APPENDIX 'C'

7

•

POSTTEST OR CRITERION TEST

x

Name		School				
Sex	-	Age				
		CRITERION TEST				
(A)	1.	The instrument used to measure the temperature is				
	2.	called The heat level of a substance is scientifically called				
		<u>و</u>				
	3∘	Minus twelve degrees centigrade is written as°				
	Hundred degrees Fahrenheit is written as					
	5∘	Minus twenty one degrees Fahrenheit is written as				
	6.	L.F.P. means°				
	7.	The symbol ° means				
	8.	°F means				
	9.	C means•				
	N					
	(
		110 105 100 95				
	- 1	A B				
	;					
		, ,				
	10 _°	The thermometer shown in the figure is called				
	11	In the above figure part B shows the				
	11.					
	12.	In the above figure value marked at N is°.				
	13。 Liquid used in the above thermometer is					

*

- (B) Select one correct answer from the four answers given in the following items. Underline the correct answer.
 - 14. The clinical thermometer is used to measure temperature of

,

- (a) substance.
- (b) the human body.
- (c) the day.
- (d) the liquid.
- 15. The U shaped thermometer is known as the
 - (a) maximum thermometer.
 - (b) minimum thermometer.
 - (c) Six's thermometer.
 - (d) clinical thermometer.
- 16. When the temperature rises, the mercury level of the Centigrade thermometer
 - (a) rises.
 - (b) falls.
 - (c) remains steady.
 - (d) rises then falls.
- 17. Which one is a special part of the maximum and minimum thermometers?
 - (a) scale
 - (b) constriction
 - (c) hair spring
 - (d) bulb
- 18. Which one is a special part of the maximum and minimum thermometers?
 - (a) index
 - (b) mercury
 - (c) glass tube
 - (d) vacuum

 19_{\circ} We use mercury in the thermometers because

- (a) mercury can not be seen through the glass,
- (b) mercury is sensitive to even small changes in temperature.

> 341

Words

- (c) mercury wets the glass.
- (d) mercury contracts and expands very slowly.
- 20. It is easy to record the level of mercury because
 - (a) mercury is a shining solid.
 - (b) mercury wets the glass.
 - (c) mercury is a shining liquid.
 - (d) mercury expands too much.
- 21. L.F.P. and U.F.P. are marked when level of mercury is (a) steady

 - (b) changing
 - (c) rising
 - (d) falling

(C) Write the appropriate word in the blank from the words given.

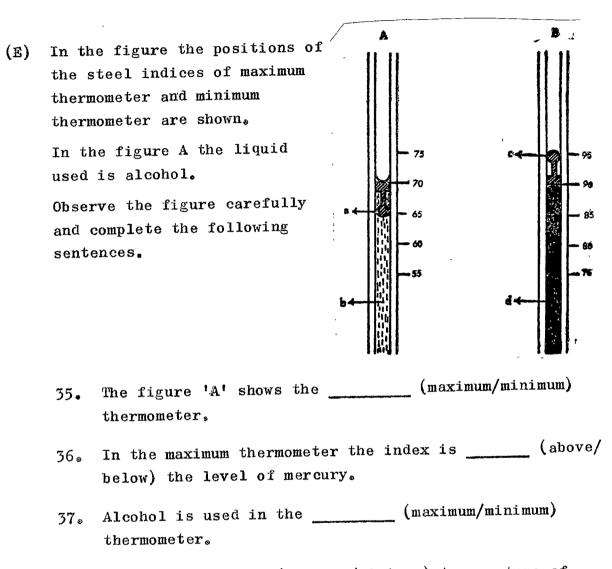
22,	The thermometer will burst at higher temperatures if there is no				
	above the mercury in the thermometer.	magnet			
23 _°	The steel index is prevented from moving because of the	index			
24。	The back flow of mercury in the clinical thermometer is prevented by the	bulb			
25 _°	The index in the maximum thermometer is reset using a small .	hair spring			

,

Words

.

				Words
	26.	The temperature of the day is	recorded	
		by thee		arrow
	27.	To measure the temperature of	-	,
		the of the thermomet	ter is	
		immersed in it.		constriction
	28,	The normal body temperature 98	3°4°F is	mercury
		shown in the clinical thermome	eter by	vacuum
		the•	A B B	thermometer
(D)	In t			
	Figu	Figure A shows the thermometer		
	that			
	Obse	rve the figure carefully and		
	comp	2		
				,
		•	b- d-d	
		,)
	29.	The figure A shows the	Centigrade	/ /Fahrenheit)
	29.	thermometer,	(contrigrade,	
	30 _o	Value marked at 'a' is	(100°C/212°F).	
	31。	Value marked at 'b' is	(0°C/ 32°C)	
	J~@			
	32。	Value marked at 'c' is	(100°C/212°F)	
	33 .	Value marked at 'd' is	(0°C/ 32°F)	,
	34.	The point marked on the upper (U.F.P./L.F.P.)	end is called	



- 38, 90°F indicates the (maximum/minimum) temperature of the day.
- 39. Minimum temperature of the day is _____ (65°F/70°F).
- 40. The index moves when mercury _____ (expands/contracts).

- 5 -