emptied into the 'Duodenum'. Thus, stomach produces 'Chyme'; uniform in pH, osmolity & temprature.



thelial cells, secreting an 'alkaline' fulid with mucous. There are also peptic cells, secreting 'Pepsinogen' & Proteolytic Enzymes. A third Oxyntic/parietal cells secreting 'HC1'.

<u>CARDIAC GLANDS</u>: found in Oesophagus, composed of almost entirely mucous secretion, while <u>PYLORIC GALND</u> secrets 'Pepsinogens' with mucous.

The stomach is divisible into 3 regions; i) upper 'Fundic', ii) middle 'Body' & iii) lower 'Pyloric'.

وَإِنَّ لَكُمْ فِالْأَنْفَامِ لَعِبْرَةً * نُسْمِيْكُمْ رِبّمًا فِي بُعُونِهِ مِنْ بُينِ فَرْتٍ قَدَمٍ لَبُنَّا خالِمُ سَآءِ مَعًا لِلشَّرِيئِينَ ٥ * (١٩- ١ سنصل - ٤٥)

Digestion of Food ... contd...

Stomach Walls: Stomach contains 3 layers of wall:

<u>SEROSA</u>: Outermost layer covers all abdominal organs, produces watery lubricating fluid.

<u>MUSCULARIS</u>: Consists of a longitudinal, a circular & an oblique layer.

SUB-MUCOSA: Sub-Mucosa is an 'aerolar' connective tissue.

MUCOSA: Madeup of columnar epithelial cells, bearing Gastric Glands
or pits. These pits contain 3 types of excretary cells:

- a) <u>Peptic Cells</u>: secretes protein digesting enzyme 'Protease'.

 Protease is produced as inactive 'Pepsinogen', which is converted to active 'Pepsin', when Acid & Protein are present in stomach.
- b) Oxyntic Cells: secretes 'HCl' which creates necessary pH for Protein digestion. Gastric juice is an acidic solution i.e. pH=1.5 - 2.5.
- c) <u>Mucous Cells</u>: secretes lubricating mucous, which protects stomach from 'Pepsin', otherwise thre is chance of 'gastric ulcer'.

 Mucous cells also produce 'Intrinsic Factor', which helps to absorb vit B from food. Pernicious Anaemia occurs in the absence of Intrinsic Factor or vit $B_{\rm IL}$.

ATP is generated by 'Mitochondria' in response to the secretary-stimuli and translocated to secretary membrane, where it is 'hydrolysed'. The energy released is made available to a carrier, transporting 'Piotons' out of cell against an electrochemical gradient.

ENZYMES IN GASTRIC JUICE:

a) <u>Pepsin</u>: Pepsin hydrolysing protein, is detected in gastric juice. Pepsin is released as inactive Pepsinogen. Pepsinogen becomes active Pepsin, when HCl mixes, and its pH value falls below 5.

Enzymes in Gastric Juices ... contd...

Several Peptids are cleaved from Pepsinogen molecules to produce 'enzyme'. Pepsin hydrolyse several Peptid Bonds within the interior of ingested Protein molecule to form Poly-peptides, but little Amino Acid. Pepsins have powerful milk-clotting activities; work as a substitute of 'Renin'. Renin is absent in human and found in calf's stomach.

- b) Lipase: Lipase is gastric juice enzyme works on 'Tri-Glycerides', i.e. short chian of fatty acid. Fatty Acid in the form of Tri-Butyrin/Butyric Acid is found in Butter fat.
- c) <u>Gelative</u>: Gelative is also an enzyme of gastric juice, liquifies Gelatin.
- d) Intrinsic Factor: A protein found in gastric juice, helps in protection & absorption of vit B_{12} , for which it passes along intestine and adheres to iteal epithelial cell/ileum.
- e) <u>Insulin</u>: Presence of intravenous insulin, stimulates gastric secretion. There are 3 phases; i) cephalic, ii) gastric & iii) intestinal for the inhibition as well as the stimulation of Acid & Pepsin release.

GASTRIC EMPTYING: The rate at which gastric contents pass into 'duodenum' depends on its Physical & Chemical properties:

- 1) Solid food remains in stomach longer than the liquid foods.
- 2) The greater volume of gastric contents, faster the rate of emptying.
- 3) The 'osmolality' of chyme entering in duodenum has a marked effect on subsequent gastric emptying.
- 4) The presence of fats & their digestive products in the upper small intestine inhibits gastric emptying.
- 5) Acid in upper small intestine delays gastric emptying.

Digestion of Food ... contd...

Duodenum: From stomach chyme is emptied into small-intestine, where secretions from Pancreas & Liver mix with the chyme. Puodenum connects the stomach with the small-intestine, where there are glands of 'Brunner'. These sub-mucosal glands secrete 'Brunner-Viscous Alkaline Fluid'. The Alkalinity is due to the presence of bi-carbonate ' HCO_3 '. Thus Brunner glands protect Duodenum from Ulceration. The Ulcer may cause due to action of Gastric Acid and Pepsin.

Pancreas: Human Pancreas is a large gland of about 20 cm, its head lying within the curve of Duodenum, where pancreatic secretion mixes with the food. Pancreatic Secretions are of two types:

i) A Digestive Juice & ii) Hormones.

DIGESTIVE JUICE: It is also termed as Pancreatic Juice. It contains 3 major enzymes; a) Amylase, b) Protease & c) Lipase. Pancreatic Juice is secreted in alkaline medium i.e. 'HCO3' of pH 7.1 to 8.2. HORMONES: Two hormones i) Insulin & ii) Glucagon are produced from Endowine glandular area of Pancreas called 'Islet of Langerhens'. Islet contains two types of cells; i) Alpha: produces 'Glucagon'. Glucagon breaks Glycogen to yield 'Glucose'. ii) Beta: produces 'Insulin'. Insulin takes Glucose out of food & stores in the form of Glycogen.

COMPOSITION OF PANCREATIC JUICE: Pancreatic Juice contains two major components; i) Alkaline Fluid & ii) Enzymes.

<u>ALKALINE FLUID</u>: This fluid helps to neutralise Acid entering the Duodenum and provides medium where Pancreatic Enzymes can function well. There are major cations; Na † & K † and major anions Cl & HCO $_{3}$, found in the Alkaline Fluid.

Pancreas ... contd...

ENZYMES: There are following Enzymes found in Pancreatic Juice:

TRYPSIN: Trypsin's inactive form is Trypsinogen. Trypsin hydrolyses
Peptide Bonds of Protein molecules.

<u>CHYMOTRYPSIN</u>: Inactive form of Chymotrypsin is Chymotrypsinogen. Its activation depends on 'Trypsin'. It also acts on Peptide Bonds to hydrolyse Protein.

CARBOYLE PEPTIDASE: Carboxy Peptidase removes the Amino Acid with free Carboxyle Group from the end of Peptide bond. Carboxy Peptidase is produced from its 'Zymogen' by action of Trypsin.

PANCREATIC AMYLASE: Pancreatic Amylase forms Maltose & Malto-Triose from Amylose; the straight chain of Polysaccharides.

<u>LIPOLYTIC ENZYMES</u>: Lipolytic Enzymes break-down the 'lipids' found in Pancreatic Juice. This Pancreatic Lipase acts on water-insoluble Tri-Glycerides to release Fatty Acids & 2-mono Glycerides.

OTHER ENZYMES: Other enzymes partially hydrolyse Nucleic Acid to Mono Nucleotides i.e. Ribo Nuclease & De-Oxy Ribo Nuclease.

Liver: Liver is the largest gland of the body and has numerous functions. Liver is about 1.4 kg & situated beneath the diaphram. Liver is divided into two lobes. Each lobe is further divided into smaller lobules.

Liver's each lobule is made of 'cord of hepatic' or liver cells, encircling a 'central vein'. Running between two rows of Hepatic cells are blood filled spaces called 'Sinusoids'. In Sinusoids, there are Phagocytic cells called 'Kupffer' cells. Kupffer cells destroy the old blood cells.

HEPATIC PORTAL VEIN brings the digested food from the Intestine to the Liver, while HEPATIC ARTERY brings oxygenated blood to liver.

^{*}Liver produces anticogulant <u>Heparin</u> & clotting factor <u>Protrombin</u>.

Liver ... contd...

The blood from Hepatic Veins & Arteries flows through 'Sinusoids'. Liver takes out the 'toxic' food nutrients, de-toxify them, which again mixed to the blood.

Bile Juice made by Liver is stored within Gall Bladder. When fatty foods are in Intestine, Gall Bladder contracts to 'eject' Bile Juice to the Duodenum through cyclic duct. In case of Jaundice, Liver swells and Bile Juice, instead of flowing to Duodenum, passes into the blood stream.

<u>FUNCTIONS OF LIVER</u>: Liver is responsible for: i) Carbohydrate Metabolism, ii) Protein Metabolism, iii) Fats Metabolism, iv) Handling of Vitamins & v) Secretion of Bile Juice.

CARBOHYDRATE METABOLISM: Liver plays central role in maintaining blood sugar level and is capable to introduce 'glucose' into the blood or removes the 'glucose' from the blood circulation, as per the requirements of our body. Liver also acts as 'storage tissues' for glucose/hexose in the form of 'glycogen' a polysaccharide Again Glycogen is converted back to Glucose by way of 'Glycogenolysis'; a reverse provess of 'Glycogenesis'. Glycogen is synthesised largely from 'Lactate', e.g. derived from muscle metabolism during excercise and other non-carbohydrate sources like Fatty Acid & Amino Acid.

PROTEIN METABOLISM: Liver is active is 3 areas of Protein Metabolism i) Protein synthesis, ii) Formation of Urea as the main Nitrogenous end product of Amino Acid Metabolism & iii) Inter-conversion of Amino Acids.

Many of plasma proteins are synthesised in Liver like; i) Albumin: which provides 'osmotic' pressure to the plasma, ii) Fibrinogen: which helps in blood coagulation, iii) Globulin: helps in the transportation of Fe, Cu & Fats, iv) Liver is important in the synthesis

Liver ... contd... Function of Liver

and degradation of Protein & Amino Acid & v) Liver has all <u>enzymes</u> necessary for the production of Urea from Nitrogen, which is obtained as a result of Amino Acid Metabolism i.e Kreb's Urea Cycle.

<u>FAT METABOLISM</u>: Liver has got important capabilities to handle the Metabolism of Fat:

- -Liver plays important role in Bile Acid Metabolism.
- -Liver removes 'Chylomicrons', which is formed due to the digestion & absorption of Fat and passes into the lymphatics.
- -In Liver Tri-Glycerides are again hydrolysed and some of the released Fatty Acids are incorporated into Phospholipids & Cholestrol
 esters or used againfor Triglycerides synthesis.
- -Lipids synthesised in the Liver are released in association with 'apo-protein' a protein fraction, as Lipo-Proteins.
- -Some Fatty Acid is metabolised in Liver to provide energy.

HANDLING OF VITAMINS:

- -Liver stores all fat soluble vitamins like; A, D, K & E and B_{12} the water soluble vitamin.
- -Liver contributes in the absorption of fat-soluble vitamins, like; Vitamin A, D, K & E, by Small Intestine.

SECRETION OF BILE JUICE:

Liver secretes Bile, which is a variable complex mixture of water & Organic & Inorganic Solutes. Major Organic Solutes contain: i) Bile-Acids, ii) Phospholipids, iii) Cholestrol, iv) Redish Bile Rubin & v) Greenish Bile Verdin.

Electrolytes like; Na & K are found in same proportion, as in Plasma, while the concentration of major anions like; Cl & HCO are less than in Plasma.

Liver ... Bile Juice ... contd...

BILE ACIDS: Bile Acids are water soluble derivatives of 'Cholestrol'. Two primary Bile Acids; Cholic & Cheno Deoxy Cholic Acids are synthesised in Liver. 75% of Primary Bile Acids are un-altered, as they pass along the Small Intestine and are absorbed in distal region 'iteum' and return to liver via Portal Circulation. 25% of Bile Acids are de-conjugated by Bacteria.

FUNCTIONS OF BILE ACID:

- -Bile Acid helps the digestion & absorption of Tri-Glycerides.
- -Bile Acid helps in the mobility of 'colon'.
- -Bile Acid regulates its own synthesis from 'Cholestrol'.
- -Chenic Acid suppresses the synthesis of Hepatic Cholestrol.
- -Bile Acid eliminates Cholestrol, as Cholestrol causes Artery disease
- -1g to 2g per day, Cholestrol is secreted by Liver.

BILE PIGMENTS:

Major pigment of Bile is 'Bile Rubin', by means of which 'Haem' is produced, during the break-down of Haemoglobin. Haem is later eliminated. Bile Rubin is produced mainly in 'Spleen', 'Bone-Marrow' & Liver. All Bile Rubin is not derived from Haemoglobin, 20% Bile Rubin is synthesised from Myoglobin & Cytochrome.

GALL BLADDER: Gall Bladder is a destensible bag of 30-50 ml capacity. Its functions are:

- -The concentration of Bile
- -The delivery of Bile to Duodenum to aid digestion & absorption of Fats.

Digestion of Food ... contd...

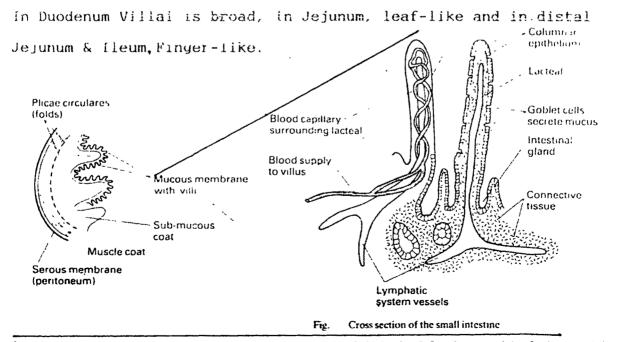
Small Intestine: Duodenum leads to the Small Intestine, where most of the absorptive & secretary functions take place.

Small Intestine also performs several complex movements.

STRUCTURE OF SMALL INTESTINE: Small Intestine is approximately 5m long extended between Duodenum & Large Intestine. It is divisible into three regions: i) Duodenum, ii) Jejunum & iii) Ileum.

<u>Duodenum</u> is almost 25cm long & curved tube, devoid of 'mesentery'*. Starting point of Duodenum is 'Pylorus'. The wall of Duodenum contains mucous producing 'Brunner's Glands' and ducts pass through the glands so that the Pancreatic & Hepatic secretions can reach to the Intestinal Lumen.

Remianed Small Intestine is a coiled tube attached to the posterior abdominal wall by Mesentery. 2/5th of the Intestine is <u>Jejunum</u> & rest is <u>Ileum</u>. Jejunum is thicker walled, more muscular & has larger 'Villai' than of Ileum.



^{*}Mesentery is a series of membranes, which held the coiled intestine in Abdomen. Blood Vessels & Nerves travel to Intestine through Mesentery.

Small Intestine ... contd...

The Intestinal Gland secretes digestive enzymes: i) Amylases, ii) Proteases & iii) Lipases. The sticky mucous secretion of Brunner's Gland protects the lining of Intestine. Like veins, there are vessels of 'Lymphatic System', that carry cells & proteins which help to defend us from foreign organism, like Bacteria, which comes to Intestine with food.

The Small Intestine transfers substances in two directions:

- i) ABSORPTION: from 'Lumen' to Blood stream &
- ii) SECRETION: from Blood stream to 'Lumen'.

FUNCTIONS OF SMALL INTESTINE: A) Digestion & Absroption of Fat:

1) Emulsification & Hydrolysis of Fats:

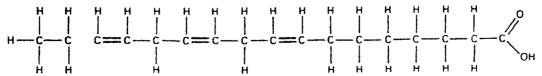
By mixing in stomach & upper Intestine 'Tri-Glyceride' droplets are broken down into minute particles. These particles re-unite if no 'emulsifying' agent is present in the lument contents. The Emulsifying agents are: a) Fatty Acids, b) Monoglycerides, c) Cho lestrol & d) Lecithin.

2) Formation of Micelles:

More rapid digestion & complete absorption are brought through the formation of very small & highly stable units; called 'Micelles'. The Micelles form a cylindrical shell in the core of which Monoglycerides, Free Fatty Acids, Cholestrol & Fat soluble vitamins can be carried in a solubilised form.

3) Absorption of Digested Fat:

Absorption of Free Fatty Acids & Monoglycerides mainly takes place in Duodenum & Proximal Jejunum by way of 'diffusion'.



Unsaturated fatty acid: some double bonds between the carbons Linolenic acid

Small intestine ... contd...

4) Resynthesis & Delivery of Lipids to Lacteals:

The absorbed products of digested Fats are incorporated into Triglycerides. Anabolism takes place within the epithelial Cells' 'Endoplasmic Reticulum'. The two path-ways are involved:

Major: Monoglyceride Path-way

Minor: -Glycerophosphate Path-way.

B) <u>Digestion & Absroption of Protein</u>: Protein is digested & absorbed in the form of Amino Acid i.e. protein is completely hydrolysed in Lumen.

Large Intestine: Small Intestine leads into Large Intestine. Large Intestine is 1.5m long & 6.5cm in diameter. There are 4 regions in Large Intestine: i) Caecum, ii) Colon, iii) Rectum & iv) Anal Canal.

<u>CAECUM</u>: Caecum is a blind sac of about 6cm in which Small Intestine opens through 'ileocaecal valve'. A worm-like structure 'Appendix' is attached to the Caecum.

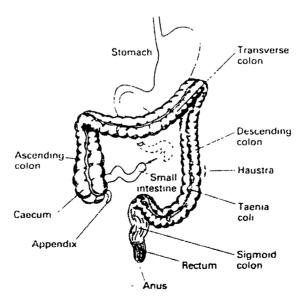


Fig. Structure of the large intestine

Large Intestine ... contd...

COLON: Colon runs up i.e. ascending side of the abdomen, goes cross the body i.e. transverse, just beneath the liver, and turn downward i.e. descending near the stomach. As colon descends towards the Rectum, it makes 'S' shaped curve called 'sigmoid'. Colon has pouch like bulges called 'Haustra' all along its length and band of muscles running over the surface i.e. 'Taenia coli'.

RECTUM & ANAL CANAL: Rectum & Anal Canal lead to the exterior of the body. The Anal Canal bears folded mucous membrane with good blood supply. When the veins of Anal Canal get inflamed; the condition is known as 'Piles' or 'Haemorrhoids'. The exit of Anal Canal is guarded by a muscular 'Anal Sphincter'.

CONCLUSION:

The food is required to produce heat & energy* within body, and by doing work, energy restored within body is consumed**. That is why requirement of food is continued throughout life.

The 2nd sub chapter under chapter III, contains the scientific details of digestive process of human food.

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sub chapter ii

Digestive Process:

The food that we eat is made up of molecules, which are too large to pass through cell membrane. <u>Digestion</u> makes the food molecules smaller and water soluble, so that they can be used by the cells. Chemical digestion is done by digestive juice contains 'enzymes'.

Enzymes: Enzyme is a protein, acts as a chemical 'catalyst'. Many of vitamins are co-enzymes. Co-enzymes enable the enzymes to work properly. Enzymes are named according to the chemical reactions they catalyse:

Amylase aids the break-down of Carbohydrates.

Protease aids the break-down of Proteins.

Lipase aids the break-down of Fats.

<u>HYDROLYSIS</u>: When a chemical is broken down during a chemical reaction during the digestion:

ABC $--\rightarrow$ A + B + C (in presence of enzymes & water)

<u>CCK</u>: When food & acid contents from stomach touches the wall of Small Intestine, a hormone called <u>CCK</u>/Chole-systo-kinin, is secreted CCK causes the 'Gall Bladder' to contract and eject the 'bile' into the Duodenum, since Bile iss must for fat digestion.

DIGESTION IN MOUTH: Saliva is digestive juice in mouth. Amylase/
Ptyalin enzyme is found in saliva. Salivary Amylase breaks down
large 'Carbohydrate' molecules i.e. Polysaccharides/starch into
shorter chains called 'Dextrins' & di-saccharides such as Maltose.

Carbohydrates may not completely break-down in mouth, as we swallow down the food.

Condensation is reverse of Hydrolysis.
A-B-C --- ABC (in presence of enzyme & absence of water)

Digestive Process ... contd...

DIGESTION IN STOMACH: Chyme is directly passed to stomach from mouth & no digestion takes place within Oesophagus. Chewed & swallowed food is soaked into Gastric Juice. Gastric Juice contains:

Mucous, HCl & Gastric Enzymes. Gastric Juice is acidic i.e. pH-1.5 to 2.5, and its main function is to break-down the Proteins.

Protease enzyme is s secreted in the form of in-active Pepsinogen, and converts to active Pepsin, when Protein & HCl are present in the stomach. Proteins are longh chain of Amino Acids & Protease/
Pepsin enzyme breaks the Peptide Linkage. Thus Protein is brokendown into smaller molecules of <u>Proteoses</u>; longer chain & <u>Peptones</u>; smaller chain.

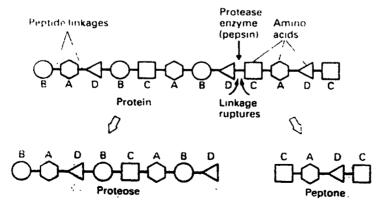
Gastric Juice also contains; Rennin & Lipase enzymes:

RENNIN: Rennin coagulates milk proteins and covert them to insoluble 'casein' from soluble 'caseinogen'. Rennin is important in infants.

Rennin works best at pH-5.6. Rennin is not very effective in acidic condition of adult stomach. HCl curdles the milk in adult stomach.

LIPASE: Lipase breaks down milk fat. Lipase also works best at the pH-5.6.

Glucose & Alcohal are partially absorbed in stomach.



Protein breakdown in the stomach

^{*}chewed & swallowed food soaked into gastric juice, is chyme.

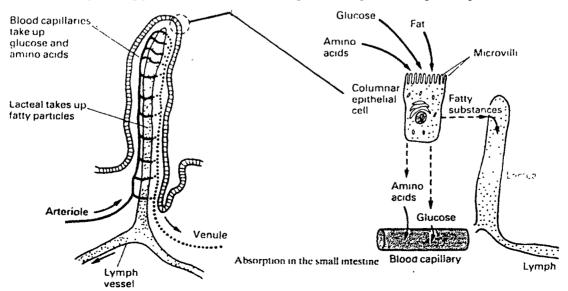
Digestive Process ... contd...

<u>DIGESTION IN SMALL INTESTINE</u>: Most of the digestion & absorption take place in the small intestine, where two digestive juices are available: i) Pancreatic Juice & ii) Intestinal Juice.

PANCREATIC JUICE: Pancreatic Juice is an alkaline solution pH-7.2 to 8.2, poured out from Pancreas in large quantity i.e. 1.2 to 1.5 lit. per day. Its alkaline pH stops the action of stomach enzymes. When food enters the duodenum, the small intestine provides the necessary environments for its own enzymic activity. Pancreatic Juice contains the following enzymes:

- a) <u>Pancreatic Amylase</u>: Pancreatic Amylase breaks down 'dextrins'; a digested starch in mouth, into 'di-saccharides' i.e. i) Maltose ii) Sucrose & iii) Lactose.
- b) <u>Pancreatic Protease</u>: Protease or Trypsin breaks the Proteins into Proteose & Peptone in the stomach. Again, Pancreatic Protease/
 Trypsin enzymes break the Proteoses & Peptones into De-Peptides, and finally into 'Amino Acids'.

Trypsinogen is activated by 'Enterokinase' enzyme to form activeTry-psin, while Chymotrypsinogen is activated by Trypsin to form active Chymotrypsin; another enzyme help to digest porteins.



Digestive Process ... contd... digestion in small intestine

c) <u>Pancreatic Lipase</u>: Pancreatic Lipase acts on Fats and breaks them into Fatty Acid & Glycerol, when the Fats are in fine droplets i.e. 'emulsion'. Bile Juice is added in small intestine

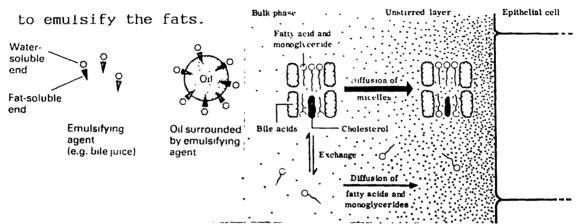


Fig. The role of micelles in fat absorption. 1. They incorporate and maintain the products of fat digestion in a dissolved form in the luminal aqueous contents. 2. They cause more rapid movement of fatty acids and monoglycerides through the unstirred layer. (After Davenport, H. W. (1977). Physiology of the Digestive Tract, 4th edn. Year Book Medical Publishers, Chicago.)

INTESTINAL JUICE: Intestinal Juice is slightly alkaline; pH-7.6, secreted in large amount i.e. 2.3 lit. per day. Intestinal Juice digests the undigested part foods from Mouth, Stomach & Duodenum. Intestinal Juice contains the following enzymes:

- a) Intestinal Amylase: converts di-saccharides to mono-saccharides
- b) https://example.com/linearing-notes di-saccharide into two molecules of Glucose/mono-saccharide.
- c) <u>Intestinal Sucrases</u>: breaks down Sucrose/di-saccharide into Glucose & Fructose.
- d) Intestinal Lactase: breaks down Lactose into Glucose & Galactose.
- e) <u>Intestinal Protease</u>: Protease or Erepsin converts Di-peptides into individual Amino Acids. This enzyme is also termed as 'Peptidase'

Therefore, the end produces of digestive process are; i) Glucose from Carbohydrates, ii) Amino Acids from Proteins & iii) Fatty Acids & Glycerol from Fats.

Digestive Process ... contd...

ABSORPTION IN SMALL INTESTINE:

Most of the digested foods are absorbed into Small Intestine across the cell membrane. About 10% absorption takes place in stomach & large intestine.

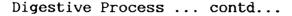
- -Glucose & other mono-saccharides and Aminot Acids are taken across the cell membrane of villi by way of 'Osmosis', 'Diffusion' & 'Active Transport Method'. Glucose & Amino Acids go to blood capillaries of Villi and then transported to liver by Hepatic Portal System.
- -Fatty Acids & Glycerol do not straightly go to the blood stream, but pass into lacteal. Lacteals are vessels containing Lymphs within Villus.

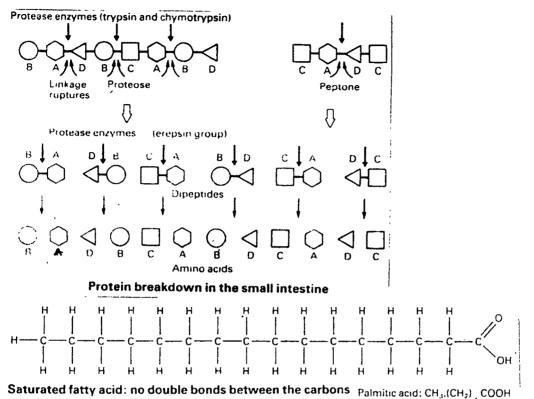
Glycerol passes fairly easily, because it dissolves in water, but Fatty Acid does not dissolve in water. Therefore, 'Bile Salts' combine with Fatty Acid to make it soluble in water. Bile Salt-Fatty Acid comple splits apart. Once arrived inside the Lacteal, Fatty Acid & Glycerol recombines to form 'Fat' again. That is why fat appears in 'lymphatic System' and not in Blood stream.

The Lymph empties into the blood stream at the 'sub-clavian vein' in the neck and thus fat eventually reaches to Liver by way of general blood circulation & Hepatic Artery.

ACTIVITIES IN THE LARGE INTESTINE:

There is no enzyme secretion in the large intestine, therefore, no digestion. But the undigested food reaches there may be subject some 'Bacterial Fermentaion'. Vitamins may be absorbed from 'Bacteria' living in the large intestine.





Activities in the Large Intestine: ...contd...

The semi-fluid 'chyme' remains in the large intestine for 3-10 hrs, until the fluid portion is absorbed, leaving solid 'faeces' ready for elimination. Much mucous secretes in large intestine to aid the passage of 'faeces'.

Some other activities of large intestine:

- -Remaining Carbohydrates may be fermented by the bacteria, releasing gases.
- -Remaining Proteins are converted into Amino Acids and then into some smelly products like; Indole & Skatole & some gases, like H S.
- -The color of faeces depends on the Bile Pigments, decomposed by bacteria within large intestine.
- -If any water left is absorbed in Caecum & Ascending Colon.

The 3rd sub chapter under chapter III, contains heart, blood & its circulation.

sub chapter iii

Blood & Circulation:

Different tissues of our body are linked by way of 'Blood Vessels'.

Blood of these Vessels transports Oxygen & Food Nutrients to the

cells and helps to transport out the waste product, like CO₂.

The blood is pumped & circulates within the body through these

vessels, by means of a muscular 'Heart'.

The Blood:

The blood is a 'fluid connective tissue', made up of i) <u>Plasma</u> & ii) <u>Corpuscles</u> i.e. Cellular Formed Elements. The blood volume in human body is 79ml per kg of the body weight. Fatty tissues, however has less blood volume, due to increase of fats. 7% of total body weight is blood i.e. 4-5 lit. in females and 5-6 lit. in males. Blood circulates the body about 1000 times per day.

Blood Composition:

PLASMA:

Plasma is a pale straw coloured fluid, constitues 60% of total blood volume. Plasma contains 90% water and salts, like Na, K, Ca, Mg, Cl & Proteins.

Main function of plasma is 'transportation', therefore, it also contains Glucose, Lipids, Amino Acids, Vitamins, Hormones & Urea. There are 70 proteins in Plasma, but the most common are: Albumin, Globulin & Fibrinogen.

Plasma also help in the formation of 'Fibrinogen' & maintenance of proper 'osmotic pressure' difference between blood vessels & tissue fluids - that allows the movements of materials from blood

Blood Circulation ... plasma ... contd...

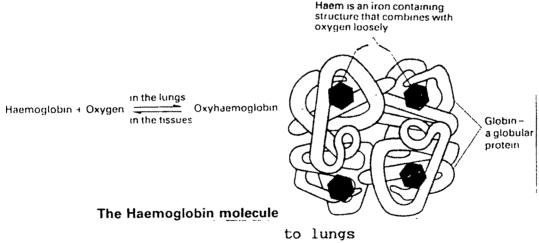
into tissues. Proper 'Blood Pressure' is also maintained by the 'viscosity' of blood, caused by proteins. Proteins buffers the blood to keep the pH at 7.4.

BLOOD CORPUSCLES:

There are mainly 3 types of blood corpuscles: i) Erythrocytes or Red Blood Corpuscles/RBC, ii) Leucocytes or White Blood Corpuscles/ WBC & iii) Thrombocytes or Blood Platelets.

i) Erythrocytes:

Erythrocytes or RBC are in majority in Plasma. RBC contains 1ron bearing pigments 'Haemoglobin' that transport Oxygen around the body. Haemoglobin is made up of 4 'Haem' groups, and each group has an Iron atom in centre, rest of the molecule is a protein, called 'Globin'. Oxygen is loosely attaches to the Iron atom during transport, while 'CO2'is attaches to 'Globin'.



→ Oxyhaemoglobin Haemoglobin-Oxygen to tissues

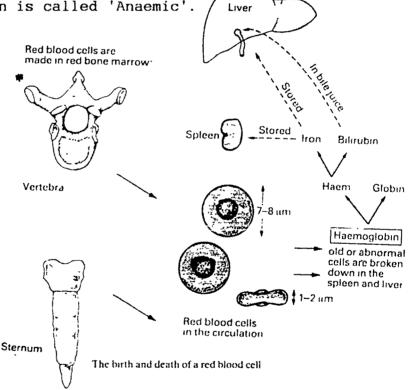
RBC is made in 'Bone-marrow' from ncleated cells called 'Erythroblasts'. But the nucleus is lost as the cells mature & enter the circulation, the loss of nucles gives maximum space for Haemo-Globin. RBC live for 4 months, after that they are destroyed

Blood Circulation ... RBC ... contd...

in the Liver to form a bile pigment 'Bile Rubin', and Iron is removed and stores as 'Ferritin'. The left-over of destroyed RBC in Liver are recycled for re-use.

In Embryo, the 'spleen' produces RBC, while in adults, spleen stores blood & ejects out extra blood to the circulation, when required during 'emergency'.

A healthy male must contain 14-18g/100ml of Haemoglobin, while a healthy female must have 12-16g/100ml of Haemoglobin. Below this level person is called 'Anaemic'.

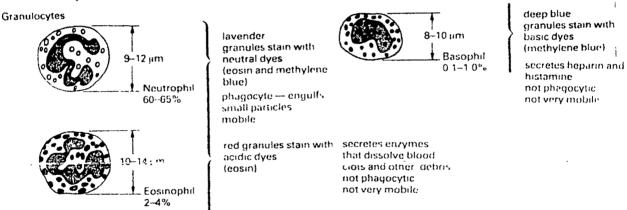


ii) Leucocytes:

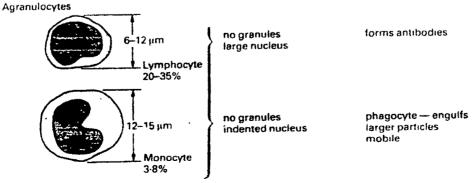
Leucocytes or WBC have nucleus, but the shapes vary. WBC are larger in size, but less in number than of RBC. WBC are of two types: a) Granulocytes & b) Agranulocytes.

Blood Circulation ... WBC ... contd...

- a) <u>Granulocytes</u>: Granulocytes are formed in 'Red Bone Marrow'. WBC are of 3 types: 1) Neutrophils, 2) Eosinophils & 3) Basophils.
 - 1) <u>Neutrophils</u>: Lavender granules of Neutrophils are stained with neutral dyes i.e. acidic 'Eosin' & basic Methylene (blue) Neutrophils are 'phagocytes' & 'mobile'.
 - 2) <u>Eosinophils</u>: Red granules, stained with acidic dyes 'Eosin'. Eosinophils secrete enzymes that dissolve blood clots. They are less-mobile & non-phagocytes.
 - 3) <u>Basophils</u>: Deep blue granules, stained with basic dyes; 'Methy lene blue. Basophils secrete Heparim & Histamine. Non-phagocytes & non-mobiles.



b) Agranulocytes: Agranulocytes are formed in 'Lymphoid' tissues, within Red Bone Marrow, as well as in Lymph Nodes, Tonsils, Thymus & Spleen. Agranulocytes are found in large numbers in the 'Lymphatic System', where they aid agains 'infections'. Agranulocytes are of two types: i) Lymphocytes & ii) Monocytes.



Blood Circulation ... WBC ... contd...

- i) <u>Lymphocytes</u>: No granules, large nucleus. Lymphocytes form 'antibodies'.*
- ii) Monocytes: No granules, indented nucleus, phagocytes** & are mobile.

iii) Thrombocytes:

Thrombocytes are also called as Blood Platelets. Thrombocytes are not complete cells, but fragments of certain Red Bone Marrow Cells. Blodd Platelets form an 'enzyme' to clot the blood. Vitamin 'K' is formed in 'Colon', by Bateria. Excess of antibiotic bacteria kill the Vitamin K forming bacteria. This may endanger 'Haemorrhage'.

Cardio Vascular System

The system through which blood circulates in the body is called Cardio Vascular System or Blood Circulatory System, which contains.

Blood Vessels:

The Blood Vessels are of two types: a) Artery & b) Vein

ARTERY: The blood is pumped away from heart through arteries, which lead into smaller vessels called 'Arterioles'. Arterioles ultimately pass through tissues in 'capillaries'.

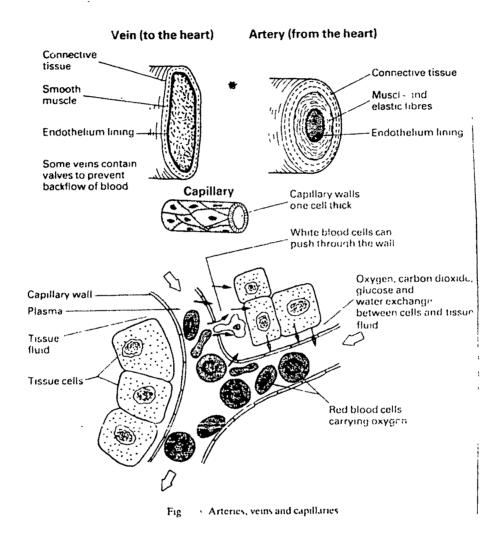
VEIN: Blood is carried back to heart firstly through smaller vessels

^{*}Harmful Bacteria introduced into blood circulation counteract growth are 'antibodies'.

^{**}Capacity to engulf the 'antibodies'

Blood Circulation ... Veins ... contd...

called 'veinules', which lead to 'Veins'. Some veins contain 'valve' to prevent back flow of the blood. Veins generally contain de-oxygenated blood, while 'pulmonary' vein contains oxygenated blood.



<u>Vericose Veins</u>: When blood pushes against the wall of veins, causes 'bulging' of the veins. This damage is called <u>Varicose</u>.

وَكُفَى أَشْرُبُ مِنْ هَبُلِ الْسُورِيِّينَ وَ 26 - 0 - 16) تُكَا لَقُطُفْنَا مِنْهُ الْوُرْتِيْنَ فَصْلَ فَعَا مِعْكُ مَ يَنْ اكْرِد عَنْهُ عَاجِزَيْنَ (29-المالف 14,47)

Blood Circulation ... contd...

Heart:

Heart is a two sided muscular pump with 4 chambers lined by epithelium called 'Endocardium'. Right side chamber receives de-oxygenated blood and left side receives Oxygenated blood. The whole muscular pump is of about .4 kg and size of a 'fist'. Heart is enclosed by loose serous membrane from out side called 'pericardium'. There is shock-absorbing fluid called 'Pericardial Fluid'.

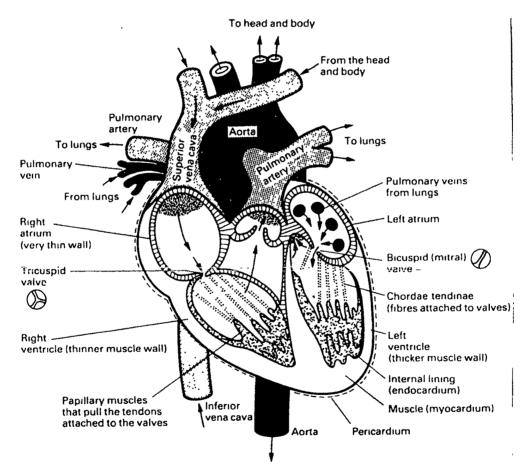


Fig . Interior view of the heart

Heart starts beating from 'Foetal' life i.e. from two months. There are 'Coronary Blood Vessels', which carry oxygen to the heart or

مَا جَعَلَ اللَّهُ لِـرَجُلِ مِنْ مَلْبُيْنِ فِي جَوْفِ مِ عَ ... ٥ (١١- ١٧ مزاب- ٩)

Blood Circulation ... contd...

Heart ...

Cardiac muscles. If oxygen supply to the Cardiac muscles is denied, the muscles cease to beat and a man loses 'conciousness'. Because, Brain cannot function without oxygen. If oxygen supply to the Brain by way of blood circulation stops for 5 seconds, the human remians unconcious, if oxygen starvation continues for 4-5 minute, irreversible brain damage takes place.

The 4 chambers of heart are; two sac like 'Atrium' on the top and two larger & more muscular 'Ventricle', situated below the Atrium.

The thick muscle that makes-up ventricle walls is called Myocardium.

FUNCTIONS OF THE HEART:

There are two events that move blood through heart: i) <u>Systole</u> i.e. contraction & ii) <u>Diastole</u> i.e. Relaxation. Repeated Systole & Diastole of heart muscles is known as 'Cardiac Cycle'.

When 'Atrium' contracts, 'Ventricle' relaxes the same time; blood squeezes into the Ventricle. This short phase is followed by contraction of Ventricles and relaxation of atria. As the Atria relax they drawn in the blood from Veins. As the Ventricles contract, they pump blood into the Arteries and around the body.

Circulation of Blood:

There are two Circulatory systems in the body:

1) <u>Pulmonary System</u>: This system sends blood through the lungs to pick oxygen. Blood returning from tissues is de-oxygenated, so, it has to pass through lungs to pick oxygen. Therefore, de-oxy-

Blood Circulation ... contd...

genated blood first comes to Right Atrium, through two veins;

Superior Vena Cava & Inferior Vena Cava. Then the blood is pumped Right Ventricle and then ultimately, goes to lungs through 'Pulmonary Artery'. The blood receives oxygen from lungs during 'Inhale' and the oxygenated blood returns to the Left Atrium through Pulmonary Vein. Thus, pure blood arrives in the heart.

- 2) Systematic System: This system sends oxygenated blood to the all parts of the body. This system is sub-divided into: i) Coronary Circulation & ii) Hepatic Portal Circulation.
 - Left Ventricle to be delivered to all major organs of the body

 The heart itself is supplied with blood through 'Coronary
 Arteries', which can be seen running over out-side the heart
 muscles. If these Arteries get blocked, muscles get starved

 of oxygen and Heart Attack may take place.
 - food 'nutrients', which are needed to be stored, mainly in Liver. The Blood Vessels that run from Intestine to the Liver constitute 'Hepatic Portal System'. The major blood vessels starts in Villi in the forms of 'capillaries' and end in the Liver as 'capillaries'.

Thus, blood obtained after the food is digested, goes throughout the body via blood vessels, vitalizing all the body systems and so the Reproductive System. Therefore, now, I take the details of Reproduct ion in the next chapter.